NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXI No. 23231. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent: abroad 30 cents.) TWENTY CENTS

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

1st Issue 5% 1934 Dollar Debentures
2nd Issue 5% 1935 Dollar Debentures
THE REGISTER OF TRANSFERS will be closed for the above Issues from October 17th to October 31st 1939, both days inclusive.

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Shanghai October 10, 1939. 11772

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend for the year ending March 31, 1940, at the rate of Five Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Members on record on Tuesday, October 24, 1939.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from October 18 to October 24, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
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General Managers

Shanghai, October 9, 1939. 11769

All roads lead to Shanghai Tenants' Association General Meeting to-day at 5.30, in the Union Church Hall (corner of Yuen Ming Yuen and Soochow Roads).

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To-day's Events

OCTOBER

11 S'hai. Tenants Association General Meeting, Union Church Hall, 5.30
11 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
11 Y.M.C.A founded (1844)
11 Sun Yat-sen imprisoned in Chinese Legation, London (1896)

Coming Events

OCTOBER

12 Royal Asiatic Society Meeting, 5.30
12 Jewish Music, A.W.C., 9
12 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
12 'Eva' by Franz Lehar, Russian Light Opera, Lyceum, 9
12 Concert, Jewish Music, Am. W. Cl, 9
12 Limbless Fund, R. Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30
13 'Cementers,' American Club 12 noon
13 Wolf Cub swimming gala, Rowing Club pool, 5
14 Cath. Boys' School, H. Lester End't., opening Sports Ground & Pavilion. Boys *v.* Parents' cricket match, 2
14 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
14 'Eva' by F. Lehar, L. Op., Lyc., 9
15 'Eva' by F. Lehar, L. Op., Lyc., 9
16 Engineering Society meeting, 5.45
17 A.W.C., Mrs. Sherriff reviews 'San Kuo,' 4.45
17 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15
18 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15 in aid of B.W.A. War Work Fund
19 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
19 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15
20 Foreign Y Bridge-Mahjongg in aid of Polish War Relief Work, 2-7
20 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15
21 Joint Utilities Sports, Shanghai American School, 1.30
21 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15
23 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, For. Y. 3
24 A.W.C., Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
25 A.W.C. Chamber Musi-Trio, 9
26 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
26 B.W.A. Musical & Dramatic Concert, 5.15
26 Royal Asiatic Society Meeting, 5.30
27 St. Andrew's Soc. ann. gen. meeting
31 A.W.C., Miss Shipper on 'Charm', 4.45

NOVEMBER

2 Piano recital, Hans Baer, A.W.C., 9

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PHOTOGRAPHS

Farewell Reception to Maj. Burke-Murphy
Farewell Receptions to Dr. and Mrs. Wall
Shanghai's Amateur Band
Opening of Season's Races
Soldiers' Memorial Unveiled
B.W.A. War Work Meeting
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" and Sunday PICTORIAL SECTION are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

The "North-China Daily News" will be glad to send its photographer to public and private parties and events without obligation. Requests should be addressed to Photograph Department, "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1.50 each
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
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The China Hong List
1940 EDITION

Important Notice to Outport Firms

FIRMS in the Outports and Interior Cities whose names are listed in the current issue of the China Hong List are asked please to return their corrections for the 1940 edition as early as possible.

Firms whose names do not appear in the current issue are invited to send in their particulars without delay.

Information for the new edition should reach the Publishers not later than October 20.

THE PUBLISHERS
CHINA HONG LIST
P. O. Box 707, Shanghai

TRADE CIRCULARS

The Circulation Department of the *North-China Daily News* offers unique facilities for addressing and mailing trade circulars, etc., to lists of prospective buyers in Shanghai and the Outports.

The full list totals 8,000 names and addresses in Shanghai and 1,000 in the Outports; it covers most of the foreign and Chinese English-reading population and is guaranteed to be accurate and up to date.

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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The "North-China Daily News" is now supplementing its service of daily news broadcasts by the addition of two broadcasts in Chinese. These will be given over Station XMHD at 1.30 p.m., and 9.15 p.m. daily.

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Modernization in Japanese Marriage Customs Noted

Western Style Wedding and Honeymoons Preferred to Traditional Ceremonies

THERE is such a thing in Japan as the wedding season—it is apparently setting in now, writes Setsuo Uenodor in the "Japan Times." The sign of its advent is seen in September at the clothing sections of all department stores in large cities. Beautiful wedding kimonos and sashes of costly materials begin to appear in the display rooms of these establishments to cater to prospective brides for it is high time for the parents with daughters, who are engaged to be married this autumn, to get them ready for the felicitous event.

Another and more definite barometer is the gradual and actual increase in the number of wedding ceremonies. This is best observed in the lists of weddings scheduled to be held at various Shinto shrines, Buddhist temples and high class restaurants. In Tokyo, some Shinto shrines hold ceremonies for 20 to 25 couples daily during the busiest period of the season.

"Honeymoon Express"

And then, there is in Tokyo such a thing as the "honeymoon express," to use a newspaper jargon. Many families are particular in selecting the days, which are traditionally known as lucky days for matrimonial union, for their sons and daughters. At 8 or 9 p.m., that is, after the wedding reception, on such a day, many newly married couples arrive at Tokyo Station to start on honeymoon trips, and newspaper cameramen never fail to get evidence that the term honeymoon express is not altogether a legend.

But these features, interesting and curious as they are, are of modern development. The matrimonial custom is still changing fast and will change faster in the future in keeping with the social conditions of the country.

Consider, for instance, the dowry a bride had to take to her newly adopted home during the Meiji era (1868-1911). When a well-to-do family gave away its daughter in marriage, it spent an immense amount of money for dowry and the ceremony. According to statistics, Japanese families with annual incomes of between Yen 10,000 and 20,000 spent 200 and 250 per cent. respectively, in those days for financing preparations necessary for the wedding ceremony, while the English, the French, the Germans and the Americans did not appropriate more than 20 or 25 per cent. for the same purpose. It was considered in those days that the greater the amount of dowry and the brilliance of wedding ceremonies, the more respectable it was in the eyes of the world. In former days, people guessed the social status of the bride's father according to the length of the procession of articles borne to the home of the bridegroom as dowry.

Until about the end of the nineteenth century, the wedding ceremony and banquet were held at the home of the bridegroom. On the following day, the parents of the bridegroom took the bride to the homes of intimate friends and neighbours to introduce her to them or held a reception at home. The importance of making the bridal ceremony a brilliant affair was so much emphasized that families with many daughters were often driven to financial embarrassment due to repeated drains of funds for financing the marriages. Such was the state of affairs when the time-honoured formality was observed rigidly in conformity to the sense of respectability in its old interpretation.

Public Ceremonies Appeal

The custom of observing the wedding ceremony with religious rites at a public establishment was first introduced by the Daijingu Shrine in Iidamachi, Tokyo, in 1901. The innovation appealed to the spirit of the times, and in less than 10 years, the custom became widespread throughout the country. Most families now-a-days prefer a wedding ceremony at a Shinto shrine, Buddhist temple, Christian church or some such place because the function is more impressive, inexpensive and time saving than when held at home.

Take, for instance, the wedding ceremony at the Daijingu Shrine in Iidamachi. The ceremony there is arranged to suit every purse. There are six classes of wedding ceremonies and the most elaborate which requires about one hour, costs Yen 75, and the simplest Yen 15. After the ceremony, the families of the bride and groom hold a reception at a restaurant, inviting close friends.

Some high-class restaurants maintain a Shinto sanctuary in the special section of their establishment so that the wedding banquet after the ceremony may be held there. This arrangement has been growing popular because it saves time and money for all concerned. As the reception is non-essential, many families, which cannot afford to have it at a restaurant, omit it, simply notifying their friends by mail of the marriage of their daughter and son. In many instances, even this is dispensed with.

In the meantime, the thinking class of people, who realized the folly of appropriating enormous amounts of money for the wedding ceremony, started a movement to reduce the expense. As a matter of fact, the silk wedding kimono and accessories of mediocre quality for a bride cost several hundred yen. What is more a kimono of his kind, be it ever so memorable and pretty, is practically useless after the wedding because it is designed entirely for the ceremony and is inappropriate for a married woman to wear for ordinary purposes.

As the result of the campaign, various interesting customs have come into being. In some districts, the organization of villagers have bought a communal wedding costume for members to use at a small fee, when their daughters marry. In cities, there are many establishments, which furnish wedding costumes at a rental of approximately yen 20.

The custom of taking furniture and kimonos in a long procession to the home of the bridegroom as dowry has gone out of fashion, at least in the cities. The people now-a-days believe that it is more sensible for a bride to take cash with her than furniture when she goes to her newly adopted home.

Western Costumes

There is also a strong tendency for the Western bridal costume to become popular in this country. As a matter of fact, Japanese brides who wear Western wedding dresses have been gradually increasing in number during the past several years.

The tendency is remarkable because of the fact that until several years ago many Japanese parents demurred at a girl wearing the Western style dress and would not have her for their son's bride. Under such circumstances, the saving thing for a girl of marriageable age was to be dressed in the traditional kimono. It is for this reason that most parents even now would have their daughters abandon the habit of wearing foreign style dresses after they are graduated from high school. They think that in this way there are more chances for their daughters to marry in good time.

In spite of this fact, the Western dress section of department stores, ladies' dressmakers, and operators of beauty parlours, all agree that there is a strong tendency for the Western wedding custom to become popular. This tendency, though slow in its growth for the time being, is simply irresistible and inevitable from economic and aesthetic considerations, and whether the Japanese parents like the custom or not, the time is bound to come when many daughters will be marrying in their Western bridal costumes instead of the traditional wedding kimono.

For one thing the Western wedding costume is more economical and may be obtained at not much more than yen 100. Moreover, it may be remodeled to an every day afternoon dress. At any rate, Japanese girls who have become accustomed to wear Western style dresses, which have permitted them greater freedom of action, throughout the period of primary and high school courses and have cultivated their aesthetic taste for them would not abandon them. It is not too much to say that many prospective brides decide to wear the traditiinal cumbrous wedding kimono at their wedding ceremonies not so much because they like it better but because their parents want them to do so.

Bobbed Hair Popular

Majority of girls now-a-days wear bobbed hair, and they can not dress it in the traditional wedding fashion to match their kimono. Under such circumstances, the custom of wearing a wig has come into being. As wigs of this kind cost about yen 100, enterprising businessmen have started a business of renting them at yen 10 a day. There are now in Tokyo and other large cities many such establishments which are doing a lucrative business.

The honeymoon trip is regarded by the thinking class of people in Japan as a matter of necessity for a newly married couple. In a country like Japan, where the matrimonial union is still arranged, more often as not, by the families concerned, the newly married young couple, who are comparatively unknown to each other, should have an opportunity to become better acquainted during the trip. This view is generally subscribed to and despite a comparatively new custom it has become a matter of common sense.

In a Western country, when a young couple register at a hotel, hotel servants who wait on them may gossip whether the guests are a newly married couple on a honeymoon trip or not. In Japan, gossipmongers at a hotel have the same subject to go over, but what makes the talk more interesting for them is that they have to pass their judgment on whether the young couple are married for love or by family arrangement.

Infantile Mortality Below Average

Marriages Increase In Great Britain

The number of live births in England and Wales during the 13 weeks ended July 1 last was 164-401, or 222 more than in the corresponding quarter of 1938, and equal to an annual rate of 16 per 1,000 of the estimated mid-year population of 1938.

The Registrar-General, giving particulars in his quarterly report, states that of these births 84,168 were males and 80,233 females, a proportion of 1,049 males to 1,000 females. The average in the preceding 10 second quarters was 1,050.

The deaths registered totalled 120,433, or 33,725 fewer than in the preceding quarter, but 1,245 more than in the corresponding quarter of 1938. They comprised 61,821 males and 58,612 females, a proportion of 1,055 males to 1,000 females, the total deaths corresponding to an annual rate of 11.7 per 1,000 of the population, or 0.1 above that recorded during the second quarter of 1938.

The mortality of infants under one year of age was equal to 48 per 1,000 registered live births. This rate was eight per 1,000 below the average of the 10 preceding second quarters. The natural increase of population by excess of births over deaths was 43,968, as against natural increases of 38,112, 45,252, and 44,991 in the corresponding quarters of 1936, 1937, and 1938.

The number of persons married in the second quarter of 1939 in England and Wales was 204,688, an increase of 1,118 on the number in the quarter of 1938. The number corresponds to an annual rate of 19.9 per 1,000 of the estimated mid-year population for the year 1938.

In the United Kingdom and Eire 209,343 births and 150,858 deaths were registered in the three months ended June 30, 1939. The increase of population owing to the excess of births over deaths was, therefore, 58,485. The number of persons married was 236,206.

BY SAPAJOU

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Finest Liner in United States

The America Represents New Bid for Travellers On the Sea

On the bank of the James River in Virginia a giant steel shell was poised. Her name was Hull 369, writes Barron C. Watson in the "New York Times." On August 31 at ten minutes before noon, Eastern standard time, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt swung a bottle of champagne against the high, sharp prow and proclaimed "I name thee America!" Then the great fabrication glided down and out on the surface of the salt water and the largest and most costly merchant ship ever built in the New World floated for the first time.

The launching of the America at the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company marked a notable point in U.S. maritime annals. She is the first American flag liner in the luxury-size classification added to the fleet in seven years. Also she is the most important unit, to date, in a building programme scheduled to result in fifty new foreign-trade liners and cargo ships each year for ten years. Her remarkable characteristics and innovations are typical of all her sisters, newly commissioned or planned up to 1947.

By comparison with the world's nine supertonnage liners the America's dimensions are not imposing, but her 723-foot hull is longer than the street-to-tip height of any building in the United States outside of Manhattan Island. She is eighteen feet longer than the Manhattan and the Washington, her United States Lines companion boats. No ship has a tonnage until her superstructure is finished and officially measured. The gross tonnage of the America, to be announced next Spring, will be between 28,000 and 34,000, perhaps about halfway between.

A Graceful Ship

A glance at the model of the America built at the Mariner's Museum at Newport News—a fascinating thing of jewel-like precision and finish—shows that in exterior design she is quite unlike our previous large American passenger ships. The model is on display in New York.

For one thing, both her underbody, upper hull and top structure are more graceful and, at the same time, more efficient-looking She is an illustration of something that a number of observers have commented on: that the efforts of naval architects have been more and more directed toward utilitarian objectives such as speed, reducing water resistances, passenger comfort and providing better crew quarters.

Another thing that strikes the eye of the observer with tourist interests is the tremendous expanses of clear outside sports and strolling spaces left on all the upper decks. She has cargo booms and deck winches right up where they can be used to handle a goodly amount of paying merchandise, but all this gear is compactly bunched up and elevated above broad and long passenger decks. The aft navigation bridge, which runs all the way across, is also an elevated structure.

Problems of Decor

On her nine decks she provide accommodations for 1,219 passengers in three classes and a crew of 619. The interior décor and details are matters for weekly consultations and future alluring news releases. But it is settled that air conditioning is to be used extensively, and that there will be eight elevators for the convenience of the guests. She will cost something over $17,000,000, and the appropriation will allow enough to make her supremely comfortable and doubtless highly pleasing in her saloons, cabins and recreation rooms.

Next Spring the America will go into commission over a route with stops at Hamburg, Havre and Cobh, calling at Southampton westbound and Plymouth eastbound. With the Manhattan and Washington she will maintain the balanced and regular service that is the transatlantic ideal —a weekly sailing from every port, always on the same day of the week

The America was made as a replacement for the Leviathan, the huge former German boat whose second-hand purchase price, a post-war settlement, exceeded the cost of the America. The Leviathan absorbed another $9,000,000 for reconstruction, ran at a loss for a number of years, rusted at Hoboken pier for years and was sold for scrap for $800,000. Her history is one of the reasons that the present ten-year plan is not going into the superliner contest.

Broadcasts Back to Normal in Britain

Tremendous Changes Necessary Due to War

Recent events have brought home to listeners how much they rely on the broadcasting service and what a unifying effect the dissemination of news by wireless has on the life of a nation, writes "The Times." The whole Empire became acquainted simultaneously with the news that Germany had invaded Poland and reacted to the news as one man. Thereafter news bulletins followed with what many felt to be excessive frequency, as the same news was repeated over and over again without any indication by the announcer as to whether any fresh news had been added to the last bulletin. This was wearing to the nerves and trying to the temper and could have been so easily avoided if the B.B.C. had taken the public more completely into its confidence.

At a moment when the nation was listening-in as it had never listened before it seemed a pity also that all normal programmes came to an end, and that such well established features as the Children's Hour were allowed to disappear with the rest. This was quickly realized as a mistake and it was soon restored. The closing of the theatres and cinemas came just at a moment when the B.B.C. could have done so much by providing home entertainment, but whereas the news service was admirably maintained, everything else seemed to be improvised, and a great deal of time was given up to announcements which had a blue-book solemnity about them.

Broadcast Problems

Some listeners with urgent duties to attend to could not find out when these announcements would be made; others, busy all day, had the agonizing experience of trying for the news at 10 p.m. and again at 11 p.m., only to find it had been given at 10.30 p.m. In other words, it was a question of listening all the time if important information was not going to be missed—a condition quite impossible of fulfilment. A short resumé every morning of how far the programmes were departing from the normal would have obviated all this. As a matter of interest, it was galling to find that no such sweeping changes had taken place abroad, and that the wireless stations in France and Germany were broadcasting as usual.

The Director-General of the B.B.C., Mr. F. W. Ogilvie, in a talk to listeners explained that tremendous changes in organization and transmission had taken place a week before and that the dislocation in programmes had been quite inevitable: the home service is now curtailed, but the oversea service has been more than doubled. He promised that everything possible would be done to maintain a full home service. The forthcoming programmes seem to justify this hope.

Exploration of the short-wave stations shows that there is great activity from the German and Italian stations. Skilful propaganda, exploiting and distorting news, is addressed to Africa in English from Germany. The sinking of the Athenia by a U-boat was denied and said to be due to a mine, while much capital was made of the accidental dropping of bombs on Danish territory. Half-truths and innuendoes built up a carefully worked out anti-British picture. More remarkable were the broadcasts from "Warsaw" both in French and English, giving news from the German side and repeating in each case that the broadcast came from Warsaw. Later it was discovered that Breslau was using the Warsaw wavelength in order to deceive listeners. Three-days later full programmes were still coming through from Warsaw itself—music and news—showing that the Poles were still in their capital.

Tourist "Bloc" for Far East

Important Meeting Called In Kyoto

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Formation of an East Asiatic "tourist industry bloc" to adopt measures for attracting tourists from both North and South America will be discussed at the second East Asiatic tourist industry conference opening in Kyoto today for five days under the sponsorship of the Bureau of Tourist Industry of the Railway Ministry.

About 80 delegates will attend the conference, including the head of the Siamese State Railways passenger department, representatives of Thomas Cook & Sons, American Express Company, Canadian Pacific Steamship Company, American President Line, North German Lloyd Steamship Company, railway companies under the jurisdiction of the Provisional Government and Manchoukuo Government, and various steamship firms of Formosa Korea and Saghalien.

Steps will be taken to facilitate passport procedure for the benefit of tourists.—Domei.

New Japanese Consul Appointed

Tokyo, Oct. 9.

Mr. Akira Shimada, director of Police of Saga Prefecture, will soon be officially appointed Consul at Shanghai, with the concurrent post of secretary attached to the Ministry of Home Affairs, in a joint order to be issued by the Foreign Office and the Ministry of Home Affairs, it was learned today. His appointment to the post of consul has already been decided.—Domei.

French Mine Explosion Kills 37

Saint Etienne, Oct. 10.

Thirty-seven were killed and a large number of persons were injured in a Loire coal mine explosion yesterday at a depth of 2,000 feet. The explosion was caused by a short circuit which started a fire in the mine. It was followed by a cave-in in which many workers were buried alive. Thirty bodies were recovered yesterday.—United Press.

Movement to Withdraw Mexico From League

Mexico City, Oct. 10.

Political quarters have reported that a movement, inspired by the Senate, will ask President Lazaro Cardenas to withdraw Mexico from the League of Nations, thus saving the Government a million pesos annually. It is also seen as a protest against the ineffectiveness of the League to protect the rights of small nations.—Reuter.

Dr. W. W. Yen Arrives In Naples

Naples, Oct. 10.

Dr. W. W. Yen, head of the Chinese delegation to the conference of Pacific Relations, arrived here yesterday in the President Harrison. He was greeted by the Chinese Chargé d'Affaires and the local authorities.—Havas.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF OCTOBER 11, 1869.

From Hangchow:—The heavy rains of the past summer appear to have done great damage to the rice crop in the districts of Hangchow and Hoochow, for in these neighbourhoods the greater portion of the land is inundated, and a large number of the fields totally submerged; in others, where the rice plants are visible, they have been so badly beaten down with the rain, as to remain in a very green and unripe state on the surface of the water. The inhabitants are busily engaged pumping the water out of the land, and in every field irrigation pumps are to be seen varying in number from six to 30, which are being vigorously worked by men, women and children. From the hills at Hoochow looking over the plain to the south and southeast, the water is over the land in such large quantities, as to render it difficult matter to distinguish the creeks from the submerged fields. This unfortunate state of things has naturally enhanced the price of rice; and at these two cities the rates for this grain had advanced fully $1 per picul.

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World Baptists Re-Unite

Report of Baptist World Alliance Given by Mr. H. H. Snuggs Over Radio Station X.M.H.D.

FROM July 22 to July 28 of this year there met in the United States of America in the city of Atlanta, Ga., the largest group of religious people since the time when Moses led the children of Israel across the Red Sea into the promised land of Canaan. This was the meeting of the Baptist World Alliance, made up of more than 50,000 delegates from every continent and from practically every important nation around the globe. Various delegations from Europe, Asia and Africa appeared in their own native costumes, lending colour to the meetings. In attendance, the high point of the Alliance was reached when 81,000 passed through the turnstiles of the Atlanta Baseball Park, where the sessions were held, the night that the pageant of Baptist history was given. From ten to twenty thousand people were denied admittance after the police authorities had ordered the gates to be locked, as every available bit of space in the vast ball park had been filled with an enthusiastic and reverent crowd which broke all records for attendance on a religious gathering for more than 3,500 years. Baptists had come from the four corners of the world, from every clime—representatives of every race in the world, speaking many different languages—to meet with their fellow Baptists in the great Baptist World Congress.

Under the able Chairmanship of Dr. Geo. W. Truett, pastor of the 1st Baptist Church of Dallas, Texas, and efficiently assisted by General Secretary J. H. Rushbrooke of London, England, both of whom have broadcast from this station, the hosts of Baptist delegates, meeting three times daily for six days, bore witness to the world of the strength and common purpose of more than twelve million members of Baptist churches, whom these delegates represented.

Before the Baptist hosts gathered together in the hospital city of Atlanta, much preparation had been made for the Congress, under the able and efficient direction of Dr. Louie D. Newton, pastor of Druid Hills Baptist Church, one of the strongest and largest churches in the city of Atlanta. Banners and posters had been sent out throughout the entire state of Georgia, in the name of the Georgia State Automobile Club, the Atlanta Motor Club, and other civic organizations, spreading welcome and cordial greetings to the oncoming hosts. Across every main highway and every bridge entering the State, were huge cloth banners with the words, "Welcome World Baptists to Georgia and Atlanta." The daily press ran columns of publicity, featuring the many delegations expected, the various nationalistic leaders, and the officers and work of Baptists in the many different lands.

Shanghai Interest

The magnificient City Auditorium, with a seating capacity for 10,000 people, had been donated by the city of Atlanta, for the executive sessions of the Alliance. After the first session was held, all meetings were transferred to the baseball park, as the auditorium could not begin to hold one fourth of those who wanted to attend the business sessions. All the tasteful decorations of the auditorium, which included the flags of the nations present, and the lighting effects, together with the loud speaking arrangements, were donated by the city government. All exhibits of the various Boards, institutions and agencies promoting Baptist endeavours to the uttermost parts of the world, were interestingly arranged in one section of the auditorium.

Of special interest to Shanghai was the exhibit of the University of Shanghai arranged for and promoted by the Southern Baptist Foreign Mission Board. Housing and entertainment features of the Congress were in the capable hands of Col. B. L. Bugg, a great Baptist layman of the First Baptist Church, who had as his assistants many business men of Atlanta of every faith and church affiliation. Foreign delegates and missionaries were provided with free entertainment in the delightful and lovely homes of Atlanta and the suburbs, while delegates from the Northern and Southern Baptist territories went to hotels or boarding houses. Texas had the largest single delegation from outside of the state of Georgia, five hundred of them coming on a special train chartered by the Baptists of Georgia. Altogether, the Lone Star State sent more than 2,000 representatives, who were asked if they had come in such force to Atlanta what arrangements had they made for taking care of the cows at home!

China Well Represented

The sessions began on Saturday noon, with a colourful parade through the main streets of Atlanta, headed by the Salvation Army band. Tens of thousands of world Baptists on foot, followed by several thousand motor cars wound through Peachtree and Ponce de Leon and other Atlanta streets, under the banners of their respective nations, singing "Onward Christian Soldiers." It was an inspiring and thrilling sight—a parade of militant, determined and purposeful Baptists showing their colours to a waiting world. The paraders marched into the baseball park of the Atlanta Baseball Blub, loaned to the Congress by the officials of the Club free of charge, and began the opening session with a roll call of the nations present.

China was well represented by several Chinese Baptists and many foreign missionaries, and the response to the roll call was made by Mr. Wu Chi-chung of this city, the secretary of the Kiangsu Baptist Convention, and son of a faithful Baptist minister of Chinkiang. That same evening, the speeches of welcome and the response on the part of the Alliance were made. Governor Rivers of the State of Georgia welcomed the delegates for the State of Georgia; the Mayor of Atlanta, for the City, and the United States Senator Walter F. George for the nation. That same evening, the combined choirs of the negro churches of Atlanta gave their first concert of spirituals, holding the vast audience spellbound by their marvellous display of harmony. With more than one thousand voices being led by a member of their own race, the Negro Choir continued throughout the entire sessions of the Alliance to render enjoyable and inspirational music.

Sunday was a day long to be remembered. Several hundred distinguished visiting Baptist ministers and missionaries filled the many pulpits of all denominations in the city of Atlanta, and in near by cities, and as far away as the borders of the state of Georgia, as guest speakers. Dr. Rushbrooke spoke to a crowded house, at the noon service at the First Baptist Church, while an overflow crowd estimated at more than five thousand were preached to by Dr. M. E. Dodd of Shreveport, La. That afternoon, a congregation said to contain at least 60,000, gathered at the ball park to hear Dr. Geo. W. Truett deliver a masterful address on the Baptist position in religion. The great preacher was at his best, moving the vast audience in hearty and forcefully expressed "Amens." Dr. Truett emphasized in no uncertain words that the Baptist message to a lost world was the all-sufficiency of Christ, that He was the only Saviour, that He could be approached by the individual directly, and that it was the duty and privilege of Baptists to carry these truths to the uttermost parts of the world. It was a great message, forcefully put and universally accepted.

Missionary Rally

On Monday afternoon a great missionary rally occured in the First Baptist Church, presided over by Dr. Robbins of the Northern Baptist Foreign Mission Board. Veterans of the Cross, many with over fifty years of service, were especially recognized. Foreign delegates, with the missionaries in each particular nation, were presented to the large audience. The veteran missionary from Shanghai, Dr. R. T. Bryan, together with his wife and daughter, Miss Catherine, when recognized were greeted with wide acclaim. Dr. Roberta Ma, connected with the Sun Yat-sen University of Canton, South China, spoke for the Chinese delegation, thanking foreign Baptists for sending the gospel to her native land, and urging Baptists to be up and "possess the land" for Christ.

The following day, in a great Layman's Rally, presided over by ex-Governor Pat Neff of Texas, now president of Baylor University, the Baptist University of the State of Texas, reports were heard of the work of the laity of the Baptist churches throughout the world. Of special interest to Chinese Baptists was the address prepared by Mr. Loolin of Canton, South China, and interpreted by Dr. John Fan, a professor on the staff of Columbia University. Mr. Loo emphasized the indigenous work of Chinese Baptists and did it so well that several monetary contributions were handed to him for the support of the work he had so well described.

For months previous to the gathering at Atlanta, various churches in the city had been assigned parts in the great Baptist historical pageant, which was presented on Wednesday night. Beautiful costumes, intensely interesting historical data, and a smooth presentation in pantomime by every member of the cast featured the pageant. It brought home to the delegates the many hardships experienced by early Baptists, their sufferings in the midst of persecution, and their zeal and enthusiasm in carrying their message around the globe.

High Lights

One of the high lights of the entire Congress was the Alliance sermon, preached by the president of the Norwegian Baptist Seminary at Oslo. Lifting the Alliance to a high plane of spirituality, the preacher, in words carefully chosen and unmistakable, declared that what the world needed today was for every Christian to show forth Christ in his daily life. He declared that this would solve the woes and problems of this fearful and suspicious world. All over the vast audience, listeners could be observed agreeing with the great preacher, quietly resolving that they would endeavour from then on to put more emphasis on the living Christ-like life. It was a great hour and one that will not soon be forgotten.

Representative Baptists from all over the world were given an opportunity of reporting to the great Congress the progress of Baptist endeavours in their respective lands. From Burma the delegates brought the cheering news of the formation of a national federation, with an optimistic outlook for the future. From Japan came the plea for more missionary personnel and a closed investigation of the spiritual needs of that land. From England came a report of an organized attack on the liquor interests and the strenuous efforts made by those interests to combat the endeavours of the churches. From Italy we heard of the progress of Baptist churches, and the assurance that in that land there was no religious persecution on the part of the government. From Russia, those who were qualified to speak, impressed upon the vast audience the necessity of prayer for Russian Baptists, who were still under the ban of official suppression. From Czecho-Slovakia, from Lithuania, from Poland and from Roumania, fraternal brethren brought greetings, portraying various Baptist activities in these respective nations.

A strong group of pastors from Germany were present, who in words positive and clear, took the position that Baptist churches could and did flourish in any locality, and that their continuation was not dependent upon the form of government existing in that particular nation. From the Southern Baptist Convention came the thrilling news that the campaign for the unsaved was bearing much fruit, a new high peak in conversions and baptisms having been reached. The emphasis on evangelism was there, the keynote of addresses by President Scarborough of the Southeastern Baptist Seminary of Texas, of the president of the Norwegian Baptist Seminary, of Dr. L. K. Williams, pastor of one of the largest Negro Baptist churches in America located in Chicago, and one of the Vice Presidents of the Alliance.

So strong was this note and so concerned were the listeners over the necessity of reaching out after the lost that delegate after delegate was heard to say that missions, home and foreign, must have the pre-eminence in all of our plans. Many of the Negro delegates declared that the time was now ripe for them as a body to send their own foreign missionaries to every land, and not simply to confine their activities to people of their own colour. A practical demonstration of the revival spirit was a noonday meeting down town in Atlanta on Peachtree street, with Dr. Oscar Johnson of St. Louis, preaching. Several conversions took place in the congregation of many thousands, which held up traffic for over an hour. Dr. John R. Sampey, president of the Baptist Seminary at Louisville, Ky. delivered an address on the New Testament Church and its doctrines, which was particularly well received.

Soon after the opening of the Alliance sessions, it was learned that the veteran General Secretary of the organization, Dr. Rushbrooke, would not consent to stand again for re-election. When the election of officers was made the order of the day, Dr. Rushbroke was unanimously elected as the new president, succeeding the American, Dr. Truett. Dr. Lewis, the Northern Baptist Foreign Mission Board's representative in Paris, France, was chosen as the new General Secretary, with Dr. Loui D. Newton, the General Director of the Atlanta Committee, as one of the associate secretaries, Mr. S. U. Zau, an outstanding member of the North Gate Baptist church of Shanghai, was elected as one of the Vice-Presidents of the World Alliance.

It was good to have been at Atlanta. In numbers present, we felt proud of belonging to the Baptist brotherhood. In achievements humbly and reverently recorded, we took courage for the future and felt ashamed of our past discouragements and faithlessness. In mutual fellowship, in inspirational sermons and in heartfelt prayers, we were sent on our ways to "the uttermost parts of the world" grateful to God for the Congress of Baptists sessions.

British Navy Still Popular Recruiting Unit

The British Navy continues to be the most popular recruiting unit for the youth of the country. Here is the queue seen outside the Royal Naval Recruiting Station in Whitehall.

News and Notes from Home

Life Returns to Normal After First Fortnight of Changed War Conditions; Horses Popular Again

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

London, Sept. 18.

THE Home Front is brightening—very much so. It was a brilliantly fine weekend—not perhaps so warm as recently but very delightful. It might almost have been a peacetime Saturday and Sunday. Cinemas were open everywhere and packed to capacity. There was football—friendly games but well worth watching. Save that there can be no meeting "under lights" greyhound racing is back nearly to normal. In London and within a radius of 20 miles no fewer than a dozen stadiums have resumed their interrupted programmes. "Band Waggon"—the B.B.C.'s biggest success—returned to the radio.

Military bands are to play in the parks. West End Clubs and hotels are reopening; while many shops are doing indifferently owing to the calling up of the Army and to Evacuation, which has taken away their clients, others record good business.

Moreover, to the surprise—and relief—of the motorist, the introduction of the petrol rationing regulations was suspended for a week—until September 23. The reason for this unexpected period of grace is presumably the intention to avoid cases of unnecessary hardship. Many motorists entitled to extra supplies of petrol for essential business purposes have not yet received the additional coupons, and a great number of private drivers are not yet in possession of a ration book. For the next six days, therefore, petrol will be available in the ordinary way, but the Ministry of Transport earnestly asks that cars should be used only in circumstances of necessity.

In short, after two weeks of war the country has settled philosophically into its altered state. The air is no longer heavy with the threat of thunder undischarged. Now that the storm is on, Britain goes quietly about its business. The gasmask sits more lightly than it did, though everybody carries one, the sandbags at the corner are as familiar as the pillar-box, and the last curtain-chink,—so the wardens hope—has been blocked. We are used to the sunset curfew, to thinner newspapers, to a restricted wireless programme, steel-helmeted police, stations and 'buses lit—if that is the word—in pallid blue, and gas-detectors of greenpainted wood on the pavement dege.

The inconveniences of the first week of war proved to be the commonplaces of the second. In the third they may hardly be noticed. The children of London and the evacuated towns are happily at school in the country—and life runs on with only a few inevitable jolts. Indeed, in a letter to local education authorities the Board of Education announces that technical schools and evening institutes in evacuation areas may be reopened for both day and evening work, subject to certain conditions. This course has been adopted in order to prevent the social consequences likely to result from the absence of any form of occupation for young people after their day's work, and in order, as far as possible, to avoid a break in the system of industrial, commercial, and domestic training.

Perhaps the West End is the quietest of all places—in an area of approximately within a mile and a half of Leicester Square—cinemas still must close at 6 p.m. whereas throughout the rest of the country they may remain open till ten. The Central London restriction is imposed because of the transport confusion an air-raid late at night might precipitate. However, the West End managers are undismayed. They have a rich selection of films on hand, and know that not only have they saved the jobs of something like 30,000 people, but now have the opportunity to offer welcome relaxation to London's eager citizens.

Meanwhile, the black-out in country districts must continue for various reasons. There are important targets in the country which would be bombed if they could be located, while a lighted countryside and unlighted towns would create "pools of darkness" giving away the positions of the towns as effectively as if they were lighted. It has been pointed out that street lights can be seen from a much greater distance than window lights, and cannot always be extinguished by the turn of a switch without turning off all the current or gas in the locality. The general glow of a city's lights can, of course, be seen for a considerable distance.

Newspaper Problems

There will be no rationing of advertising space in the national Press for the time being, but in the light of future events, rationing may be introduced at short notice. In the meantime, purely to conserve newsprint supplies, and not because of any shortage of newsprint, N. P. A. members came to a mutual arrangement as to the size of daily papers. The arrangement is likely to be reconsidered week by week. Under the present agreement the popular dailies—"Daily Express," "Daily Mail," "News Chronicle" and "Daily Herald"—are allowed a maximum of 56 pages a week, which permits the publication of four eight-page issues and two 12-page issues per week. The "Daily Sketch" and "Daily Mirror" are allowed twice this "ration" and may publish 112 pages weekly. This would allow publication of four 16-page and two 24-page issues. The "Daily Telegraph" has the same figure as the popular dailies, with an additional daily ration for classified pages. The allowance of "The Times" is 96 pages. Any paper may, of course, remain at any size of issue which is economically suited to itself, and the figures stated are merely maximum sizes beyond which they may not go.

An urgent plea to correspondents to continue sending ordinary news copy is made by Mr. Henry Martin, Editor-in-Chief of the Press Association. Mr. Martin states he estimates that the supply of "common or garden" news—as distinct from war news—has fallen off by 97½ per cent. since the declaration of war. "I have no desire to be flooded with material" Mr. Martin remarks "but I can't understand why correspondents are starving themselves. The newspapers have limited space but they can do with ordinary news material and I am sure the public would welcome it."

Horses Popular Again

Horses are coming back into favour as a result of restricted petrol supplies. Large numbers are already on the roads of South Wales, where traders, unable to secure sufficient motor spirit, have reverted to horses and carts for the delivery of merchandise. A glut of second-hand motor vehicles is the result. It is estimated that in a month's time at least 50,000 horses will be on the streets of London, taking the place of motor vehicles forced off by petrol rationing. Hundreds of cart horses, committed to retirement two years ago when they were banned from the central streets, are to be "called up" for work. They will leave the fields in which they have been grazing and return to harness. Several big firms which cut down their horse labour two years ago have intimated that they intend returning to it. Before the 1937 ban on horses in London there were approximately 40,000 in commission and dealers all over the country are working at full pressure to meet the demand for animals.

The Railway Sandwich has also come into its own, after many years of contumely. To compensate in some way for the withdrawal of restaurant cars, the L.M.S. announce that meals in cardboard boxes are on sale at London, Rugby, Birmingham, Crewe, Preston, Carlisle, Glasgow, Edinburgh, Liverpool, Manchester, Holyhead, Heysham, Leicester and Leeds stations. Each box contains two sandwiches, cheese and biscuits, fruit and a piece of cake or pastry.

Pensions For Air-Raid Victims

Government grants are to be made for civilians injured in air-raids. In cases of death or disablement the same pensions will be paid as for a private soldier. The Government Scheme is at the present time before Parliament and applies to all civilians "who normally are substantially dependent for their livelihood on their earnings, and also to civil defence workers." For example, a man with wife and two children treated in hospital will receive 28s 6d. per week, while a single man treated at home would have 18s. Rates will, of course depend on the degree of disablement with a maximum of 32s 6d a week for a single man, 22s 6d for a single woman, and married men an additional sum. If death results from the injury a widow will receive 15s 6d if under 40 and having no children, otherwise 22s 6d a week and an allowance of 5s for each child up to the age of 15. If there is no widow or child pensions may be paid to parents, orphan brothers and sisters, provided they can prove they were dependent on the deceased person immediately before death. These allowances will be paid by the Unemployment Assistance Board as agents of the Minister of Pensions, though health insurance benefit will not be payable at the same time.

Chinese Enlist for Hongkong Defence

Machine-Gun Company to Be Formed; Censorship Still Very Strict

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Hongkong, Oct. 1.

Apart from some inconvenience to shipping, there is little sign that Hongkong is on a war footing as widely stated in some outport papers. There was a black-out last week, but such tests were made long before the European war broke out. The last test was unsatisfactory, because instead of controlling their lights many people simply turned off the electric current, throwing their premises in to complete darkness. What the Air Raid Precaution authorities want is that the lamps must be shrouded, so that light may still illuminate inside the houses, offices or plants.

For the defence of Hongkong, many young Chinese have joined the Volunteer Defence Corps as machine gunners. One machine gun company is open to Chinese, while it is said that another Chinese company will be formed owing to many applicants desiring to render service. The total strength of this force is about 5,000.

On the other hand, many British residents when called up to join this service are unable to spare the time owing to the nature of their work. This is true especially with the editorial staff of the four local English language papers, who excuse themselves on the plea that they are working under high pressure with a skeleton personnel. All of them including one business executive are exempted.

Chinese Language Allowed

Chinese in this Colony do not have to go to Macao to send telegrams in Chinese language to the interior, as they are now permitted to file their messages in their native language. A new ordinance required that all telegrams must be written in English or French, but now an allowance is made in favour of Chinese residents, whose telegrams to the interior cannot be understood unless they are written in Chinese.

The Hongkong Government is very strict in censoring letters and telegrams. Special attention is paid to clandestine wireless receiving and transmitting sets. A scion of a wealthy Chungking potentate was arrested for setting up a wireless installation in his home contrary to law. Another violator of this ordinance was fined previously for setting up such an outfit in Breezy Terrace.

Radios are the only exception, but owners must have a license. There is no restriction whatever as to whether the owner use long wave or short wave or what stations the listeners tune in. The most popular reception is the news bulletin relayed by the local station from London at 9.15 p.m. and some Shanghai stations giving out news of the European war from neutral sources.

KNOWN to those under him as "Little Tsar," by reason of the power he wields in the affairs of the Soviet, Molotoff, the Russian Premier responsible for the bombshell of the German-Soviet pact, is, next to Stalin, considered the most important man in the country. It is, however, only recently that he has risen to his present heights at the Kremlin, for Molotoff, whose real name is Vlacheslav Scriabin, and who is descended from the Russian music composer of that name, was once disparagingly referred to by Lenin as "the best filing-clerk in the Soviet Union." Despite strict adherence to a frugal vegetarian diet, he is of round build.

Sidelights of the War

It is said that the raising of the school leaving age to 15 is to be postponed indefinitely; it ought already to have started but owing to evacuation, education arrangements are confused. At Cambridge the University hopes to carry on as usual, there are just about half the normal number of students. The Reading Room at the British Museum has opened for the first time since Sept. 3, but it is exceptionally difficult to obtain admission. Hastings Municipal Orchestra have decided to bar Wagner during the present season. The Law Courts have decided to stay in London, at all events for the present; the Autumn Assizes in the provinces will be closed. Twelve professional concert parties, an advance guard, begin entertainments among the Home Troops on September 25. Already it has been noticed that audiences don't much care for jokes about the war, and in future they are to be dropped, from theatical revues; war films also are not likely to be popular. Cycles have gone up 12½ per cent. in price and may go up 25 per cent. The London Drapers' Chamber of Trade thinks that an increase of 5 per cent. on existing stock is adequate; a very large minority favoured no increase in prices until compelled. Penalties are still very severe for offences against blackout regulations; imprisonment is quite common.

There was such a big increase in blackout accidents during the first ten days in London, 36 people were killed and 975 injured compared with 8 killed and 316 injured in the preceding 10 days, that Benches are dropping heavily on offenders—£50 fines for being drunk while driving a car. Forgotten gasmasks are pouring into the Lost Property Office at the rate of 100 a day; already 2,000 have been collected, and about 20 steel helmets. Various firms are disregarding the sanctity of contracts and trying to add increased prices. Prices for fibre for mattress-making have risen from £11.15s a ton to £27 a ton in a fortnight. The Government is bound to take action pretty soon against profiteering of this sort. 2,000 Salvation Army centres are ready throughout the country, to do welfare work among the soldiers and provide mobile kitchens for use in air-raids and those engaged on arduous A.R.P. duties.

Re-Opening of the Zoo

A reassuring note is given to the general atmosphere of London these days, by the lifting of the general ban on places of entertainment, under which the London Zoo has been able to reopen. The Zoo will continue as in normal times from 9 a.m. until sunset, with cheap-day admission on Mondays and Sunday admission for fellows and holders of fellows' tickets. Admission however is only by the main gate in the Outer Circle, and at the restaurants only light snacks are available. Great precautions for the safety of visitors have been taken by having the tunnels converted into air-raid shelters, and these together with converted basements are estimated to be ample to cover the needs of 2,000 visitors. The staff of course have their own shelters.

The Aquarium and Tortoise Houses will remain closed for the time being.

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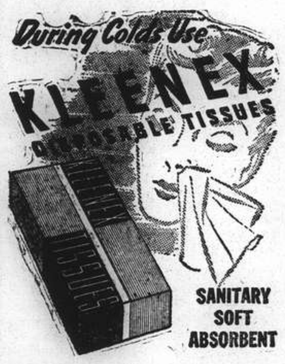

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Rain Strikes Form Again to Win in Handsome Style

Miserable Day for Favourites at Race Meeting; Carnival Loses to Frostylight; Phantom Pays Big Dividend

By The Chaser

PUNTERS had a miserable day yesterday afternoon when the Shanghai Race Club held the second day of their Eighth Extra Race Meeting and first favourites failed badly in every race but one. Sensational three figure dividends were paid in three races. The highest dividend of the day was paid by Phantom who gave his lucky backers the sum of $471.60 for a single win ticket. Rigoletto won the second race to pay $187.80 while Playboy paid $103.80 to his backers.

Maitland again took first riding honours by being the only rider to bring in two winners while the other races won by different jockeys. Maitland's first winning mount was Rain who struck form again and ran a beautiful race to beat Night Express by a length while Busted Straight was third four lengths behind.

Cathay Prince attracted nearly half of the public's money and after running well up all the way, suddenly shot his bolt to finish nowhere, although prominent at the top of the straight. Needless to say, Night Express led all the way and was only passed by Rain opposite the stands. Corps Cavalry spurted towards the end and took fourth place several lengths away.

The Szechuen Stakes, one of the principal races of the day, went to Mr. Cire's speedy dun, Frostylight, who dispelled all doubts of his win on Saturday being a fluke by winning in smashing style over the favourite, Carnival, who could not do better than come within trree lengths. Rye was a poor third five lengths away. Frostylight was away from the barrier like a greyhound and gained three lengths at the start. Carnival and Rye gradually drew up and followed on his heels but the moment Frostylight truned into the straight he answered beautifully to R. B. Moller's riding and flashed past the post an easy winner.

Loch Maree's Race

The day's proceedings started in the morning and the first race went to Loch Maree who beat Spring Tide by half a length to win while Second Thoughts took third place a length and a half away. Applejack did most of the running but tired at the Monument where Tiddly Winks moved up while he slowly but surely trailed off. Loch Maree shot into the lead the the monent the field turned into the straight and held off Spring Tide's challenge to win.

The first upset of the day was caused by Rigoletto well ridden by P. Y. Vong, who beat the favourite Buffalo by a length. Buffalo galloped like a scalded cat from the start and cracked off the first furlong in 14.4. Rigoletto stuck to him all the way round and would not let him get away but the rest were nearly ten lengths away from Rigoletto. Rigoletto spurted past Buffalo at the last furlong to go on and win while Merry Christmas who headed the field, took the remaining place.

Playboy engaged Black Pirate in a thrilling neck and neck duel before he shot his head in front to snatch the verdict. Cottonlight was third, and Paprika fourth.

White Major Wins

White Major scored a minor upset when he beat Goldenlight by a length to win the Hupeh Stakes. Goldenlight got away to a poor start and consequently could not take his usual lead. He came on strong towards the end and made up a lot of lost ground but his efforts fell short by a length. Little Pal, who was third, also got away poorly and it was only through his spurt that he beat Mischief. The Kwangse Stakes went to Sammy, who was carefully nursed by Parkin all through the race to take a big lead and win by two lengths from Allway. A rank outsider in Mountaineer filled the remaining berth, also two lengths away.

Mr. Bubbins and Primroseray thrilled the spectators with another exciting finish in which no one could tell the winner. Mr. Bubbins pipped the latter by a short head to win.

Columbus disappointed badly when he ran a poor race to be beaten by Northwood and Fairylight in the Kiangse Plate. After running well up all the way he did not reply to Jack's riding and was passed by Northwood and Fairylight.

Sole Successful Favourite

Bachelor Prince, the only favourite of the day to win, beat Fleeting Bow by two lengths in the eighth race while Purpleray was the same distance away third.

In the eleventh race, the greatest upset of the day took place when a complete outsider in Phantom came home first by a neck, followed by the favourite Vim, with Slow Motion one and a half lengths behind.

The twelth race went to Anything Goes who just managed to win by a short head from the well fancied Don Enrico while Grumpy filled the remaining berth two lengths away.

1.—THE CHEKIANG CUP. 9 furlongs.
Loch Maree (Yulee) 156 R. H. Robertson 1
Spring Tide (Spray) 154 Gabor Renner 2
Second Thoughts (The Farmers) 154 C. G. Jack 3
Also ran:—Special Delivery (H. Maitland), Applejack (M. H. Feeney), Tiddly Winks (H. M. R. Hodgman), Roslin (P. Y. Vong), Army Patrol (Chen Poo), Spicylight (E. B. Moller).
Won by ½ length; 1½ length.
Time, 2.29⅘.
Win, $16.00. Places, $7.80, $6.20, $12.20.

2.—THE KIANGSU CUP. 7 furlongs.
Rigoletto (Anvil) 150 P. Y. Vong 1
Buffalo (Park) 163 S. Y. Sung 2
Merry Christmas (C. S. Mao) 147 F. Noodt 3
Also ran:—Pivot Boy (H. Maitland), Interim (S. A. Judah), Ardeer (M. H. Feeney), Joyfully (A. C. Ching), Jalousie (Chen Poo), Neckartal (A. Noodt), Florin (F. Marshall), Jospray (Gabor Renner), Saturn (C. G. Jack), Fruitylight (C. B. Moller), Alberto (I. H. Howell).
Won by 1 length; ½ length.
Time, 1.50⅗.
Win, $187.80 Places, $35.60 $9.20, $31.60.

3—THE HUNAN STAKES. 11 furlongs.
Playboy (McLaurin) 155 A. Noodt 1
Black Pirate (Ovio) 160 V. L. Xavier 2
Cottonlight (Cire) 152 C. B. Moller 3
Also ran:—Paprika (P. Y. Vong), Downside (M. H. Feeney), Ideal King (H.M.R. Hodgman), Romford (R. D. Parkin), Grenadier (E. B. Cumine), Sandy (T. C. Woo), Socrates (I. H. Howell), Spotted Sand (C. Y. Wong), Blenheim (Gabor Renner), Man O'Zest (J. Pote-Hunt).
Won by A Head; ¾ length.
Time, 3.02.
Win. $103.80. Places, $27.00, $14.20, $25.40.

4.—The HUPEH STAKES. ¾ mile.
White Major (A. V. White) 152 A. A. White 1
Goldenlight (Cire) 157 C. B. Moller 2
Little Pal (Eden) 152 M. H. Feeney 3
Also ran:—Mischief (G. Pollock), Romford (R. D. Parkin), Sky Raider (Gabor Renner), White Birthday (V. L. Xavier), Night Raider (F. Noodt), Mon O'Pep (F. Marshall), Levenvale (I. H. Howell), Loch Rannoch (Y. N. Chow), Don Victor (A. Noodt), Steve Brodie (C. G. Jack), Loch Aber (G. R. Cheape), Morning Glory (C. Y. Wong), Man O'Zeal (J. Pote-Hunt).
Won by 1 length; 1½ length.
Time, 1.31⅕.
Win, $82.60. Places, $10.40, $6.00, $6.40.

5.—THE KWANGSE STAKES. 1½ mile.
Sammy (Jewell) 145 R. D. Parkin 1
Allway (Messrs. Wise Co) 145 Y. S. Chang 2
Mountaineer (Messrs. Winsome & Hasty), 133 A. Kwong 3
Also ran:—Colorado Kid (R. H. Robertson), Goldenray (Gabor Renner), Off Chance (M. H. Feeney), Prince of Athens (E. J. Bell), Lal Bagh (A. A. White), Port Bradda (F. Noodt), Claverton (C. Y. Wong), Charming Swift (S. Y. Sung).
Sweep: (1) 639, (2) 189, (3) 566.
Unplaced: 721, 688, 219, 250, 100, 1066, 729, 550.
Won by 2 lengths; 2 lengths.
Time, 3.19⅕.
Win, $57.80. Places. $15.40, $13.20, $50.00.

6.—THE KWANGTUNG STAKES. 11 furlongs.
Mr. Bubbins (H.) 155 Gabor Renner 1
Primroseray (Ray) 155 A. Noodt 2
The Cosmopolitan (Warfoong) 155 H. Maitland 3
Also ran:—Vigour (P. Y. Vong), Cricket (C. Y. Wong), Port St. Mary (E. Kermode), Cord (A. C. Ching), Crispylight (C. B. Moller), Macao Beauty (P. L. Jui), Duke of Kent (R. H. Robertson), Cluniebury (A. V. Striker).
Sweep: (1) 450, (2) 594, (3) 715.
Unplaced: 253, 527, 1042, 483, 436, 520, 334, 219.
Won by Short Head; 1½ length.
Time, 3.09⅗.
Win, $14.80. Places, $6.80, $6.60, $9.20.

7.—THE KIANGSE PLATE. 1¼ mile.
Northwood (A. S. Henchman) 156 A. F. Clark 1
Fairylight (Cire) 154 C. B. Moller 2
Columbus (Three Star) 162 C. G. Jack 3
Also ran.—Don Blanco (E. B. Cumine), Red Ike (P. Y. Vong), Starletbey (A. Noodt), Doc (M. M. Sokoloff), Charming Fellow late Happy Fellow (S. Y. Sung).
Sweep: (1) 1042, (2) 630, (3) 613.
Unplaced: 788, 299, 233, 724, 761.
Won by ¾ length; ¾ length.
Time, 2.40.
Win, $14.00. Places, $6.60, $7.60, $5.60.
Forecast Pool Race Flo—Winning Combination ¾. Dividend $145.60.

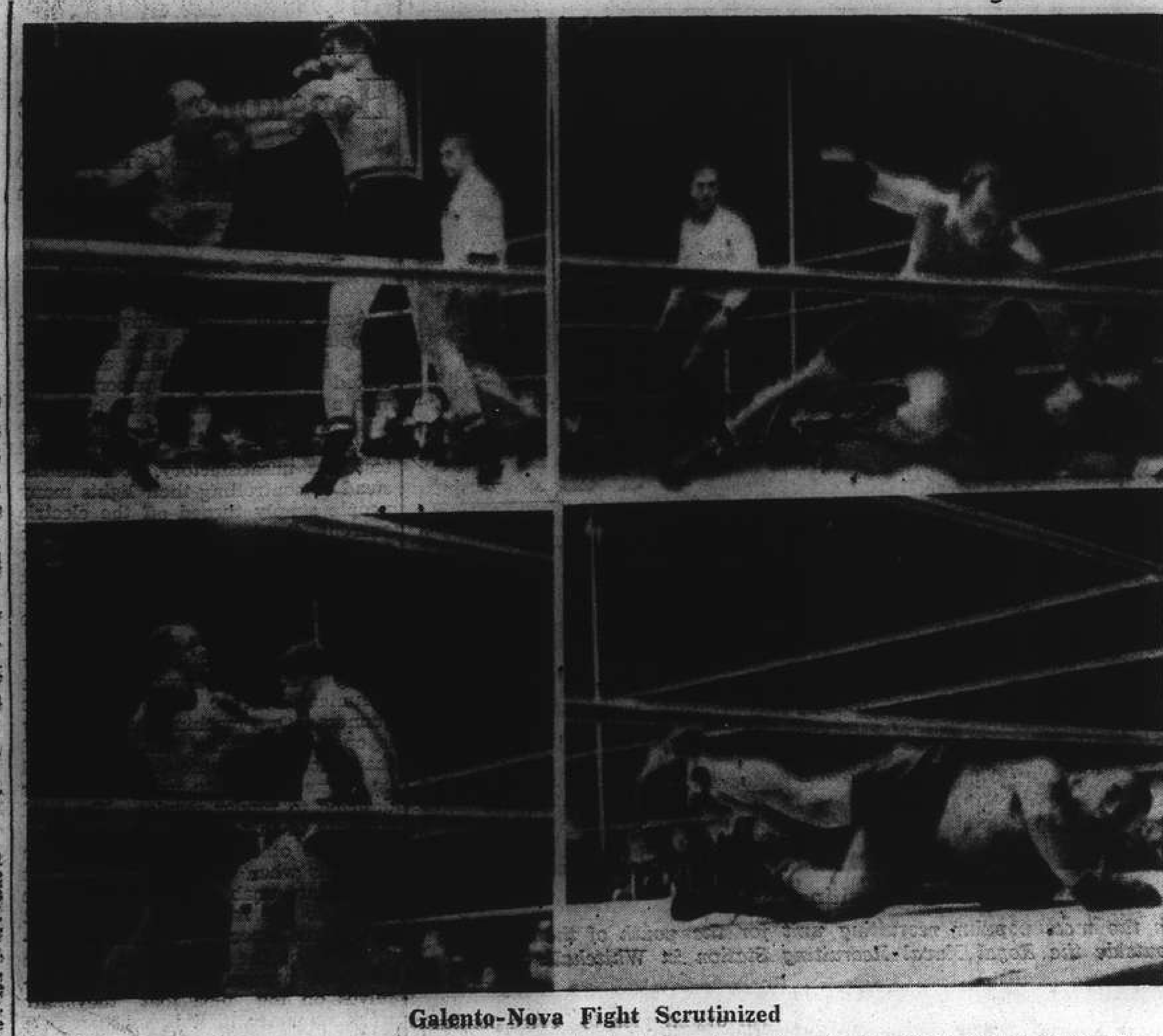
8.—THE ANHWEI PLATE. 1 mile.
Bachelor Prince (Jim) 157 S. A. Judah 1
Fleeting Bow (G. C. Shaw) 162 F. Marshall 2
Purpleray (Ray) 154 A. Noodt 3
Also ran:—Lucky Sonny (T. C. Woo), Happy Challenger (A. Kwong), Neptune (R. D. Parkin), Neville (Y. S. Chang), Sunnylight (C. B. Moller), Bingo (F. Noodt), Prince Charles (E. J. Bell).
Sweep: (1) 537, (2) 755, (3) 576.
Unplaced: 870, 732, 77, 201, 774, 474, 703.
Won by 2 lengths; 2 lengths.
Time, 2.08⅗.
Win, $9.00. Places, $6.00, $6.40, $8.40.

9—THE SZECHUEN STAKES. ¾ mile.
Frostylight (Cire) a160 R. B. Moller 1
Carnival (We Two) 155 H. Maitland 2
Rye (A. S. Henchman) 155 A. F. Clark 3
Also ran:—The Frigate (I. H. Howell), Lucky Stone (Y. S. Chang), Marvellous Rush (P. L. Jui), Going Slow (E. B. Cumine).
Sweep: (1) 1310, (2) 466, (3) 408.
Unplaced: 835, 218, 878, 589.
Won by 3 lengths; 5 lengths.
Time, 1.30⅗.
Win, $12.20. Places, $5.00, $5.00, $5.00.
Forecast Pool Race Flo—Winning Combination 6/4. Dividend $14.60.

10.—THE YUNNAN STAKES. 1 mile.
Rain (G. M. L) 152 H. Maitland 1
Night Express (R. H. McNair) 155 Gabor Renner 2
Busted Straight (Busted) 152 A. C. Ching 3
Also ran:—Corps Cavalry (A. A. White), Don Pedro (C. G. Jack), Fancylight (E. B. Moller), Cherrylight (C. B. Moller), Ancient Ensign (Y. S. Chang), Little Joe (C. Y. Wong), Woodbridge (A. F. Clark), Cathay Prince (S. A. Judah).
Sweep: (1) 412, (2) 386, (3) 397.
Unplaced: 327, 207, 425, 251, 260, 615, 234, 171.
Won by 1 length; 4 lengths.
Time 2.03⅗.
Win, $18.40. Places, $11.80, $13.60, $17.80.

11.—THE SHANTUNG STAKES. 1 mile.
Phantom (C. S. Franklin) 145 C. Y. Wong 1
Vim (Vitality) 160 F. Marshall 2
Slow Motion Messrs. Wise Co.) 155 Y. S. Chang 3
Also ran:—Busted Contract (A. C. Ching), Lucky Tommy (T. C. Woo), Bonus (S. A. Judah), Danbury (A. Kwong), Charming Beauty (Y. N. Chow), Lively Morn (M. H. Feeney), The Swan (I. H. Howell), Ebonylight (C. B. Moller), Bouboule late Brave Raider (S. Y. Sung), The Midget (V. L. Xavier), Beautylight (E. B. Moller), Blue Boy (H. Maitland), Wet Morn (E. B. Cumine).
Sweep: (1) 273, (2) 231, (3) 746.
Unplaced: 782, 177, 145, 321, 543, 274, 676, 144, 466, 751, 576, 700, 662.
Won by A Neck; 1½ length.
Time 2.06.
Win, $471.60. Places, $28.40, $8.20, $16.60.

12.—THE FUKIEN PLATE. 7 furlongs.
Anything Goes (Messrs. G. Pollock & John Sparke) 159 H. Maitland 1
Don Enrico (Whyteleafe) 159 C. G. Jack 2
Grumpy (R. H. McNair) 148 Gabor Renner 3
Also ran:—White Night (A. A. White), Merry Lido (P. Y. Vong), Tar Heel (R. B. Moller), Sheba (S. Y. Sung), Citylight (C. B. Moller), Magenta (I. H. Howell), Merry Admiral (F. Marshall), Sandy Lane (M. H. Feeney), Cherryray (F. Noodt), Hongkong Beauty (Chen Poo), Peach Pie (V. L. Xavier).
Sweep: (1) 1108, (2) 877, (3) 1192.
Unplaced: 1056, 1112, 954, 1147, 783, 864, 686, 1180, 862, 688, 712.
Won by Short Head; 2 lengths.
Time, 1.48⅗.
Win, $36.20. Places, $10.60, $7.60, $14.40.



Galento-Nova Fight Scrutinized

The magic eye strip shows "Two-ton" Tony Galento felling Lou Nova in the fight won recently by the former by a technical knockout in the fourteenth round. Galento is the short porcine one who has been publicized as training on beer and pretzels. By trouncing Nova he has earned the right to fight champion Joe Louis again.

Cambridgeshire to Be Run in Two Sections

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 10.

The Cambridgeshire, which will be raced on October 18 over a distance of one mile, one furlong, will be divided into two parts because there are 81 entrants.—Reuter.

Students Cheer as Records Fall

Fast Times Recorded in Preliminaries of Local Swimming Meet

Keen rivalry and exciting finishes featured the preliminaries of the Shanghai Inter-Scholastic Swimming Competition which was run off yesterday afternoon at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. No less than sixteen events were listed on the programme which took more than two hours.

The times registered were fine. Supporters of the five contending schools, Public and Thomas Hanbury Western District, Cathedral School, St. Francis Xavier's College and American School, yelled themselves hoarse for their respective teams.

In the senior category Chambers of the American School turned in a fine performance in the 100 yards free style when he was clocked at 63 seconds flat, battering the time of 64.4 registered by Ball last year. Joe Hall, the S.F.X. star, took exactly three seconds off Ball's record in the 200 yards free style, finishing the distance in two minutes 28.3 seconds.

Records Topple

The intermediate class saw Butt of the Western District School win the 50 yards free style in 27⅗ secs which was nearly three seconds faster than Sheridan's mark in the previous year. Butt also clipped more than two seconds off his own 1938 record in the 50 yards breast stroke, being timed at 37⅗ seconds. However, the best intermediate performance was put up by Gilchrist in the 50 yards back stroke in which the time was 34⅗ seconds. The last mark for this event was 37⅗ seconds chalked up by Sheridan.

Among the junior boys five feats were good. In the 25 yards breast stroke McGregor beat his own 1938 record by exactly three seconds. He swan the distance in 20⅗ seconds. In the other heat Eabry had the same time.

Yesterday's full results, with the exception of diving, follows:—

25 yds. free style junior:—Heat I:—1, Evans (C.S.); 2, J. Tinling (S.A.S.). Time: 16 secs. Heat II:—1, N. Laing (C.S.); 2, M. Voughan (S.A.S.); 2, Masters (P.T.H.). Time: 16⅗ secs.

50 yds. free style intermediate:—Heat I:—1, Butt (W.D.S.); 2, R. Rosse (S.A.S.); 3, Rudden (P.T.H.). Time: 27⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, Samson (W.D.S.); 2, D. Cohn (S.F.X.). Time: 30⅗ secs.

50 yds. free style senior:—Heat I:—1, Britton (S.A.S); 2, Van Senden (P.T.H.); 3, J. Gilbert (C.S.). Time: 28½ secs. Heat II:—1, E. Gonsalves (S.F.X.); 2, Grebenchikoff (P.T.H.). Time: 27⅘ secs.

25 yds. breast stroke junior:—Heat I:—1, McGregor (P.T.H.); 2, N. Laing (C.S.); 3, J. Hipps (S.A.S.). Time: 20⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, Eabry (P.T.H.); 2, M. Voughan (S.A.S.). Time: 20⅗ secs.

50 yds. breast stroke intermediate:—Heat I:—1, Butt (W.D.S.); 2, M. Campos (S.F.X.); 3, H. Farmer (C.S.). Time: 37⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, J. Jump (P.T.H.); 2, Campbell (W.D.S.). Time: 40⅗ secs.

50 yds. back strike senior:—Heat I:—1, Britton (S.A.S.); 2, Wahamaki (W.D.S.); 3, Matiuk (P.T.H.). Time: 34⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, Belknap (S.A.S.); 2, T. Huxley (C.S.). Time: 35⅗ secs.

25 yds. back stroke juniors:—Heat I:—1, Hall (S.F.X.); 2, J. McGeown (S.F.X.); 3, J. Tinling (S.A.S.). Time: 20⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, Masters (P.T.H.); 2, Laing (C.S.). Time: 21⅗ secs.

50 yds. back stroke intermediate:—Heat 1:—1, Gilchrist (P.T.H.); 2, R. Rossell (S.A.S.); 3, Ingmer (W.D.S.). Time: 34⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, Karmiloff (W.D.S.); 2, Rudden (P.T.H.). Time: 38⅗ secs.

50 yds. breast stroke senior:—Heat I:—1, Grebenchikoff (P.T.H.); 2, Damsgaard (S.A.S.); 3, Dodd (C.S.). Time: 33⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, Hall (S.F.X.); 2, J. Gilbert (C.S.). Time: 34⅗ secs.

50 yds. free style junior:—Heat I:—1, R. Pereira (S.F.X.); 2, Evans (C.S.); 3, J. Tinling (S.A.S.). Time: 36⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, Masters (P.T.H.); 2, N. Laing (C.S.). Time: 37 secs.

100 yds. free style intermediate:—Heat I:—1, Gilchrist (P.T.H.); 2, R. Rosse (S.A.S.); 3, J. Johnstone (C.S.). Time: 64⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, Hyatt (W.D.S.); 2, H. Farmer (C.S.). Time 75⅗ secs.

100 yds. free style senior:—Heat I:—1, Hekking (W.D.S.); 2, Griffiths (P.T.H.); 3, H. Sheridan (S.A.S.). Time: 64 secs. Heat II:—1, Chambers (S.A.S.); 2, I. Grebenchikoff (P.T.H.). Time: 63⅗ secs.

200 yds. free style senior:—Heat I:—1, Hekking (W.D.S.); 2, G. Gregg (S.A.S.); 3, Griffiths (P.T.H.). Time: 2 mins. 31⅗ secs. Heat II:—1, J. Hall (S.F.X.); 2, D. Riggs (S.A.S.). Time 2 mins. 28⅗ secs.

PURE GRAIN "SNOF" Genuine Russian Vodka

All Day Cricket Contest

Sadler Knocks Up Chanceless 72 as Jenkins' Side Defeat Leach's XI; Jones Hits Half-Century

A BRILLIANT exhibition of batting as it should be, effortless and without restraint, by Staff-Sergeant Sadler, the Shaforce all-rounder, who scored a chanceless 72 and then followed this up by capturing five wickets for 62, went a long way to allow J. C. Jenkins' XI to defeat D. W. Leach's side by 86 runs in an interesting all day cricket match at the S.C.C. ground yesterday. Jones, too, batted well to reach his half-century, while Duckitt, Leach and Dunkley all performed well for the losing team.

For the second time in as many weeks, one of the most attractive cricket fixtures of the year—the S.C.C. 1st XI *v.* the Rest of Shanghai—failed to materialize, no less than seven members of the team picked to represent the Rest yesterday being unable to appear, business and duty calls being responsible for keeping them otherwise engaged. The first game, it will be remembered, was rained out on the Mid-Autumn Holiday Festival, but it is learned that efforts will be made to play this match before the season terminates.

A large crowd had put in an appearance at the S.C.C. ground by 10 a.m. yesterday, and it was decided in view of the fact that the big game could not be played, to divide the available representatives as equally as possible and indulge in a friendly encounter, Jenkins and Leach captaining two more than useful teams.

Jenkins won the toss and Stokes and Jones opened the innings at 10.25 a.m. to the bowling of Rainey and Duckitt. Stokes did not stay very long, being well stumped by Dunkley off Duckitt. The score was then 27.

The following partnership which brough Jones and Sadler together was the brightest of the day, no less than 98 runs being added in less than one a minute. Both players—Shaforce representatives batted well, Sadler in particular giving a brilliant display of fine stroke play to score rapidly all around the wicket. Jones, however, was not far behind his partner, and cutting and leg-gliding to good effect reached his fifty in just under an hour. He was finally beaten by Leach after a faultless 52, which included seven fours.

One-hand Catch

Sadler followed shortly afterwards, a splendid one-handed catch taken low down in the gully by Hart sending him back to the pavilion. He has not batted better in Shanghai and always appeared on top of the attack. His principal shots, made all round the wicket, were fourteen hits to the tapes.

Norman and Sinclair did not waste much time in sending the score up by leaps and bounds, the former making a good 30 before being well held by Hart with Sinclair scoring a useful 20.

Jenkins, coming in at the fall of the seventh wicket, had a "go" at the attack, which at this time—now well after lunch—seemed tired and laboured and quickly ran up 28, before he declared the innings closed at 250 for the loss of nine wickets.

Duckitt, Orr and Leach shared the bowling honours, though they had to pay dearly for their victims.

Leach's XI, starting at 2.40 p.m. began in shocking fashion, half the side being out for the measly score of 39, of which Capt. Cole, by dint of good batting, had contributed 25. Wilson and Sadler were responsible for the collapse, none of the bats, with the exception of Cole showing any inclination to play medium paced swervers with any degree of success. Cole, when looking well set, tried to pull one from Sadler, but skied it instead to be taken at squareleg.

Slow But Sure

Dunkley and Leach then retrieved the situation somewhat by some faultless but rather uninspired batting. They scored slowly but surely and added 29 before Dunkley was well held behind the stumps off Wilson. He hit Sadler for one huge six before he made his exit.

Leach and Duckitt then got on top of the attack but scoring was still on the slow side, the skipper obviously playing a waiting game. When at last he did open his shoulders, he was promptly stumped by Sinclair and the end was in sight. Duckitt continued to bat well and lashed out occasionally to push the ball to the tapes, but with Sadler resuming from the pavilion end, the bowler soon trapped Orr, while three balls later Wilson disposed of Rainey to close the innings, Booth being unable to bat through sickness. Duckitt, who was undefeated with 45 to his credit, reached the boundary on six occasions, but his effort came too late to be of any material use.

J. C. Jenkins' XI

L. F. Stokes, st. Dunkley, b. Duckitt	11
Sgt. Jones, b. Leach	52
S/Sgt., Sadler, c. Hart, b. Leach	72
A. G. Norman, c. Hart, b. Orr	30
A. C. Sinclair, b. Duckitt	20
F. E. T. Marshall, b. Orr	2
A. Symons, c. and b. Duckitt	6
T. W. R. Wilson, c. and b. Orr	2
J. C. Jenkins, not out	28
Bandsman Ilsley, c. and b. Duckitt	0
Cpl. Aberdein, not out	11
Extras	16
Total (for nine wkts. decl.)	250

Fall of Wickets:—1-27 (Stokes), 2-125 (Jones), 3-144 (Sadler), 4-184 (Norman), 5-188 (Marshall), 6-200 (Sinclair), 7-207 (Wilson), 8-215 (Symons), 9-215 (Ilsley).

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Rainey	5	0	27	0
Duckitt	13	2	57	4
Orr	14	1	58	3
Leach	11	0	55	2
Booth	6	1	37	0

Rainey bowled one wide.

D. W. Leach's XI

J. W. Pote-Hunt, b. Sadler	1
Capt. J. R. Cole, c. Symons, b. Sadler	25
A. F. Gomes, c. Marshall, b. Wilson	2
P. J. Hart, b. Sadler	3
L. T. Lawrance (Jun.), b. Sadler	0
G. S. Dunkley, c. Sinclair, b. Wilson	24
D. W. Leach, st. Sinclair, b. Symons	40
E. R. Duckitt, not out	45
H. E. Orr, c. and b. Sadler	15
Pte. Rainey, c. Jones, b. Wilson	4
R. Booth, absent ill	—
Extras	5
Total	164

Fall of Wickets:—1-12 (Pote-Hunt), 2-19 (Gomes), 3-26 (Hart), 4-26 (Lawrance), 5-39 (Cole), 6-63 (Dunkley), 7-124 (Leach), 8-152 (Orr), 9-164 (Rainey).

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Sadler	14	2	62	5
Wilson	11.3	4	41	3
Aberdein	6	1	29	0
Marshall, F. E. T.	2	0	13	0
Symons	2	0	14	1

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Recs Run Riot in Beating Club

Kellner, Quincey, Meston Display Fine Form; Young Lawrance Bowls Skilfully

Some fine batting by Kellner, Quincey, Graybrook and Inwood on the Recs ground yesterday allowed the home side to defeat rather easily an S.C.C. XI by the overwhelming margin of an innings and 41 runs. At no time did the batting of the S.C.C. representatives approach that of their opponents and the bowling, apart from that of young Raymond Lawrance, never held any difficulties for the Recs batsmen, who scored at will without the slightest restraint.

The S.C.C. side, batting first against the offerings of no less than seven bowlers, cut a sorry figure. Six of the team recorded only five runs between them and the XI was out in quick time for 83. Six bowlers were successful in their efforts. Meston getting two victims for one run and Quincey, who has not bowled for nineteen years, securing three wickets at under four apiece.

Kellner and Quincey, going for a far from accurate attack, passed their opponents' total before Quincey was sent back by young Lawrance who came into the attack rather late. Kellner was the next to go at 105, the same bowler being successful. Graybrook was Lawrance's third victim at 134, the youth sending down good length off breaks which commanded more respect than anything else offered by the remainder of the fielding team.

Runs Come Fast

After the 100 mark had been passed, Pettit, the Recs' skipper, gave instructions for his team to hit out and runs naturally came at a fast rate and though there were no less than three "ducks" the home side had played themselves into an impregnable position by the time it was decided to declare the innings closed at 206.

The S.C.C. began their second knock very promisingly. Lawrance *pere et fils* putting on 37 before the senior member was caught by Meston. The schoolboy kept his end up well by using a straight bat, but after Pettit had tricked him at 48, a rot set in and the side was finally all out for 82, only Blackwood and L. T. Lawrance reaching double figures.

An S. C. C. XI

FIRST INNINGS

G. J. Winney, c. Kliene, b. Weidman	17
J. Fletcher, l.b.w., b. Meston	0
S. A. Tremlett, b. Meston	10
E. S. Blackwood, b. Graybrook	1
C. H. Mellor, c. Anderson, b. Quincey	11
L. T. Lawrance, l.b.w., b. Kliene	14
A. P. T. Taylor-Gill, b. Quincey	1
R. L. Lawrance, c. Kliene, b. Quincey	1
A. N. Other, not out	1
R. G. Southerton, c. Kliene, b. Inwood	10
O. N. E. Moore, b. Graybrook	1
Extras	16
Total	83

Fall of Wickets:—1-0 (Fletcher), 2-10 (Tremlett), 3-11 Blackwood), 4-28 (Mellor), 5-34 (Winney), 6-35 (Taylor-Gill), 7-41 (Lawrance, R.), 8-53 (Lawrance), L.), 9-74 (Southerton), 10-83 (Other).

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Meston	1	0	1	2
Graybrook	3.3	1	17	2
Davis	2	0	4	0
Weidman	3	0	14	1
Quincey	3	1	11	3
Inwood	3	0	15	1
Kliene	1	0	5	1

An S. R. C. XI

F. F. Kellner, b. R. Lawrance	50
L. P. Quincey, b. R. Lawrance	38
D. J. Graybrook, c. Fletcher, b. Lawrance	22
A. Kliene, run out	13
N. N. Mehta, run out	0
J. Anderson, b. Blackwood	0
A. de S. Inwood, not out	35
H. Meston, c. R. Lawrance, b. Meller	10
E. Weidman, c. Winney, b. Mellor	0
J. Davis, b. Tremlett	10
A. W. Pettit, did not bat	—
Extras	28
Total (for nine wkts. decl.)	206

Fall of Wickets:—1-84 (Quincey), 2-105 (Kellner), 3-134 (Graybrook), 4-134 (Mehta), 5-135 (Anderson), 6-142 (Kliene), 7-180 (Meston), 8-180 (Weidman), 9-206 (Davis).

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Mellor	11	1	36	2
Taylor-Gill	4	0	33	0
Tremlett	3	1	19	1
Lawrance, R. L.	7	0	47	3
Blackwood	2	0	10	1
Fletcher	2	0	19	0
Hart-Baker	2	0	14	0

An S. C. C. XI

SECOND INNINGS

L. T. Lawrance, c. Meston, b. Kliene	31
R. L. Lawrance, c. and b. Pettit	7
N. Hart-Baker, b. Kellner	6
G. J. Winney, c. sub, b. Kellner	0
E. C. Blackwood, b. Pettit	10
S. A. Tremlett, b. Graybrook	7
R. G. Southerton, b. Meston	2
A. P. T. Taylor-Gill, not out	7
C. H. Mellor, b. Meston	0
J. Fletcher, l.b.w., b. Meston	0
A. N. Other, absent	—
Extras	12
Total	82

Fall of Wickets:—1-37 (L. Lawrance), 2-48 (Hart-Baker), 3-48 (R. Lawrance), 4-54 (Winney), 5-72 (Blackwood), 6-74 (Tremlett), 7-82 (Southerton), 8-82 (Mellor), 9-82 (Fletcher).

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Meston	4	1	13	3
Kliene	4	2	18	1
Kellner	5	0	16	2
Pettit	4	0	18	2
Graybrook	1	0	5	1

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Weakened Saints Succumb to Tung Hwa Assaults

Close Football Match Watched by 3,000 Spectators; Won by Odd Goal in Three

FIELDING a team missing the services of two regulars, the St. Francis Xavier XI bowed in defeat to Tung Hwa in a friendly football game played yesterday afternoon at the Canidrome by the odd goal in three before no less than 2,000 spectators.

The Chinese had the majority of play and constantly threatened the Saints' defence. The forwards, however, encountered bad luck for they missed numerous scoring opportunities, especially in the first half in which more than a dozen shots went astray. These shots either missed the target by a narrow margin or travelled straight at the goalkeeper.

Tung Hwa were fortunate not to lose a second goal through a penalty kick in the second half. Freddie Foyn directed a hard drive which was magnificently saved by goalkeeper Koo whose success acted like a tonic to his team-mates as they immediately countered to tie the score at 1-all. Then came the winning shot which was made by L. K. Tai, the veteran centre-forward.

Following were the starting line-ups:—

Tung Hwa:—P. Koo, H. V. Woo, Y. Z. Chuang, S. M. Tsai, H. K. Chen, Z. K. Sze, Y. L. Chia, H. T. Suen, L. K. Tai, K. S. Yang, S. H. Van.

S.F.X.:—Kabbert, Oliveiros, Garwood, Tuttleman, Petterson, Greenberg, Anderson, Foyn, Karolich, MacKellar, K. Schultz.

Saints Break Away

The Chinese settled down quickly after the opening kick-off. Tai led the attack and it took him only a few minutes to test Kabbert during a melee. The Saints broke away to see Karolich shoot over the crossbar, after following up a long pass by the centre-half, Petterson. But most of the time the ball was in the Saints' area. Garwood was a tower of strength as he cleared a number of dangerous situations. He saved a certain goal by spoiling Suen's play at the expense of a corner which was well taken by Chia but ended with Tai heading over.

Karolich would have scored an easy one had he not been pulled up for off-side. The Saints' centre was too eager to run through the opposition.

Towards the middle of the period Tai had the misfortune of slamming a low drive against the upright. Kabbert fell in an attempt to save. The ball bounced back, lying in front of the goal, but none of the Chinese forwards followed up the play. Garwood kicked clear.

Goalie Bombarded

Van fired straight at Kabbert in another raid with only the keeper to beat. Soon afterwards, Chia dribbled his way through and shot. The ball again hit the post and again there was no follow-up on the part of the Chinese. Garwood made another clearance.

Tung Hwa started a concerted attack. Van worked his way in but was tackled by Oliveiros. The ball went to Tai who lifted over from ten yards away.

In a sporadic attack in the 20th minute at the other end of the field Foyn crossed a low one from the wing position. Karolich dived at the sending but he missed it. The ball travelled to the other side for K. Schultz to score. This goal gave the Saints leadership, in spite of the fact that Tung Hwa made incessent raids for the rest of the period.

Low Drive

Upon the resumption the game was still Tung Hwa's. In the 15th minute H. K. Chen was pulled up for fouling Karolich near the goal. Foyn's spot kick was punched clear by Koo and the ball was immediately taken to the other end. S. M. Tsai booted a long one at a distance of 20 yards, beating Kabbert with a low drive into the right hand corner of the net.

With the score deadlocked, both sides became desperate. The Chinese were cleverer and had a distinct edge. In the 30th minute Tai made a fine pivot shot from close range and placed the leather into the lower left corner of the net for the winning goal.

Novel Sports Event In Shanghai

International Lawn Bowls Contest Won by America Over Portugal

A somewhat novel sports event was held in Shanghai yesterday morning when an international lawn bowls match, one rink, was contested between America and Portugal. There are only about four American lawn bowls players in Shanghai but these four got together and managed to defeat four Portuguese exponents on the Police green.

Events of this sort may be held more frequently in future. The American quartette already have been challenged by Scotland and also by the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club. These challenges are to be accepted, according to a statement made last night by the American skip, and matches will be arranged shortly.

The Americans who won yesterday were K. L. Swartzell (skip), R. M. Jordan, M. Beeman and J. Sepe while Portugal was represented by H. Ozorio (skip), F. Machado, A. M. Souza and F. M. F. Gutierrez.

Yesterday's score by ends was as as follows:

America	End	Portugal
1	1	0
1	2	1
2	3	1
7	4	1
9	5	1
13	6	1
14	7	1
14	8	2
15	9	2
15	10	3
19	11	10
17	12	10
19	13	10
19	14	11
19	15	13
20	16	
21	17	13
21	18	16
23	19	16
23	20	17
23	21	19

Oarsman Opening New Squash Courts

Best Shanghai Players to Take Part Today

To mark the opening of their two new squash courts, the Shanghai Rowing Club will hold a function at the Boathouse this evening, when the two old courts, together with the two new courts will be used for a series of exhibition squash matches wherein the leading players in Shanghai will vie with members of the Rowing Club team. These matches will begin at 6 p.m. and will provide interest for spectators, as there are seven games arranged over a period from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. At 8 p.m. a dinner will be held in the Club at which the players and their friends will be present.

The Rowing Club built their first two squash courts in 1937 and entered a team in the second division of the league. They were particularly successful in that season and won the second division title. In 1938 they were promoted to the first division and while not considered the best team in the league they gave the eventual winners a good fight for the title that year. Early in January this year, through the enthusiasm of the squash players in the club, funds were raised for the building of two new squash courts, and these were completed during the summer, the Rowing Club now providing its members with four courts for squash rackets. A fine gallery overlooking the four courts has been built and this venue will now be regarded as the most suitable for the holding of important matches—thanks to the facilities provided.

The following is the programme of the matches to be played this evening:

6 p.m.—M. Benavitch *v.* T. O. Schmid; L. D. Carson *v.* W. Neugebauer; D. Green *v.* H. G. Fabian; W. R. McCutchoen *v.* W. M. Portrude.

6.45 p.m.—L. H. Wade *v.* G. W. Morris; H. M. Snow *v.* R. S. L. Frewin; H. K. Cassels *v.* A. C. Sinclair.

Oarsmen Ready

A glance at the names given in the above list reveals that the best players in Shanghai have consented to play in this exhibition series and some good matches are expected. The Rowng Club players while considered slightly weaker than their opponents will have the advantage of playing on home courts, and the added advantage of having practiced for several weeks, whereas the majority of the visitors will not as yet have had much practice at squash as the season is only just commencing.

Members of the Club may bring visitors to watch these exhibition matches, and ladies may also be invited to see the games, but only male visitors will be permitted to remain to take part in the dinner which follows the exhibition series. These exhibition matches will mark the official opening of the Rowing Club squash season and members will thereafter be given the opportunity of playing in the pyramid squash racket tournaments—the Senior—Junior—and Griffin standards to be defined. Tiffin time squash matches are particularly popular at this downtown venue, and numerous members take the opportunity to play during the tiffin hour.

German Official Executed In Berlin

Berlin, Oct. 10.

Herr Herman Krueger, "former German official" was executed for high treason, it was officially announced yesterday.—United Press.

Joe Louis to Fight Chilean Champion

New York, Oct. 10.

Joe Louis, world heavyweight champion, will defend his title against Arturo Godoy, Chilean titleholder, on February 9 at New York, Mike Jacobs, outstanding boxing promoter, announced today.—United Press.

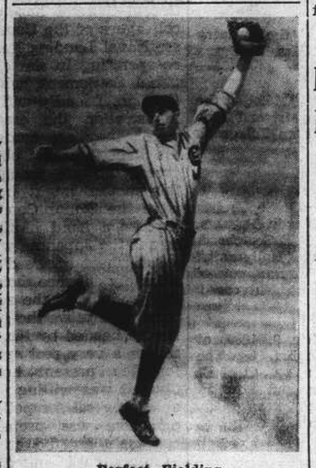
Henry Armstrong Scores Technical Knockout

Manfredo Knocked Helpless In Four Rounds

Des Moines, Oct. 9.

It only took Henry Armstrong four rounds to prove that he is still the world welterweight champion, for in this short period he scored a technical knockout over Al Manfredo here tonight.

Tough, little Armstrong waded into his bigger and heavier rival from the opening gong and pounded him so mercilessly that the referee was forced to halt the slaughter 1 minute and 35 seconds after the start of the fourth round.



Perfect Fielding

Apart from being one of the most feared hitters in the major leagues, Joe diMaggio fielded perfectly eleven times in the Yankee outfield through the World Series just completed.

A crowd of only 6,500 paid US$8,200 to watch Manfredo stumble, reel and crash to the canvas under a terrible attack.

Armstrong showed old-time form as he pummelled his bigger foe virtually helpless in the first two rounds. Manfredo attempted to make a game stand, but he was forced to give way under the furious onslaught.

The negro world champion weighed 141 pounds and Manfredo 146½ pounds.

Although the bout was billed for the welterweight championship of the world, the National Boxing Association, which controls boxing in the majority of the states, announced yesterday that it would not recognize the bout as such because Manfredo is not included in the list of the first three leading contenders issued by the group.

Armstrong will now defend his title against Lou Ambers, his bitter foe, on December 1.—United Press.

Call-Overs at Victoria Club Suspended

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 10.

The Victoria Club has decided to suspend call-overs until further notice.

Pharis II, winner of the French Derby and Grand Prix, who was brought to England from France by his owner, M. Boussac, to race Blue Peter in the St. Leger, will remain with Steve Donoghue, with the intention of having him race in England in 1940. The St. Leger was cancelled because of the outbreak of war.—Reuter.

U.S. Selling Short-term Bills for Cash

National Debt Approaches $41,000,000,000 Mark

Washington, Oct. 10.

The United States Treasury will sell US$15,000,000 worth of short term bills for cash for maintaining the Government's working cash balance at a "comfortable level," the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, announced yesterday. This sum will represent the first new money borrowed since December.

It was understood that similar issues of new money will be offered in succeeding weeks with a virtual certainty that these will be issued to push the national debt above the US$41,000,000,000 mark within a month.

The Treasury yesterday also offered US$100,000,000 worth of bills for repaying a similar amount which is coming due.—United Press.

Chinese Girl Joins Tokyo Radio Staff

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Miss Shih Yung-fen, 19-year old native of Peiping, better known as Miss Pai Kuang to the public, has joined the Japan Broadcasting Corporation as an announcer at Station JOAK here.

While taking a special course at the Tokyo Academy of Music at present, Miss Pai is also a recording artist with the Columbia Grapmophone Co. of Japan.

She was first given prominence by being given a starring role in the Japanese motion picture "The Way To Peace In East Asia."—Domei.

Paderewski to Co-operate With New Government

Paris, Oct. 10.

The Polish Premier, General Wladislaw Sikorski, on behalf of his Government, has written to M. Ignace Paderewski, the famous pianist and first Premier and Foreign Minister of Poland, appealing for his co-operation in the Government's work. M. Paderewski, who is living in retirement in Switzerland, has replied offering to co-operate "in an ardent desire to serve our glorious unfortunate country."—Reuter.

Norway to Handle Soviet Affairs

Russian Consular Staff Left Shanghai Fortnight Ago; Reasons Unknown

The Consulate-General for Norway has taken over consular duties for Soviet citizens in Shanghai since a few days, according to information obtained from a high Norwegian Consular official last night, and all Soviet citizens have been advised that henceforth they will have to apply to the Norwegian Consulate-General concerning all passport, visa and other questions.

Asked for the reason for this measure, the Norwegian official told the "North-China Daily News" that he did not know anything beyond having received instructions from his Government to the effect that he should look after Soviet interests in Shanghai until further order.

It was furthermore learned that no responsible Soviet Consular official is at present in Shanghai as the entire staff left about a fortnight ago on their way to Russia.

Foreigners wishing to travel through Russia will therefore have to apply to the Consulate-General for Norway in future for visas and other formalities.

H.M. Consular Employees Leave German Prison

Arrangements Being Completed For Exchange of Officers

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 10.

Orders have been given by the German authorities to the effect that the British consular employees detained in Hamburg be released from prison and transferred to their hotel, it was learned here today through information obtained from the United States Embassy in London.

The persons in question are Mr. L. G. Bayliss, the British Vice-Consul at Hamburg, Miss Mary Joss, an employee of the Vice-Consul, and Mr. Croxen, a member of the staff of the British Consulate at Munich. These three officials are being detained in Germany pending the completion of arrangements for a reciprocal exchange of consular officers.—Reuter.

South African Defence Forces Expanded

Additional Special Battalions Being Organized

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 10.

The defence force of the Union of South Africa has undergone far-reaching organisation and expansion in recent weeks, and all weak spots in the country's armour are being strengthened, according to a statement issued by the Ministry of Information.

The defence authorities of the Union announce the expansion of the special service battalion into two special service brigades of about 3,000 men each, and the creation of additional battalions and an active citizen force to meet the wishes of many citizens.—Reuter.

Polish Diplomats Leave Moscow, One Missing

Moscow, Oct. 9.

Polish diplomatic representatives and consular officials in Soviet Russia departed by rail this evening and were bade farewell at the station by several members of the Diplomatic Corps, including the French, British and Japanese envoys. Members of the Leningrad, Moscow, Kiev, and Minsk consular staffs were among those departing. Only M. Matuszinski, Consul at Kiev who disappeared ten days ago, was missing.—Havas.

War Correspondents Leave for France

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 10.

The first group of War Correspondents left England yesterday to join the Royal Air Force in France.—Reuter.

30 Americans Lost In Athenia Tragedy

London, Oct. 10.

Ninety-three passengers of the British liner Athenia, which was torpedoed on September 4 while on her way from Liverpool to Montreal, are officially reported to be missing, according to a list issued here yesterday.

The list comprises 50 British subjects, 30 American citizens, seven Poles, four Germans and two passengers without nationality. Previously, 19 of the crew had been reported missing. The total casualties, therefore number 112.—Reuter.

Britain Asked to State War and Peace Aims

Indian Congress Committee Condemns Nazi Aggression

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Wardha, Oct. 10.

A resolution condemning Nazi aggression and inviting the British Government to define its war and peace aims was adopted today by the All-India Congress Committee by 188 votes to 58.

Socialist and other Leftist amendments attempting to pin down the Congress to past declarations condeming Indian participation in any "imperialistic" war were rejected by an overwhelming majority.—Reuter.

The committee also stated that "peace and freedom can only be established and preserved by he extension of Democracy to all colonial countries, and by the application of the principles of self-determination." Particularly India, it was said, should be declared an independent nation, and every effort should be made to apply this status to the largest possible extent.—Reuter.

Japanese Goodwill Airmen in Rome

Rome, Oct. 9.

"We are very disappointed at being unable to carry our message of goodwill to Paris ourselves," Itakeo Shara, envoy of the Japanese nation in the world-girdling newspaper plane, Nippon, declared in an interview with Havas here this evening. The Nippon, originally to visit Paris, London and Berlin, will now avoid these three capitals during the war. M. Shara, in his interview, said he wished nevertheless to send the greetings of the Japanese people to the French nation. The Nippon is to leave on Thursday, October 12, for Athens.—Havas.

British Method of Search Of Neutral Shipping

London, Oct. 10.

Mr. R. H. Cross, Minister for Economic Warfare, stated today that the Government had done its utmost to conform to all principles of international law regarding the detention and search of neutral shipping. Everything possible, he added, had been done to avoid delay and inconvenience to neutrals, consistent with the due exercise of belligerent rights.—Reuter.

Kulangsu Question Believed Settled

Final Discussion of Draft Of Agreement by Foreign And Japanese Delegates

Amoy, Oct. 10.

A complete understanding was reached in the Kulangsu International Settlement controversy at a fourth meeting of Japanese and Municipal Council representatives yesterday afternoon, according to an announcement by Mr. Goro Uchida, Japanese Consul-General.

In a three-hour session which started at 4 p.m., the conferees completed discussion of the draft of a detailed agreement, Mr. Uchida's statement said.

As a result of the meeting a complete settlement of the problem was believed to be in sight. The parley was held at the Japanese Consulate-General in Kulangsu.

The Japanese authorities will submit a draft of the agreement to Toyko for approval and the International Settlement representatives will seek the approval of the Kulangsu Municipal Council. The agreement is expected to be confirmed next week.

In the controversy of many months' standing the Japanese authorities have been seeking a reorganization of the administrative functions of the Kulangsu Municipal Council with a view to obtaining greater Japanese participation.—Domei.

Poisoning Rumoured In General's Death

Hongkong, Oct. 10.

Gen. Tan Sui, commander of the Chinese Twelfth Group Army, died suddenly on October 8, as announced at his headquarters at Yungyun, in north central Kwangtung Province, it was learned today. The Twelfth Group Army is under the supreme command of Gen. Yu Han-mou.

It was recalled that Gen. Huang Yen-chen, vice-commander of the Twelfth Group Army and former vice-commander of the Third Army under Gen. Chen Chi-tang, also died mysteriously at Yungyun recently.

It was widely rumoured in local Cantonese circles that Gen. Tan Sui was poisoned.

Czech Kills Self and Germans with Mine

Paris, Oct. 10.

A Czech aviator killed himself and 67 Germans yesterday by exploding a mine at an aerodrome near Prague, the "Paris Soir" reported from Zurich. The aviator exploded the mine when German secret police attempted to question him, the newspaper reported.—United Press.

Polish Foreign Minister Due in London

London, Oct. 9.

To hold personal consultations with Mr. Neville Chamberlain and Lord Halifax, the new Polish Foreign Minister, M. Zaleski, is to arrive in London Wednesday from Paris for a two-day visit. That evening he will be guest of honour at a banquet given by Count Edouard Raczynski, Polish Ambassador here. Lord Halifax and other members of the Government and Parliament will be present.—Havas.

Stampede to Buy Up 9,000 Newspapers

Entire Edition Fails To Reach Readers

A large number of subscribers of the "Chinese American Daily News" Chinese-language newspaper, did not receive their copies on Monday morning, because when 9,000 copies were being brought to the street, they were immediately bought up by a number of men, believed to have been connected with Mr. Wang Ching-wei's movement.

When the newsboys arrived from the printing plant of the daily, situated at 60 Avenue Edward VII, they were accosted by an undetermined number of men who paid cash and bought up the entire edition of the paper, subsequently travelling away in waiting motorcars in which the newspapers had been piled up.

According to Chinese sources, the same thing happened again yesterday but up to a late hour last night, this could not be confirmed.

As will be recalled, the "Chinese American Daily News" which is registered as an American concern, was visited by about fifteen gunmen on the evening of July 22, when Mr. "Tug" Wilson and a number of Chinese pedestrians were killed and many injured in the most important gun-battle to have taken place in the Central District. The attack was made after a number of threatening letters had been addressed both to the management and members of the staff, warning them that they would be killed if their anti-Wang Ching-wei policy would continue.

Since then the building, in which a number of other newspapers have their offices and printing plants, has been closely guarded by Settlement and French Concession police.

The "Chinese American Daily News" had to suspend publication three weeks ago at the request of the police and was only permitted to resume two or three days ago.

Tutuila Repairs to Require One Month

Hongkong, Oct 10.

Repairs to the U.S.S. Tutuila, the only American warship on the upper reaches of the Yangtze River, which sustained a four-foot hole in her starboard bow, when rammed by a ferryboat on October 4, will require one month, a Chinese report from Chungking said today.

The Chungking Ferryboat Co. has assumed the responsibility for the accident, and will pay for the repairs, the message added.—Domei.

Sisterships of Nippon To Fly Formosa Route

Includes Shanghai-Nanking Daily Service

Tokyo, Oct. 9.

Sisterships of the Nippon, globe-girdling Japanese goodwill plane, went into service on the Fukuoka-Taihoku route of the Japan Airways' Co. today as a new schedule of the firm's overseas routes went into effect.

Known as the Mitsubishi Type-1 transport, the new machine is an improved model of the Soyokaze, Japanese goodwill plane that flew to Iran this spring on the occasion of the wedding of the Crown Prince of Persia. It is of the same design as the Nippon which arrived in Rome yesterday after a flight across two oceans and over two continents.

The Japan Airways Company has placed orders for five Mitsubishi Type-1 transports and five transports of a new design with the Mitsubishi Heavy Industry Company.

American Machines Also

Twenty-four passenger DC-3 Douglas aeroplanes will be used on the Fukuoka-Shanghai-Nanking route, while Lockheed transports will be operated on the Fukuoka-Tsingtao-Peiping run. Nakajima AT transports will serve the Fukuoka-Hsinking route.

On the Fukuoka-Shanghai-Nanking run, the aeroplanes will maintain the following schedules: Leave Fukuoka 11.20 a.m.; arrive Shanghai 2.58 p.m.; leave Shanghai 3.10 p.m.; arrive Nanking 4.15 p.m.; leave Nanking 4.24 p.m.; arrive Shanghai 5.30 p.m.; leave Shanghai 7.40 a.m.; arrive Fukuoka 10.58 a.m.—Domei.

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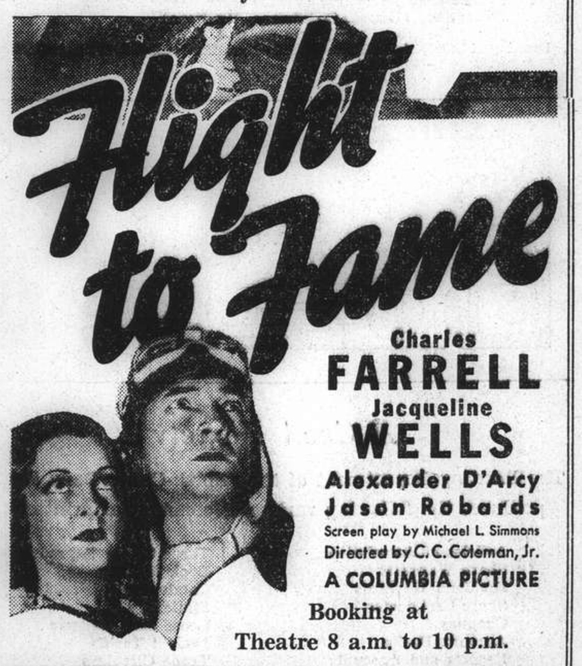

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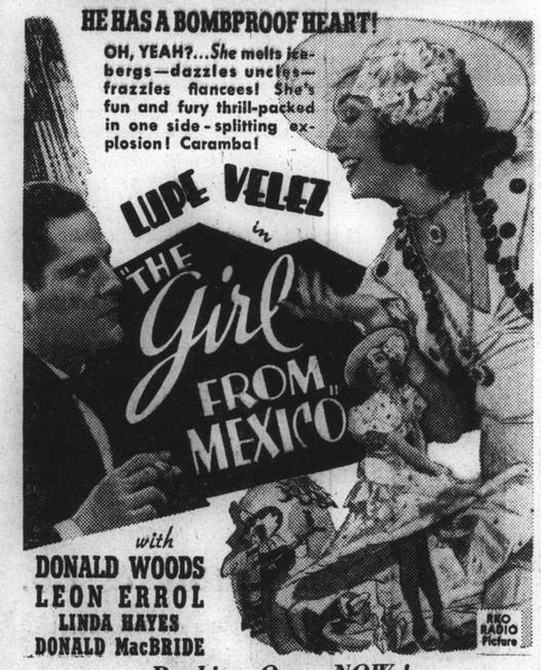

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Announcements in this column $5 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

BIRTHS

GREEN.—On October 10, 1939, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. M. GREEN (née von Bueren), a son. -5472

HELM PETERSEN.—On October 10, 1939, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. K. HELM PETERSEN, Great Northern Telegraph Co., a son. -5482

MARRIAGE

BRAITHWAITE—SCATCHARD.—On September 22, 1939, at Bromley, Kent, NANCY PHYLLIS, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Scatchard, formerly of Shanghai, now at "Hollycroft," Scalby, Scarborough, to JACK VERNON, son of Dr. and Mrs. John Braithwaite of "Nutgrove," Scalby, Scarborough. 11782

BAHER—ANDREWS.—On October 9, 1939, at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, by The Very Rev. Major J. N. L. Bryan, B.A., C. of E., JOYCE UNITY, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Andrews, Shanghai, to ERNEST, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Baher, of South End on Sea, Essex, England. -5473

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. JOHN W. QUIMBY AND CHILDREN wish to express their sincere appreciation to all friends for their beautiful floral tributes, letters of condolence and words of sympathy during their recent sad bereavement. -5467

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

THE OUTSIDE ROADS

With the present impasse between the Municipality of Greater Shanghai, and the Municipal Council of the International Settlement over the question of the outside roads, conditions in the western Area are far from good, and it is now suggested that the time has come when a further effort should be made for the purpose of arriving at some solution of this very vexed question which has remained unsettled all too long. The present position appears to be this;—Mayor Fu Siao-en has stated in an interview which he gave to the Press that it is essential to any settlement of the outside roads question that it be recognized that they are situated in Chinese territory, and subject to Chinese sovereignty. In this connection it may be mentioned that there never has been on the part of the Municipal Council any denial of the Mayor's contention, though the Secretary and Commissioner General has stated in an interview to the press that the Council has no intention of voluntarily surrendering its rights on the outside roads. Thus issue is joined, and, while it is all very interesting from the point of view of theoretical disputation, the fact remains that it is of very little value to the residents in the areas involved, that the present situation in those districts is not only undignified and ridiculous, but that the only advantage accruing to anyone is distinctly in favour of the criminal elements which have been reaping a rich harvest out of a completely anomalous situation. That a settlement is urgently needed, if only for the purpose of repressing criminality, is, it is urged, obvious. The Municipality of Greater Shanghai, just as much as the Shanghai Municipal Council, owe it to themselves and their constituents that an early termination shall be put to this unfortunate state of affairs, and nothing has been revealed up to the present to support the idea that, given good faith and a real desire to arrive at an adjustment on both sides, it could not be done. It is not desired at this juncture to discuss where the responsibility lies for the present impasse, but it is urged, with the completest possible confidence, that the past history of this controversy has clearly demonstrated that the problem presented is not incapable of a solution satisfactory to both parties.

It may not, therefore, be inopportune to suggest lines upon which it would seem that this issue can be brought to a solution compatible with the dignity of both parties to the dispute. The Mayor has stated that Chinese sovereignty must be recognized. There should be no difficulty whatever on this point. The Municipal Council has at all times recognized that there is a fundamental distinction between the outside roads and the International Settlement proper, and the basis of all negotiations which took place between the former City Government and the Council was a recognition by the foreign authorities of Chinese sovereignty. It follows, therefore, that recognition of that fact is quite in keeping with the exercise of certain administrative rights by the Shanghai Municipal Council in an area for the development of which it has been mainly responsible, and there can be nothing inconsistent with a recognition of Chinese sovereignty in claiming that the Council may rightly exercise policing rights over roads, which have been paid for out of Municipal funds, which have been built by the Council, and which it has maintained, and is still maintaining. The Council has spent large sums of money in developing these roads, and a large foreign population has gone to live in the area they serve relying upon Council police protection, and the administrative services of the International Settlement. Thus very briefly may be summed up the position as it is understood to exist between the two authorities concerned. In striving to arrive at a compromise acceptable to all there is little to be gained by further discussion of the various legal contentions which have been advanced so frequently over so many years. There is, however, one fact always to be borne in mind, and that is that, for the past seventy-three years, the Municipal Council has owned, and maintained roads outside the International Settlement, and that without any objection on the part of the Chinese Government until comparatively recent times. The point is mentioned because if the Municipal Council were wrong in establishing such roads, the Chinese Government was equally remiss in not insisting upon its rights from the very outset, and permitting the Council to err in the manner it is now claimed they did.

That being the case the necessity for a compromise solution is all the more apparent, as being the only really satisfactory manner in which this matter can be disposed of. The point is taken, however, that men of goodwill and common-sense will readily admit that after this great lapse of time the Council cannot rightly be asked to abandon rights which it has exercised for so many years in perfect good faith, and at the wish of the inhabitants of the areas involved. Before the present Sino-Japanese hostilities, when this same issue was raised, the staunchest upholders of the Council's rights in the matter of the outside roads were the Japanese. It has been contended by many best qualified to judge that, had it not been for the firm stand adopted by the Japanese, a settlement of this problem might have been reached some three years ago. The most obvious people now to assist in reaching a settlement now are the Japanese themselves. They form an integral and important part of the community; the Japanese Consul-General has equal rights with his colleagues of the Consular Body; the Japanese Naval Landing Party is one of the forces co-operating in the defence of the International Settlement, while on the other hand they are friendly with Mr. Fu Siao-en's administration the credit and reputation of which they are anxious to increase. They are then the most obvious mediators in the present dispute, though their effectiveness in this matter might be considerably assisted were the Senior Consul also prevailed upon to take a hand in the matter. If by such means the Japanese were able to bring about a settlement of the dispute, they would considerably enhance their own prestige, and earn the goodwill of the rest of the foreign community, improve the standing of the administration headed by Mr. Fu Siao-en, and would render a very real service to Shanghai. Before the present hostilities the Municipal Council was willing to consider any reasonable proposal for police co-operation, and at one time was prepared to consider even proposals for the creation of a joint force in the area involved. In spite of the fact that it has spent large sums of money on the development of the outside road areas, the Council, it is believed, has always recognized that those who live on Council roads are interested in the development of the enclaves which lie behind them, and that a grant might be given for that purpose. Here would seem to be the basis of some financial accord. The Council cannot be expected to surrender its rights, but it can be expected to agree to some reasonable proposal for a compromise, and, if the authorities mentioned were to take the lead in initiating a discussion, a final agreement may yet be reached.

Aerial Photography

Frequent reference has been made in telegrams from Europe to the numerous "photographic raids" made by British and French aeroplanes over German positions, especially the Siegfried Line, in the task of observation preliminary to active military operations. In fact, coupled with propaganda flights, in this indeterminate stage of the hostilities these have constituted the bulk of air activity by each side. Intelligence of military positions was a limited and uncertain science before the aeroplane took to the camera, but now the open panorama of the battlefield, in spite of the most cunning camouflage to disguise hidden objectives, is a thing which can be obtained with extreme exactitude with the aid of the camera. Vertical and horizontal aspects of objects present vastly different facets in the mechanical eye and the flying camera—for such are the new aerial observation machines—is as important a unit of military strength as is the bomb or the machine gun. In the early stages of the last war when airman tackled each other with rifles and pistols, the modern type of bomb had just been invented, photography was an amateurish affair. It meant a man leaning over the side of the machine and doing his best, steadying himself against the side of the cockpit, to take a picture. Since then there have been great improvements and the camera is built into the bottom of the fuselage just as machine guns are permanenly mounted in the wings. The aeroplane becomes simply a camera and, in peacetime, has resulted in tremendous addition to mapping. In the United States, especially, huge areas have been mapped and charted from the air and unknown details have been added to geographic knowledge by the employment of the camera which, with the exception of some of the modernist types of portrait studios, does not lie. In modern air warfare the camera goes along with the bombing machine for evidence is needed in more certain terms than human visual observation, of the results of the raid. Things apparently unimportant judged from the ground become immensely revealing of movements and activities viewed from the air, and the amazing flights of British aeroplanes over the hurriedly-constructed Siegfried Line appear to have yielded results of tremendous importance to the future military plans of the Allies.

Russia Grabbing

While Moscow seems to have been able to bend Esthonia, Latvia, and Lithuania to its will with comparative ease, it seems as though it will meet with some opposition from Finland, which, according to the latest advices, appears to be in no frame of mind abjectly to surrender. What M. Stalin requires from the Finns has not yet been officially announced, but it is obvious that he is bent on securing Russia's naval position in the Baltic with a sufficiency of naval bases free from ice all the year round. That he has demands to make on Finland is obvious from the fact that he summoned the Finnish Foreign Minister to negotiate with him in Moscow. That the Finns are not so amenable to pressure, as the other Baltic states, is demonstrated by the fact that the Foreign Minister did not accept the summons, and that another representative, believed to be more capable of dealing with the Kremlin was sent in his stead. Judging from what he has demanded from the other Baltic States it seems as though M. Stalin will require the Finns' consent to the establishment of naval bases on the northern shores of the Gulf of Finland, thereby giving control over access from Petrograd to the Baltic Sea. He might also require some concessions with regard to the Aaland Islands assuring command over the Gulf of Bothnia, for if he secures all this the Bolshevik dream of a powerful Russian navy strongly placed in the Baltic may eventually be realized. How that will please Herr Hitler is a matter for some speculation, but it is apparent that no prudent German Government would readily acquiesce in the growth of a strong naval power within a sea which it has regarded for years past as its own bailiwick A powerful naval Russia on Germany's east would prove a very considerable menace to Germany, and would put the seal once and for all on the German relinquishment of their schemes in eastern Europe. Herr Hitler when he agreed to the non-aggression pact with Russia may have thought he was merely sowing the wind, but the indications are that already he is beginning to reap the precursor of the whirlwind. He has surrendered his position in eastern Europe and faces defeat in the west, a truly unenviable position.

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"DID that cure for deafness really help your brother?" asked the doctor.

"Sure," was the reply, "he hadn't heard a thing for years, and the day after he took the remedy he heard from a friend in America."

* * *

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FOR nearly an hour the girl had been compelled to listen to the fatuous guest.

"I fell off my bicycle last week and was knocked senseless," he remarked.

"When do you expect to get better?" she asked quickly.

* * *

Useful

THE chairwoman was announcing the approach of the annual jumble sale. She concluded:—

"This is an excellent chance for ladies to get rid of anything they don't want. Remember to bring your husbands!"

* * *

Twisted

A FELLOW has to be a contortionist to get on these days, says a philosopher. First he has to keep his back to the wall and his ear to the ground. Then he must put his shoulder to the wheel, his nose to the grindstone, keep a level head and have both feet on the ground.

* * *

Whist!

THE Judge was resplendently garbed for his duties, and when the prisoner and his counsel entered the Court the prisoner paused to inquire hoarsely, "Who's the ould cratur wearin' the red gown?"

"Wheesht, ye spalpeen," replied his counsel. "that's the ould divil that's gonna hang ye."

* * *

Difficult

THE boys were practising singing for the festival when the master suddenly stopped them "Sing up, Jimmy; I can scarcely hear you."

"I'm singing as loud as I can, sir," replied Jimmy.

"Rubbish!" exclaimed the master. "Don't be afraid to let yourself go. Open your mouth and throw yourself into it!"

* * *

It's Up To Her

A RATHER good-looking young lady went to one of our better-known medicos with a slight inflammation on her left thigh. After examining the spot the physician went to a small cabinet and took out his surgical knives.

"But, doctor," exclaimed the young lady, "do you have to cut? Won't that show?"

"That," replied the physician, "depends entirely on you."

* * *

Magnified Remedy

THE curious case of the elephant whose nose began to bleed at the Basle Zoological Gardens has very quickly put Dr. Strabismus of Utrecht on his mettle. He has already applied for a patent for a large canvas shirt with an enormous key attached to it. The moment an elephant's nose begins to bleed the keeper, mahout, or what-you-will, pops the shirt on the elephant and drops the enormous key down its back.

* * *

Stick Your Finger in Your Eye

"MOST of us have known tears of happiness...

"Have you ever looked into the eyes of the one you love? You lose all consciousness of yourself, for you have melted into another's heart and eyes. For precious seconds, all time stands still and then suddenly you laugh, softly, exultantly. —A Sob Sister.

But not for long, we suspect.

"Who d'you think you're sniggering at, you exulting little ninny?" he says furiously.

And then he stalks out of the joint, slamming the door behind him, and you're back where you started—crying like a lunatic.

Incidentally, dear, do you know that Rigoline will remove tear stains from the most delicate polished surfaces? It is the ideal furniture cream for the whimpering woman.

* * *

Spinach and News

SAYS a London writer: Now spinach has one peculiarity, a surprisingly large quantity of it is needed to satisfy the appetite of one man. Spinach bulks enormously until it is prepared for food, and then it boils down to next to nothing.

I was reminded of that peculiarity of spinach as I read the press recently. Being a contributor to it, I am under the obligation to see what is published in rival journals. That means, believe me, a lot of reading. Quite a lot. I said to myself that the immense amount of information published in the daily press is like my spinach: it looks large, but it boils down to next to nothing. Verily, when I go through the cuttings from various organs of the Press on the international situation, I cannot help feeling that in that heap of printed matter there is blessed little that is worth retaining in my memory.

THE WEATHER

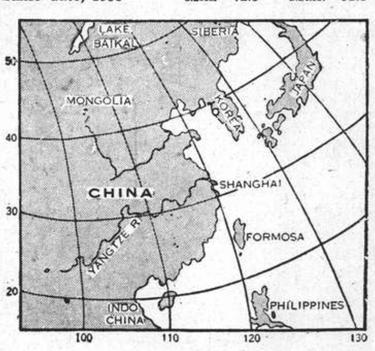
Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min. 61.0	Max. 80.0
Same date, 1938	Min. 73.0	Max. 92.0

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min. 66.9	Max. 82.0
Same date, 1938	Min. 72.5	Max. 92.3



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 9th:—Normal to rather high and steady pressure over China and Japan. The typhoon is passing to the north of Luzon north-westward. North-easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy and fine weather.

State on the morning of the 10th:—Cloudy weather. North-easterly breezes. Normal and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine weather with morning fog and south-westerly to south-easterly winds around Shantung. Cloudy threatening rain with fresh north-easterly to easterly breezes over our Coasts. Cyclonic storm around Formosa and Pratas, owing to the typhoon slowly moving north-west or north-west by west. Low area to the south-east of the Meacosimas. Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 30 miles, latitude 22.10, longitude 118.30, slowly moving north-west or even north-west by west, intensity: violent.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

TO THE EMIGRANTS LIBRARY

Shanghai American School	57 books

TO THE I. C. MILK FUND

Dr. Margoninsky	$10.00
Juedische Kultusgemeinde	6.00

TO THE ROYAL SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE

In memory of Mr. Denys H. Cooke:—

A few friends	$35.00

Baltic Developments Focus Attention

Moscow Still Silent Over Hitler Peace Move; Prompt Sovietization of Lithuania, Latvia And Esthonia Foreseen; Finland Resisting

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 10.

WELL-INFORMED quarters in London note that the Soviets have so far not supported Herr Hitler's peace proposals, notwithstanding the Soviet-German treaty of friendship of September 29, which provides for joint efforts by the two Governments to end the state of war, declares Reuter's Diplomatic correspondent. The situation between Russia and Germany is somewhat obscure, and recent developments in the Baltic are difficult to understand.

The surprising haste with which all Germans, whether by nationality or origin, are being evacuated from the three Baltic States—Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia—is arousing much speculation. Most of these Germans are wealthy merchants and traders, who have settled in the present countries for centuries. Yet, they have been virtually given only 48 hours to transfer themselves and their property to Germany.

In Slav circles in London, this extraordinary development is believed to portend the rapid Bolshevization of the Baltic States.

The summoning of a Finnish envoy to Moscow is another important development which may have an interesting sequel. Supported as they are by the Swedes, the Finns are not likely to submit to the humiliating conditions accepted by the Baltic States.

If it is only a question of small islands in the Gulf of Finland, some arrangement like a long lease might conceivably be reached, but if there is any question of naval bases or aerodromes in Finland or the Aaland islands, it is expected, according to well-informed Scandinavian opinion, that Finland will resist.

Delegates of Norway, Sweden and Denmark have arrived in Helsinki to discuss ways of maintaining their trade in face of the threat to it in the Baltic.—Reuter.

Finland Takes Firm Stand

Helsinki, Oct. 10.

An air-raid rehearsal will be held here tonight, when the entire city will be thrown into darkness.

A mysterious warship has been reported near the Aaland Islands, in the Gulf of Finland, and is said to be inspecting freighters proceeding towards the shore. According to a sailing ship which arrived at Mariehamn today, the warship was not hindering German merchant vessels, but all other ships were being subjected to careful examination.

The entire Finnish press today publishes a statement appearing in a Swedish newspaper to the effect that "danger to Finland is a threat to the entire North of Europe." The newspapers emphasize the determination of Finland to maintain neutrality, saying that is the only way in which the Baltic States can preserve their existence.

While the Finnish delegate, M. Jueho Kustir Passakivi, is en route to Moscow for negotiations with the Soviet Government, Finland continues to call reservists to the colours. Many schools in the Viborg area nearest the Soviet frontier have been taken over by troops. It is emphasized in political circles that this is purely a precautionary measure, as it is hoped that the Moscow talks will result in a friendly agreement.

The Finnish authorities, it is stated, are willing to meet Russia more than half way in regard to concessions on some small islands, but are determined to resist all demands for the establishment of naval or air bases on Finnish territory.

The Finnish delegation, comprising three members, is expected to reach the Soviet capital tomorrow. An intimation that M. Pasakivi may not prove so tractable in Moscow as the recent representatives of Baltic States is the opinion of foreign press correspondents here.

Finland, according to a message appearing in the Stockholm newspaper "Svenska Dagbladet" from its Helsinki correspondent, cannot agree to any proposal conflicting with her participation in the northern neutrality bloc.

In an interview, M. Emst Erkko, the Finnish Foreign Minister, is reported to have declared that "Mr. Passakivi only goes to take note of Russia's desires, and whatever these may be our position is clear. We stand by northern neutrality. We threaten none, seek no advantage, and will not adhere to any great Power or group."—Reuter.

Soviet Round Out New Gains

Moscow, Oct. 10.

The negotiations due to open tomorrow between Soviet Russia and Finland are expected to round off the expansion of Soviet interests in relation to her Baltic neighbours.

By pacts with Esthonia and Latvia, and the forthcoming agreements with Lithuania and Finland, the great Soviet aim of freeing Leningrad as a naval and air base from the bottleneck of the Gulf of Finland, which gave any enemy easy means of preventing the exit of the Soviet Baltic Fleet, will have been achieved. To complete the programme, the Russians may seek the neutralization of any threat from the southern coast of Finland fronting the Gulf. It is logical to believe that Moscow would also like to control the Aaland Islands as a base from which ultimately to control Swedish exports to Germany.

Observers are wondering if the Soviet-Lithuanian pact will conform to the Esthonian and Latvian pacts, which mentioned the name of land frontiers from where attacks might come. In the case of Lithuania it would be necessary explicitly to mention the name of the German territory of Memel and East Prussia.

Crucial Point of Pact

The crucial point in this pact is whether Moscow is prepared to offend Berlin by insisting on the fortification of the Lithuanian-German frontier.

The Lithuanian delegates returned to Kaunas yesterday from Moscow to report to President Smetona on the progress of their talks here. After receiving fresh instructions, they are expected to return to the Soviet capital immediately.

It is reported that the Soviet proposals to Lithuania include the establishment of heavy fortifications on the Lithuanian-German frontier, which has been lengthened through the partition of Poland.

Other proposals are said to deal with the status of the Vilna district

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

Balts Preparing to Leave Old Homes

Wilhelmstrasse Organ Explains Move as Sure Proof of Nazi Fidelity

London, Oct. 10.

Arrangements for the exodus of over 7,000 German-speaking peasants, by order of Italy by agreement with Herr Hitler, from their homes in the South Tyrol, have been completed, according to the Prefect of Bolzano, quoted by the Rome radio. Only German nationals will be obliged to leave.

The German minorities in the three Baltic States of Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia are busily preparing to leave for the Fatherland in response to Herr Hitler's call.

Most of the younger men and women are willing enough to go, but some, especially the older people, are bitterly opposed to leaving their homes. Many German families have been in Esthonia and Lithuania for centuries, and a few individuals are said to be determined to remain, even at the risk of breaking all ties with Germany. Most of the 30,000 Germans in Lithuania are descendants of colonists from Salzburg, belonging to various evangelical sects, and they particularly resent the move.

It is estimated that 90 per cent. of the 50,000 Germans in Latvia, of whom 40,000 live in Riga, and the majority of the 16,000 Germans in Esthonia have decided to obey the order to leave. It is understood that the evacuees will be allowed to take only necessities, leaving their property and fortunes to be liquidated by German committees in conjunction with the respective governments.

The evacuees, it is reported, will be settled in the Polish Corridor.

In preparation for the repatriation, Herr Alfred Lutze, leader of the Esthonian German community, has arrived in Tallinn from Berlin to explain the reason for the move, while the German commission of experts who helped in the evacuation of the South Tyrol has reached Riga to supervise matters.

The Latvian Government has agreed, in principle, to the German repatriation scheme provided all taxes are paid.

Trunk shops in Riga are experiencing a minor boom as the result of a rush on the part of evacuees to buy suitcases.—Reuter.

Germans in Galicia Must Go

Riga, Oct. 10.

The German commission of experts here to arrange for the evacuation of all Germans in Latvia yesterday demanded the registration of all capital and property of the 38,000 German residents of Riga and also of all those Germans living at Widau, Reval, Bernau, Ernsberg.

There is a total of 62,000 Germans in Latvia, it was believed. The first lot of German landowners and farmers arrived from the country today. —United Press.

Property Being Registered

Berlin, Oct. 10.

Over 100,000 members of the German minority in Galicia will be transferred to Germany, it was learned here today.

The Government announced that Germans from Esthonia and Latvia will be settled in the provinces of Posen in West Prussia.

Reports from Gdynia said the first group from Esthonia had arrived there.

Six German ships were in Riga and two in Tallinn ready to start the first mass evacuation on October 12, it was learned. The whole German minorities of Esthonia, where there are approximately 15,000, and the 60,000 Germans in Latvia were expected to be evacuated toward Gydnia within a month in a fleet of 42 ships.—United Press.

Wilhelmstrasse "Explanation"

Berlin, Oct. 10.

It is officially confirmed that the Reich has opened conversations with Esthonia and Latvia for the repatriation of Germans in these two countries. It is added that the property of Germans will be duly safeguarded.

The official "Diplomatische Korrespondenz," in an explanation of the transference of Germans from the Baltic States, says that the move is in accordance with Herr Hitler's programme to undertake the transference of the German population in the east in the interest of a farsighted regulation of European life. Steps have already been taken to bring back 10,000 Germans who can do useful work in the provinces regained by Germany and to restore German order there, the newspaper says. The movement, it adds, proves that Germany does not intend to abuse, for Imperialistic ends, German groups who have for ages been living in Eastern Europe, or to use their help for purposes of intervention, and to "lay the bogey of German aims of European hegemony."—Reuter.

Soviet Electoral Drive In Occupied Poland

Kaunas, Oct. 10.

Soviet propagandists have launched an electoral campaign in the occupied area of Poland with a view to the establishment of local soviets and the despatch of deputies to the Supreme Soviet.—Reuter.

Neutral Nations Face Difficult Times of War

When leading representatives of the Oslo Powers, traditional neutrals in Europe, met in Brussels with war imminent, they appealed for peace but declared they would defend their neutrality. Luxembourg, Belgium, the Netherlands and Switzerland have taken due note of possible invasion which might eventuate in manœuvrings to get past the fortified lines on the Franco-German border. At sea, German abuses of international law on naval warfare and blockade rules, led to the sinking of many Swedish, Danish and other neutral ships. Finland now finds herself threatened by Soviet action on lines already shown with the Baltic states. The Foreign Ministers of the Oslo States shown here in the front row from left to right are M. Joseph Bech, Luxembourg; M. Hubert Pierlot, Belgium; Dr. Rickard J. Sandler, Sweden; Dr. Halvdan Koht, Norway! Hr. Peter Munsch, Denmark; M. Eliss Errko, Finland, and Jnkhr. E. N. van Kleffens, Holland.

Mr. Chamberlain's Speech Postponed

French Premier Not to Reply to Hitler Offer On Peace in Broadcast

London, Oct. 10.

Sir John Simon, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in the House of Commons today that the statement expected to be made tomorrow by the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, has been postponed until Thursday.

"A slight change in the agenda for this week has been arranged." Sir John said. "The Prime Minister will make a statement on the present situation on Thursday instead of tomorrow. This arrangement will allow the fullest consultation with the Dominion Governments.

"The Secretary of State for War," Sir John added, "will make his statement immediately following the questions tomorrow. As foreign affairs will occupy the House on Thursday, the debate on the Information Ministry and the B.B.C. will take place tomorrow."—Havas.

M. Daladier's Broadcast

Paris, Oct. 10.

The speech to be broadcast over the radio at 8 p.m. tonight by the French Premier, M. Edouard Daladier, will not assume the shape of a reply to Herr Hitler's recent address, circles closely connected to the Premier's offices stated here today. These quarters pointed out that since the Fuehrer has not forwarded any formal proposals through diplomatic channels, no answer can be expected to be made by M. Daladier.

The Premier's speech will be a repetition for the general public of the outline he made last week to the Foreign Affairs Committees of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies. He is expected to re-emphasize the country's determination to pursue the war until final victory is achieved, and to show once again that there has been no change in the French Government's attitude.—Havas.

Rome Impressions

Rome, Oct. 10.

The general impression in Rome is that the Allies will officially make it known that they see neither a possible basis for negotiations nor any serious guarantee in Herr Hitler's recent Reichstag proposals.

M. Edouard Daladier's radio address tonight is awaited with great interest as it is expected that he will clearly define France's position towards the Fuehrer's suggestions.

Italian observers stress the unanimity of public opinion in Britain and France which clearly shows the firm determination of both countries not to put up with any compromise peace.

Reflecting general opinion here, "Il Messagero" writes today that "never was such unity of opinion witnessed in France. It is manifest not only in the press but in all private conversations with Frenchmen."—Havas.

French Press Stresses Anglo-French Accord

M. Daladier to State France's Attitude on Hitler's Offer

Paris, Oct. 10.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain's statement in the House of Commons yesterday, declaring that Britain and France were in complete accord as to the purposes for which they had entered the war, showed that the British and French Governments were in complete agreement concerning the objects which caused the two countries to enter the war, declares "L'Homme Libre" today.

Co-operation between the two Governments, the journal adds, covers all domains, especially economic organization.

"Excelsior," referring to the broadcast which the Prime Minister, M. Edouard Daladier, will make tonight (5 a.m. Wednesday, Shanghai time), says it will fix with complete clarity and necessary firmness, France's position regarding the proposals, or rather, the lack of proposals of peace in Herr Hitler's Reichstag speech.

"L'Œuvre says the British and French Governments have, for the moment, no intention of making a formal declaration of war aims.

"Le Figaro" says German propaganda is maintained to persuade the Germans that the war is virtually at an end in order to put responsibility for its continuance on France and Britain. France and Britain, the paper adds, will unmask these "contemptible manœuvres."—Reuter.

German Frontal Attack May Cost Million Lives

French Firmly Consolidate Gains on Reich Soil; Nazis May Attack via Luxembourg, Swiss Flanks

Paris, Oct. 10.

GERMAN operations on the Western Front appear to be steadily mounting toward an offensive. They have been concentrated on the sector between Moselle and Saarbruecken, where the German High Command is obviously uneasy under continued French pressure. Here, the Germans have made a number of raids in force, with the object of securing information from prisoners. No prisoners, however, have been taken. All attacks are withering under heavy French machine-gun fire.

It is believed that Herr Hitler's aim in the forthcoming western offensive is to drive the French off German soil. Intensive artillery duels along the whole front between Moselle and the Rhine are taken to indicate that the Germans will shortly make a great effort to free Saarbruecken. Such an attempt will meet stern resistance and any effort to maintain the attack would be accompanied by a great loss of man-power, perhaps involving 500,000 to 1,000,000 lives, so well placed are the French forces and so formidable the obstacles which confront the Germans.

If the Germans select the easier route through Luxembourg in an attempt to reach Verdun, the French Command declare they are fully prepared. Another alternative open to the Germans is a double-flank movement with a drive more or less parallel with the Luxembourg frontier and an attack on the Swiss end of the Maginot line.

Facts pointing to the possibility of the latter course being adopted are the simultaneous concentrations of German troops both in north and south Germany.

"There was considerable enemy patrol activity between the Moselle and Saar Rivers," says a French communique issued today.—Reuter.

Notable R.A.F. Achievement

London, Oct. 10.

For the first time four British planes have carried out daylight reconnaissance flights the whole way along the German frontier from France to the North Sea, says "Eyewitness" (Mr. A. G. Clifford), who is with the British air force in France.

The planes want to investigate the latest reports received by headquarters from across the border in regard to the evacuation of important cities, big troop movements near (Aix-la-Chapelle, significant concentrations of aircraft, intensive building of fortifications near the Luxembourg frontier, and many other interesting developments. The results of these British reconnaissance flights are now being studied by experts, and it is understood that a series of photographs taken by two of the planes are expected to be of the utmost value.

The machines went in pairs from one of the secret British aerodromes "somewhere behind the Maginot Line."

Reconnaissance Described

The first two ran into bad weather and flew for much of the time at about 6,000 feet. Passing the southernmost tip of Luxembourg, where French artillery was pounding the fringes of the Siegfried Line below them, they continued to make their observations, dodging from one gap in the clouds to the next.

At Coblence, German anti-aircraft gunners heard them and opened fire, presumably judging the range and the direction by sound. Shells screamed through the clouds and burst all round them, but the planes were not hit and held straight on along their course. German gunners telephoned ahead to other batteries, and when the British planes reached Sieburg, there was another barrage of anti-aircraft fire awaiting them. This too, however, they passed through unscathed, and held on along the Belgian border over Aix-la-Chapelle. Soon they saw the Rhine turn west and disappear into Holland, and then the weather made it impossible to see any more. They flew on to the North Sea coast of Germany. Then, carefully avoiding Holland, they went safely home to a landing field in England, where they were expected.

The other pair of planes took off before dawn, and were already well over Germany when the sun rose above the hills to the east of the the Rhine. They were favoured by better weather, and were able to take the photographs they were sent out to get.—Reuter.

British Dominion Press Unanimously Spurn Hitler's "Peace" Offers

Utter Unreliability of German Fuehrer's Pledges Made Too Evident in Past Offers

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 9.

Dominion press comment on Herr Hitler's speech made on October 6 at the Reichstag, continues to show complete scepticism regarding the credit-worthiness of his peaceful professions.

In Canada, newspapers of all politics are at one in pointing out the futility of sitting round a conference table with Nazi statesmen.

Among the most effective rejoinders to the peace offensive is that made by the "Toronto Globe & Mail." Without comment, that newspaper lists previous occasions on which Herr Hitler had summoned the Reichstag to hear peace pronouncements, and their sequels. Readers are left to make their own estimate of the value of his latest proposals.

The New Zealand press is no more friendly. The Dominion, the chief Wellington newspaper says, insists that the world must be free of the constant threats and terrorism which the Nazis have inflicted on civilization, and declares that "for this lasting and righteous peace, this Dominion, in common with the rest of the Empire and her Allies, will fight on to the end."

The "New Zealand Herald" of Auckland says the ranting rhetoric of Herr Hitler "has no longer any power to persuade or to alarm," and the press of Christchurch, while asserting that there is no basis for negotiations, urges the Allied Governments to make clear why they reject the terms of Herr Hitler, who must not be allowed to pose as a peacemaker.

The Australian press unanimously supports the views on the Fuehrer's speech, expressed in official statements issued throughout the United Kingdom, and there is nowhere any suggestion that an armistice could or should be arranged.

The "Daily News" reports that the New South Wales Labour Council has rejected the motion urging the Commonwealth Government to make representations to the Allied Governments that the first opportunity should be seized to negotiate for peace. A decision to summon Dominion Ministers to meet in London was unanimously approved, the paper adds.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Achievement Already Notable

Air Secretary Informs Commons Siegfried Line Revealed; Sea Patrolled

London, Oct. 10.

During the first four weeks of the war, German submarines were sighted by British aircraft on 72 occasions and 34 attacks were delivered, some of which were undoubtedly successful, declared the Secretary of State for Air, Sir Kingsley Wood, in the House of Commons today in making the promised statement on Royal Air Force operations.

Sir Kingsley Wood also revealed that a complete photographic map of the Siegfried Line had been made, and many photographs taken from only a few hundred feet above the Line went to the composition of this map.

Day and night reconnaissance aircraft were penetrating into the "enemy's" country, testing his defences and observing his movements and troop concentrations.

Startling claims had been made from time to time, Sir Kingsley Wood added, regarding the performance of German military aircraft, particularly fighters.

British Aircraft Best

Plain facts seemed to be that Britain's latest fighters were definitely better than Germany's. Happily, a specimen of the latest Messerschmidt fighter had fallen intact into French hands, so that in regard to this aircraft at least, "we should be free to test our convictions at our convenience."

Referring to accounts already given of R.A.F. work, he said that they showed that the spirit and determination of the earlier generation of British flying-men had been preserved unimpaired. Men who had already been in action had indeed shown to the full their courage and efficiency.

"Not all have returned," he declared, "and I know that the House will join with me in paying tribute to the high example set by our gallant pilots and crews who lost their lives in performing their duty.

Splendid Airman's Motto

"There is a revealing motto of one of our air squadrons—'I spread my wings and keep my promise'—and that undoubtedly was the spirit and purpose of those brave men.

"Full recognition too, should be given those, who, though they have had to stand by at their war stations in a state of instant readiness for action by day and night, have not yet been engaged in action with the Germans.

"Instant readiness is demanded, and the strain imposed has been as great, if not greater, than if active operations were in progress. The keeness and alertness of these officers and men are of the first order."

Referring to the coastal command, Sir Kingsley Wood said that its activities had been unremitting and strenuous in the extreme, from the first day of the war.

"The vastly greater range, speed and reliability of our aircraft," he concluded, "is being fully utilised, in co-operation with the Navy, in defeating submarines and in guiding ships to safety."—Reuter.

Mme. Eve Curie Given Appointment

Women's Information Section Leadership in France

Paris, Oct. 10.

Mme. Eve Joliot-Curie, authoress of the brilliant biography of her famous mother, Mme. Pierre Curie, co-discoverer of radium, has been appointed chief of the women's section of the General Commissariat of Information.

She was recently awarded the decoration of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honour upon the advice of the Quai d'Orsay which appreciated her effors to promote Franco-American friendship during her stay in the United States last Spring.

Two former Ambassadors to Japan, M. Albert Kammerer and Fernand Pila, have been appointed respectively chief of the documentary section of the Commissariat and spokesman of the Far East section.—Havas.

Japan Trade Balance Favourable

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

With a favourable balance of Y.28,867,000, Japan's overseas trade continued to flourish during the first ten days of October, a Finance Ministry estimate of returns showed today.

Exports during the period totalled Y.109,652,000 against imports of Y.80,785,000, according to the Finance Ministry.—Domei.

British Navy Seeking German Fleet in North Sea

Darkness Enables Enemy Fleet to Escape; Several Nazi Warplanes Crippled After Encounter at Sea

Copenhagen, Oct. 10.

FOLLOWING the encounter reported last night between British cruisers and a squadron of German bombers over the North Sea, it is now confirmed that two of German planes made a forced landing in Denmark. A third plane is reported to have descended in Norway and the crew has been taken into custody by the Norwegian Government. One plane is believed to have fallen into the sea off the Danish coast, while another bomber was sighted flying very low over the southern part of Jutland and was fired upon by Danish anti-aircraft guns.—Reuter.

London, Oct. 9.

Repeated actions took place today in the north-eastern areas of the North Sea between German bombing aircraft and British cruisers and destroyers, according to an Admiralty announcement. No British ship is said to have been damaged, while German casualties are stated to be unknown.

On the afternoon of October 8, the Admiralty further states, a German naval squadron was reported by British patrol craft to the south-west of Norway. "Our forces tried to engage it," the communique adds, "but darkness enabled the enemy to escape."—Reuter.

French Sink U-Boat

Paris, Oct. 9.

One more enemy submarine paid the penalty today when it was sunk by a French naval unit, a French Headquarters communique announced tonight.—Havas.

German Trawlers Massing

Stockholm, Oct. 10.

Fishing boats proceeding through the Skagerrack, which connects the Baltic and North seas by the Kattegat, to the North Sea reported in Gothenburg today that in their passage northwards, they saw large numbers of armed German trawlers and small cargo boats. It is supposed that they are intended for an attempted blockade of Britain or to serve as supply ships for submarines operating in the North Sea and the Atlantic.—Reuter.

Finnish Ship Hits Mine

Amsterdam, Oct. 10.

Twenty members of the crew of the Finnish steamer Indra, which struck a mine off Terschelling Island at the entrance to Zuyder Zee, have been saved. The men, six of whom were wounded, arrived at Ijmuiden in a Swedish vessel.—Reuter.

Twenty Warships Seen

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Rio de Janeiro, Oct. 9.

On the arrival of the French passenger liner Lipari here today from Europe, passengers reported that they saw perhaps twenty warships in the north Atlantic. They said their ship was accompanied by a British destroyer until four days from the Brazilian coast.—Reuter.

More German Pirates Abroad

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Montevideo, Oct. 10.

The German freighter Borkum, which has been anchored here since the opening of the war, has sailed from the outer harbour secretly, without obtaining a permit, according to the Uruguayan maritime authorities.

Under international law, it is pointed out, failure to obtain clearance papers classifies the Borkum and the German steamer Gonzenheim which departed in similar circumstances three weeks ago, as pirate vessels.—Reuter.

Adm. von Raeder Asks to Resign

"Baltic Blunder" By Von Ribbentrop Very Seriously Resented

London, Oct. 10.

According to the "Daily Sketch," Grand Admiral Erich won Raedcr, Commander-in-Chief of the German Naval Forces, handed in his resignation at a recent meeting of naval and Foreign Ministry officials attended by Herr Hitler and the Foreign Minister, Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop.

Admiral von Raeder, the paper said, resigned as a protest to what German military and naval quarters term Herr von Ribbentrop's "Baltic blunder."

The Admiral held that Herr von Ribbentrop's actions enabled Soviet Russia to grasp all strategic points and islands in the Baltic area.

Although Admiral von Raeder's resignation was not accepted, his action caused a considerable stir in Berlin.

The Admiral, the paper continued, warned Herr von Ribbentrop before his last visit to Moscow not to do anything that could jeopardize Germany's naval action in the Baltic in case of any eventual dispute with the Soviets.—Havas.

France Rounds Up More Communist Deputies

Distinguished Leaders Among Those Arrested

Paris, Oct. 10.

The round-up of Communist Deputies was continued today when two more arrests were made. Representing the Haut Rhin constituency, the two arrested men are members of the Parliamentary group identificd with the autonomy programme for Alsace-Lorraine. Reasons for the arrests have not been divulged. The total number of arrested Communist Deputies is now 39.

The latest arrests include the brother of M. Jacques Duclos, Vice-President of the Chamber of Deputies. He and five other well-known Communist leaders, for whom warrants have been issued, cannot be found. One of them, M. Andre Marty, who gained notoriety for leading the Black Sea revolt in the last war and participated in the Spanish civil war on the Republican side, is understood to be in Moscow. M. Maurice Thorez, secretary of the banned Communist Party, has been officially posted as a deserter, having failed to report to his unit on the expiry of his 24-hour leave.—Reuter.

Mr. Lloyd George to Urge Conference

Address to "Council for Peace" Tomorrow

London, Oct. 10.

Mr. Lloyd George, Prime Minister during the Great War, will address a private meeting of the Council of Action for Peace in London on Thursday it was learned today. Mr. George intends to amplify his views on an immediate international conference to consider all peace proposals.

The session, called by Mr. George as chairman of the organization, will be attended by delegates from all parts of the British Isles.—United Press.

British, French Aircraft Orders Completed

U.S. Firms Prepare for Repeal of Arms Embargo

London, Oct. 10.

American aircraft manufacturers are now working at high pressure on the completion of orders from England and France, which are estimated to total about £20,000,000, according to the Chicago correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph."

Pending the anticipated removal of the arms embargo clause in the Neutrality Act, he adds, the engines of the planes, many of which are ready for flight, are being placed in wharehouses in ports from where they can be shipped immediately the

New Chinese Envoy Going To Moscow Tomorrow

Hongkong, Oct. 10.

Mr. Ho Yao-tsu, who arrived in Chengtu by air on October 8 from Lanchow by way of Chungking as Ambassador-designate to the Soviet Union, succeeding Mr. Yang Chieh, decided to leave Chengtu for Moscow by plane on October 12 following an audience with Gen. Chiang Kai-shek during which he received instructions, according to a telegram from Chungking today.

En route to Moscow Mr. Ho was expected to visit Tihwa (Urumtsi) to have talks with Mr. Sheng Shih-tsai, Administrative Commissioner of Sinkiang, and Mr. Li Yung, Chairman of the Sinkiang Provincial Government, regarding Sino-Soviet relations, with special reference to Sinkiang the message said.—Domei.

Nazi Warplanes Forced Down in Denmark

Crew Declare They Tried to Bomb British Warships

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Esbjerg, Oct. 9.

One member of the crew of a German military aeroplane that landed today on Fanoe Island, off Esbjerg, on the west coast of Jutland, was found to be wounded. He was taken to hospital. The plane and the other three members of the crew will be interned.

A message from Oslo states that a damaged German aeroplane today landed on the south-west coast of Norway. The crew of four were not hurt.—Reuter.

Return from Bombing Effort

Copenhagen, Oct. 10.

Two of three German planes returning from bombing British warships in the North Sea were forced down in Danish territory yesterday, and the third was driven across the German frontier by Danish anti-aircraft defences.

The 22-year-old leader of the crew said they were with two other planes returning from bombing British warships in the North Sea. He said they turned back only when they had no bombs left.

A third plane made a forced landing on the Island of Fanoe. The four members of the crew of that plane, too, were unhurt and immediately interned by authorities on the island. —United Press.

Training Plane Said Seized

Berlin, Oct. 9.

A military training plane was forced down on the Danish Laaland Island because of lack of fuel and the pilot was interned while the craft was seized by the Danish authorities, the German official D.N.B. news agency reported today.—Havas.

Mr. Hull Says He Has Not Heard of Peace Move

Washington, Oct. t10.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, regarding a reported foreign move to obtain President Roosevelt's services as mediator in the European conflict.—United Press.

Silver Quotations

London, Oct. 10.

	Oct. 9	Oct. 10
London spot	22⅞d.	unreceived
" forward	22⅞d.	"
"	168/–	168/–

London/New York:

	Oct. 9, close
One pound	U.S.$4.0200
One U.S. dollar	59.701d.

	Oct. 10, 1 p.m.	
One pound	U.S.$4.0200	4.0400
One U.S. dollar	59.701d.	59.405d.

—Reuter.

Senator Walsh Bets Ten to One U.S. Will Enter World War

Senator Hiram Johnson Urges Recess of Congress To Allow President Roosevelt to Mediate Peace

Washington, Oct. 9.

THE odds were ten to one that the United States would be drawn into the European war, declared Senator David Walsh (Democrat, Massachussetts), leader in the fight for the retention of the embargo on exports of munitions to belligerents, in an interview today. He charged that "powerfully organized groups want us in this war for their own advantage and profit."

Senator Hiram Johnson (Republican, California) said Congress should go into recess to give President Roosevelt a free hand to negotiate for peace in Europe if the Chief Executive gave any indication that he would step into the European situation.—Reuter.

Washington, Oct. 10.

Senator Ernest W. Gibson, Republican of Vermont, told the United Press today that he would shortly introduce legislation to fortify Guam for the defence of the Philippines' and United States' interests in the Far East. Meanwhile, yesterday's neutrality bill debate included reference to the retention of the Philippines by the United States.

Senator Sheridan Downey, the "Ham-and-Egg" Democrat of California, urged that the United States abandon Philippine sovereignty after precipitating a sharp debate in the Senate when he resumed the speech he was unable to finish last Friday. He demanded that the Monroe Doctrine be defined. He also asked that the Administration's neutrality act revisions be amended to relax restrictions on Pacific shipping to permit United States vessels to sail to Australia and New Zealand. Senator Gibson, however, urged Congressional re-examination of the Philippine independence.

Guam Fortification Wanted

He told the United Press that he was drafting a measure authorizing the Navy to continue improvements at Guam and also to construct some fortifications there.

"Congress deleted the Guam authorization in the last session because of a mistaken impression," Senator Gibson said. "I hope that in the current critical world-wide situation we can rectify the error and take the necessary measures for our national security," the added.

In the last session of Congress the plans for the construction of strong naval and air bases at Guam were defeated because of the outcry raised by some Senators who insisted that such a move would be considered a most unfriendly gesture against Japan. There was much agitation in Japan over the proposition because of the proximity of Guam to Japan.

The fortification of Guam, Senator Gibson explained, would not be aimed against Japan but would merely supplement the national defence measures. He urged positive efforts to cultivate closer relations with Japan. "We should be on friendly terms with Japan," he said, and the United States should grant immigration rights to Japan "to stop the discrimination which has affronted Japanese pride."

Senator William Borah, Republican isolationist from Idaho, and other isolationists also favoured such a proposal, but the Administration has not yet committed itself.

Senator Claude Pepper, Democrat of Florida, engaged in a sharp exchange with Senator Downey over whether the navy could adequately defend the West Coast. Senator Downey said that the United States did not need the co-operation or assistance of the British Navy.

Two-Ocean Navy Urged

Within a short time, he declared, the Navy could be built up to defend both coasts. He urged that Congress study alternative canals across Central America and the creation of two navies.

He said the creation of a new naval air base at Puerto Rico was designed to make the Caribbean area impregnable. It would be possible that Mexican and Nicaraguan canals would further facilitate hemispheric defence problems, he declared.

Senator Pepper declared that a two-ocean Navy would require ten years and $3,000,000,000 to build.

Senator Downey shouted that it was only a fraction of the cost of involvement of the United States in a war. He said the Monroe Doctrine should be enforced within the Hemisphere geographically beginning 30 degrees longitude west, thus including Australia and New Zealand.

Senator Downey declared that the Philippines could not be defended, but said that Australia could easily be defended by the construction of an air base at Pago Pago, which is at present under construction.

Philippines Beyond Defence

"While it would be impossible to defend the Philippines," the Senator from California said, "we could easily catapult from Hawaii to Pago Pago and on down to New Zealand and Australia with the bases at Hawaii and Pago Pago providing military strength that no nation dare violate."

Senator Alben W. Barkley, Democrat from Kentucky, temporarily blocked the motion of Senator Edwin C. Johnson, Democrat of Colorado, that the Senate recess for three days pending the outcome of European peace moves.

Senator Barkley asked Senator Johnson to delay the proposal until Senator Downey had completed his speech against the revisions of the Neutrality Act.

Senator Barkley assured Senator Johnson that he would not obstruct a later vote on the proposal when a definite trend had developed.

"That is one sure way to keep out of war," the Senator from Kentucky declared. "If we stop the war there will be no danger of involvement.. Germany will listen to an honourable peace proposal," he asserted.—United Press.

In the neutrality debate, Senator Downey insisted that the Philippines could not be defended by the United States. He said that military authorities had agreed that if Japan desired to enter Manila "we could never halt her."

Senator Downey, however, admitted that Hawaii constituted the "world's strongest" naval fortress and military outpost. "We would not be able to defend the Philippines although they would be useful in the defence of Australia and New Zealand," he said.

Senator William H. King, Democrat of Utah, endorsed Senator Gibson's plan for a review of the recent developments regarding Philippine independence, but added that the United States should nevertheless abide by the ultimate desire of the Filipino people.

Japanese Air Arm Busily Engaged

Naval Planes Raid Many Places in Three Provinces; Active in South China

Large units of Japanese naval planes bombed aerodromes, military establishments and positions, supply routes, godowns and railway stations in widespread raids on more than a dozen towns in Hunan, Kiangsu and Kwangsi on Sunday and Monday in which successful results were achieved, the headquarters of the Japanese China Sea Fleet announced in a communique released yesterday.

A large unit raided important positions in Hunan on Monday, successively bombing aerodromes at Chihkiang, Hengyang and Lingling and all returning to their base safely, the statement said. Another naval squadron bombed bases in the vicinity of Hsinghwa in northern Kiangsu on Monday, causing extensive damage.

Warships on the Pearl River in South China were continuing their operations following the entry of Chungshan early Sunday morning when a hazardous waterway was opened and boats carrying Army forces were escorted to the city, the communique stated. Bluejackets of a landing party, assisted by naval aircraft were mopping up stragglers in the areas northwest of Changkiaplen, the statement continued.

Kwangsi Towns Bombed

A powerful unit of naval planes on Sunday flew far west over Kweilin in northern Kwangsi in fine weather and in spite of intense anti-aircraft fire showered bombs on the aerodrome there, demolishing it. The same unit made an effective scouting and bombing flight over the vicinities of Chuanhsien in northern Kwangsi and Lingling in southern Hunan, important places on the Hunan-Kwangsi Railroad. Another large unit flew over Wuming in central Kwangsi and concentrated bombs on the aerodrome, which was demolished.

Seeking to disrupt Chinese supply routes, another air unit on Sunday raided the areas of Lungchow and Chennankwan in southwestern Kwangsi. New and old godowns south and northwest of Lungchow and fuel stores in the same area were blown up. Here the raiders encountered heavy machinegun attacks. Military motor cars near Chennankwan were strafed and bombed with damaging effect.

Continuing activities similar to those of Sunday, naval aircraft raided Chuanhsien, Hsingan and Lingchwan, strategic towns on the Hunan-Kwangsi Railway, on Monday.

Despite inclement weather and strong fire from heavy machine guns, the raiders reduced to fragments godowns, locomotive structures, vehicles and buildings at the railway stations in these towns. The line was cut at other places and godowns were set on fire at Chuanhsien. All the planes returned to their bases, the statement said in conclusion.

No Peace Possible with Japanese War Lords

Speech by Chinese Envoy At London Luncheon

London, Oct. 10.

So long as Japanese war lords remained in the saddle, and in the present mood, there could be no reasonable basis for negotiations and no hope of peace, declared the Chinese Ambassador, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, speaking at the Chinese Independence Day luncheon here today.

All people in Europe and throughout the world were asking themselves whether a just, durable peace in Europe was possible.

"I think," said the Chinese Ambassador, "we all know the answer.

"The western people will appreciate more clearly the identical difficulty which confronts China and the Western democracies alike.

"Peace must be based upon good faith among nations, respect for international law and human dignity and the principle of live and let live."—Reuter.

Moscow Amply Rewarded For Promised Aid

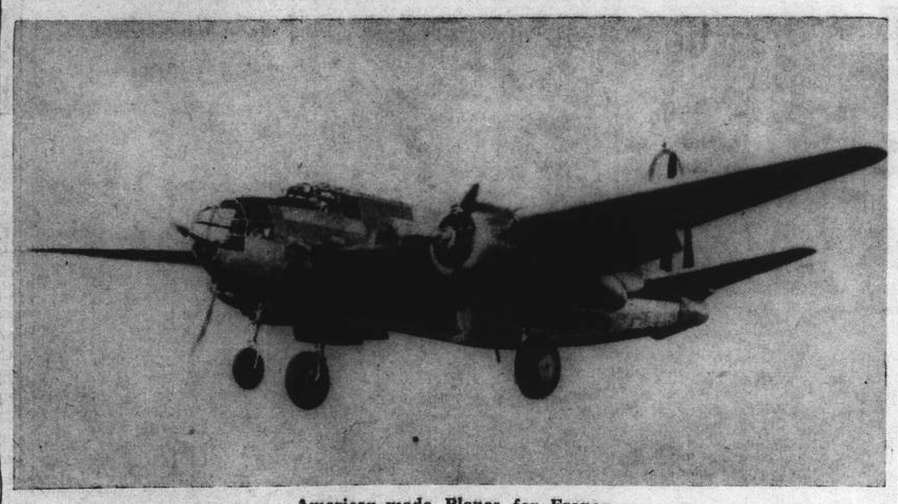
Sphere of German Influence Vastly Restricted

Amsterdam, Oct. 10.

Moscow has asked for and obtained ample reward for assistance promised to Germany, according to the Berlin correspondent of the "Telegraaf."

"The reward comprised not only the eastern part of Poland," the correspondent says, "but also the liberation of the Baltic States.

"This was a painful sacrifice for Germany, which agreed only after hesitation and long deliberation. Russia's intrusion towards the west has not only restricted one of the most important spheres of German influence, but Germany is also compelled to give up a historic land of the 'German order' and a valuable line of cultural outposts. It is unnecessary to point out that many Germans are criticising this Baltic sacrifice which they regard with dubious feelings."—Reuter.



American-made Planes for France

Shown after a take-off is one of the new Douglas DB-7 twin-engined light bombardment planes manufactured in the United States for the French Government. The plane is said to be capable of a speed of over 300 miles an hour. Under the present neutrality law export of these planes to France is forbidden, but with the expected repeal of the arms embargo France will be able to transport the machines from the United States in Allied ships.

Herr Hitler Boasts Of Invincibility

Desire for Peace Again Declared in Broadcast For Winter-Help Drive

Berlin, Oct. 10.

That Germany will fight to the bitter end if necessary and will never be vanquished was emphasized here today by Herr Hitler in a speech on the occasion of the Winter Relief fund drive.

Starting his address with references to the fund, the Fuehrer warmed up and switched to other matters, loudly exclaiming that: "Our enemies will never beat the Reich to its knees. They will vanquish us no more by arms than by any economic means. I repeatedly expressed my peaceful intentions but should my proposals be rejected then Germany is ready to take up the challenge and lead the struggle to the end. The eventual duration of this war does not frighten us. We have before us the eternal life of the German nation and if others want war, they will get it."

After this brief outburst, the Fuehrer calmed down and took up the Winter Relief question again, winding up with the following statement: "United in our effort for the Winter Relief, we will show our enemies that the German nation becomes ever stronger and more closely united in National-Socialism, thereby deserving the respect of other nations. The German nation will organize its existence in the world according to its own interest and will take from the happiness of this world the share which corresponds to its needs."

Dr. Goebbels' Speech

"The German nation is ready for every sacrifice and is fully conscious of the gravity of opening the wartime Winter Relief campaign," the Propaganda Minister, Dr. Joseph Goebbels, declared here today in a speech inaugurating the relief drive.

Stressing the necessity of adapting the Winterhilfe to the present situation and of enforcing further restrictions, Dr. Goebbels said: "The weekly one-dish meal will be replaced by gifts to be sent to the Winterhilfe."

The famous "eintopfgericht" (one-dish meal) has been a national institution for several years already and will go down in history as the first restrictive measure on food consumption enforced by Nazi rule.

The Propaganda Minister wound up his address with the following statement: "It is with the greatest joy that the German people show themselves ready for all sacrifices thereby proving their unanimous loyalty to the Fuehrer."—Havas.

Manila Paper Hopes for Chinese Success

"Long, Peaceful Future" Before the Nation

Manila, Oct. 10.

The "Philippines Herald" in an editorial today pointed that the Philippines frequently regards itself as the only outpost of Democracy in the Orient, forgetting China's republican form of Government amidst "revolutions and wars which for the time being have necessitated the setting aside of Democratic procedures."

The journal, however, emphasized that "we know, of course, that these are mere incidents in the Republic's growth . . . We in the Philippines have every reason to Hope for the Chinese nation's survival and success.

"Some of us, for instance, seem to suffer from terrible lonesomeness at the mention of the Orient because, forgetting that China also is building up Democracy, we can only think of epidemics, teeming millions, religious fanaticism and mysticism.

"We are wrong. China has before it, as a consequence of the purifying fire of patience and suffering, a long and peaceful future."—United Press.

British Industries Rally To War Effort

Production of Iron, Steel Past All Records

London, Oct. 10.

Although the outbreak of war must bring some industrial dislocation, evidence is now daily forthcoming that any such dislocation suffered by Britain's leading industries is rapidly overcome.

This is especially true with the iron and steel industry on whose shoulders so much of Britain's war weight must be carried, and which has settled down to its important task with commendable energy and efficiency.

Certain measures, carefully formulated in peace-time, are now operating and while actual statistics are no longer available, there is every indication that the production of both iron and steel is now surpassing all previous records.

The announcement that all forms of pig-iron can be imported to the United Kingdom duty free indicates the Government's desire to assure the smooth working of this very important section of the "home front."—Reuter.

Shanghai University Open to Residents

Preparations for the reopening of Shanghai University for residence by missionaries connected with the school had been completed and it was understood that a number of families would move to the campus on Saturday, the Japanese Embassy announced yesterday.

Japanese authorities decided to return the university to the American Baptist Foreign Mission Society and to re-open the campus for residence in compliance with the desires of the society, the Embassy statement said.

The campus would not be opened to the public because of the location of the university in a military district, but all persons connected with the school would be granted all necessary facilities, the statement said.

Mr. Miura formally informed Mr. Gauss of the proposal on September 23, and the latter expressed his sincere appreciation. As the University is situated in a district important from the strategic point of view, the campus is not open to the free access to the general public. People connected with the University, however, will be granted all necessary facilities.

Baltic Developments Focus Attention

(Continued from page 7)

and the transit of goods through Lithuania to Libau.—Reuter.

Reds Entering Esthonia

Tallinn, Oct. 10.

Soviet troops will begin to cross the Esthonian frontier on Friday to fulfil the terms of the new Russo-Esthonian pact. It is reported here that the last ship evacuating Germans from Esthonia will leave the same day.—Reuter.

Finland's Unity Proved

Stockholm, Oct. 10.

A remarkable demonstration of Finnish national unity was seen today when the Finnish delegate, M. Paasakivi, left for the discussions in Moscow. President Kallio, members of the Government and representatives of all sections of the nation were present at the station. After the huge crowds had cheered themselves hoarse, there was a sudden silence. Then the crowd spontaneously joined in singing an old liberty song, "Hear Our Holy Oath."—Reuter.

Soviets to Evacuate Germans

Copenhagen, Oct. 10.

According to the Berlin correspondent of the "Politiken," the U.S.S.R. has agreed to the evacuation of Germans from Russia, and Germans now living in south-east Europe will be repatriated in order to prevent possible minority conflicts. The extent of the evacuation from Russia is not known.—Reuter.

Lithuania Submits

Kaunas, Oct. 10.

The Lithuanian Government is said to have accepted the Soviet proposals, which are similar to those made to Esthonia, according to reliable reports received here from Moscow today. The town of Vilna, near the Soviet-Lithuanian border, has been ceded to Lithuania, but a Soviet garrison will be established there. This is also corroborated in well-informed circles. It is expected that a mutual assistance pact between Soviet Russia and Lithuania will be signed tonight.—Reuter.

Soviet Concentration in Caucasus

Paris, Oct. 10.

Concentrations of Soviet troops are reported in the Baku region and along certain other points near the Caucasian frontier. So far nothing is known as to the reasons behind the move.—Reuter.

Canton Will Observe Capture Anniversary

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Canton will be en fete for ten days beginning October 12, first anniversary of the Japanese occupation of the City of Rams, a report received here today said. Civic bodies and women's organizations for peace maintenance are working together on the programme.

The dispatch predicted that it will not be long before Canton's present population, estimated at 800,000 reaches the figure quoted in former days, 1,200,000. Japanese now living in Canton number 7,080, according to a census taken in January 1939. This shows an enormous increase over the Japanese population before the China Incident. At that time only 200 Japanese lived in Canton.—Domei.

Belgian Frontiers Well Manned

Violation of Neutrality Would Be Met With Highly Efficient Force

Brussels, Oct. 10.

That the Belgian General Staff has enforced on the northern and eastern borders of Belgium systems of highly efficient military organization is the opinion of a Havas correspondent who has just completed an inspection of these areas.

A Royal decree prohibits the disclosure of any details in this respect but it can be confidently stated that the troops are well-trained, well-officered and in excellent spirit.

War material can be seen in considerable amounts, anti-tank guns being particularly numerous.

The border population does not believe that Germany will attack Belgium despite the German statements that "the Reich is ready to defend Belgium against French invasion." To this the reply is made that there is no fear whatsoever of such an eventuality, but it is stressed that any rash move by Germany would be opposed by the entire force of the Belgium army.

According to Belgian border observers, there are no heavy concentrations across the frontier, although the watch has been reinforced to the approximate density of one soldier for each ten square metres between the Luxembourg frontier and Gemmenich. Machine-gun units can be seen at various points as well as artillery batteries. These are either being held in reserve or are in position for an eventual offensive action.—Havas.

Allies Have Moral Advantage in War

Need for Specific Statement Of War Aims is Stressed

New York, Oct. 10.

"In this debate over the objectives of war and the conditions of peace," writes the "New York Times" in an article today, "the British and French Governments have the moral advantage of an immensely superior cause."

"They will naturally desire," the journal continues, "to state their aims as effectively as possible, in terms that will hold the sympathy of neutral countries and attract support within Germany itself."

In the present extraordinary situation," the "New York Times" admits, "there are special difficulties which may handicap any effort to state again the British and French war aims in precise and unequivocal language. Furthermore, Russia's intervention has complicated the Allies' aim of reconstructing Poland. As for the destruction of Hitlerism, it is difficult to state in advance whether some shift of power within Germany itself will take place. If so, the exact nature and extent of the change would be required as evidence that Hitlerism has been destroyed."—Reuter.

Archduke Otto Wants to Form Legion

Austrian Volunteers Sought From Refugees in France

Paris, Oct. 10.

Archduke Otto, heir to the Habsburg throne, asked permission of the French Government today to form an Austrian refugee legion, with at least one division including Royalists, to fight beside the Allies. In exchange for the Austrian's services Archduke Otto asked that the Allies include the restoration of an independent Austrian state in their war aims.—United Press.

U.S. Railroads Launch Revival Programme

Chicago, Oct. 10.

The railroad industry has launched a US$125,000,000 equipment buying programme, boosting heavy industries into the front ranks of the recovery parade, it was learned today. The movement reflected encouraging increases in both passenger and freight revenues obtained by the railroads.—United Press.

Kidneys Must Clean Out Acids

Your body cleans out excess Acids and poisonous wastes in your blood thru 9 million tiny delicate Kidney tubes or filters. If Poisons in the Kidneys or Bladder make you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Leg Pains, Circles Under Eyes, Backache, Aching Joints, Acidity, or Burning passages, don't rely on ordinary medicines. Fight such Poisons and troubles with the doctor's prescription Cystex. Cystex starts working in three hours, must prove entirely satisfactory and be exactly the medicine you need or money back is guaranteed. Ask your chemist for Cystex (Sistex) today. The Guarantee protects you.

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For Kidneys, Rheumatism, Bladder

French Peace Hints For Far East

Indicates That Chungking Should Negotiate Terms With Japanese

London, Oct. 10.

France recently sent China a clear indication that it would be advisable for China to conclude peace with Japan and negotiate with Mr. Wang Ching-wei, former member of the Kuomintang, under best possible terms, reliable French sources here said today.

The report aroused speculation here whether Great Britain shares the reported French view, because of the close coincidence of English and French policies in the Orient.

It was understood, however, that Viscount Halifax, British Foreign Minister, has repeatedly assured the Chinese Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, Dr. Quo Tai-chi, recently that the British policy in China would remain unchanged.

The recent report that five British gunboats had been removed from the Yangtze created the erroneous impression that the removal was symbolic of British withdrawal from China. The error, however, lay in ignorance of the fact that the British gunboats were said to be remaining in East Asiatic waters.

It was assumed that the author of the French advice to China had been swayed by the consideration of Europe's preoccupation which would prevent further European economic and financial aid, or any other effective help to China.—United Press.

Tokyo Uninformed

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

The Japanese Foreign Office today announced that they had not been informed of reported French efforts to launch Sino-Japanese mediation through Mr. Wang Ching-wei, expelled former member of the Kuomintang.

The Japanese Foreign Office refused to comment until more exact information could be obtained.—United Press.

General Chiang's Message

Chungking, Oct. 10.

In a statement addressed to the Chinese people last night on the eve of the Double Tenth, Gen. Chiang Kai-shek warned the Chinese people against hoping for a speedy conclusion of the Sino-Japanese war. He urged civilians to co-operate with the armed forces.

General Chiang also insisted on wiping out all traitors, whom he described as "tools of the enemy's political offensive."

At the same time, the National Government issued a proclamation declaring that no enactments and agreements of "puppet governments" would ever be recognized.

Gen. Chen Cheng, Director of the Political Department of the National Military Council, urged the nation to prepare for "a general counter-offensive on all fronts."—Reuter.

Lord Nuffield's £100,000 To Lord Mayor's Fund

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 10.

A cheque for £100,000, probably the largest sum ever paid for a flag day emblem, was placed today in the collecting box of two nurses standing in front of Mansion House. This represented Lord Nuffield's contribution towards the Lord Mayor's Red Cross and St. Johns Fund for the sick and wounded.—Reuter.

Japanese Women to Leave London

London, Oct. 10.

As a precautionary measure, 150 Japanese women and children from the Japanese community in London left for Japan today on a Japanese vessel. "The ship happened to be leaving port today," a Japanese Embassy official told press representatives, "and it was thought advisable for the women and children to take advantage of this and return home owing to present conditions."—Havas.

Marshal Goering Gives Plane to Voroshiloff

Moscow, Oct. 10.

As a token of the new Soviet-German friendship, Field Marshal Hermann Goering, the German Air Minister, recently made a gift of a Fieselerstork touring plane to War Commissar, Marshal Klim Voroshiloff. The machine could be seen flying over Moscow piloted by Colonel Aschenbrenner, the new German Air Attaché, the day the German economic mission arrived here.—Havas.

U.S. Cotton Output Decreases

Washington, Oct. 10.

The Department of Agriculture today estimated that 1939 cotton production would be 11,928,000 bales, a reduction of 452,000 from last September. The forecast attributed the reduction to the hot dry weather which lasted all last month throughout the western portion of the cotton belt.—United Press.

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Former French Air Minister Arrested

Military Court Warrant for M. Marcel Deat

Paris, Oct. 10.

M. Marcel Deat, former Air Minister and one-time Deputy of the Independent-Socialist Party, was arrested here today on a warrant issued by a military court for having been one of the signatories of the much-commented "immediate peace tract."

The arrested man has protested his innocence, stating that his signature was illegally used. He is asking to be confronted with the other signatories of the leaflet.

He has chosen as his counsel M. Eugene Frot and M. Georges Hymans, both former Ministers.—Havas.

German Agents Pretend To Be Nazi Victims

People's Sympathies Won By Refugee Laments

Amsterdam, Oct. 9.

Various neutral countries are reporting that German secret service agents have been found to carry passports marked with a big red letter "J" for "Jew." These men, although Aryan Nazis, are stated to be using the false passports in order to facilitate their entry into foreign countries.

Moreover, they pretend to be victims of Nazi persecution and thus obtain the sympathy and aid of people who would not otherwise help them, the reports declare.—Havas.

Was Your Hat Stolen?

Was your hat stolen in a bus at the corner of Avenue du Roi Albert and Route Vallon at 6 p.m. on Monday? If so, you may get your hat back by calling at the French Concession police headquarters, 22, Route Stanislas Chevalier because the thief and his loot have been located.

Kentucky Governor Becomes Senator

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 10.

Governor Albert B. Chandler of Kentucky resigned the Governorship yesterday to accept a senatorial appointment succeeding the late Senator M. M. Logan.—United Press.

Always Ready For Meals!

Regular Development In Children Is Ensured By Watchful Care Of The Digestive Tract.

Healthy children eat well, sleep well, increase steadily in weight and height. When a child's appetite becomes poor, its sleep is restless and disturbed, it ceases to develop as you would wish it to do, just give Baby's Own Tablets a trial and you will almost surely be surprised how quickly you will see gratifying results.

Especially devised for the use of infants and children of all ages, Baby's Own Tablets speedily correct infantile indigestion, constipation, colic, check diarrhoea, allay the pains of teething, cool feverishness, expel worms. They also promptly relieve croup and colds, restore calm health-giving sleep, revive the appetite and promote regular development. Of chemists everywhere.

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from

THE SHANGHAI BUILDING CONTRACTORS' GUILD

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a letter has been received by this Guild from some of our members, stating as follows:—

"On account of the rapid decline of foreign exchange and high increase in costs, we have suffered very heavy losses and have asked in our previous letter for your assistance. We wish to thank you in this connection for your advertisement in the newspapers appealing to the owners. Since then we have been communicating with them for a compromise. Some have made reasonable increases, some only expressed their sympathy without taking any action, and others simply escaped from giving clear expression. As we cannot carry on with further delay, we shall be inevitably compelled to suspend our work and wait for a reasonable settlement. In view of other complications which might arise from the owners' tendering the incomplete jobs to new contractors after our suspension, we request that you would advertise in the newspapers to the effect that all jobs suspended owing to the present situation shall not be taken up by other persons without first obtaining consent of the original contractors."

Under the present circumstances, our member contractors have really encountered serious difficulties, which have set a big obstacle to the completion of their work and they have no way out of these difficulties unless some amicable compromise be made. We have previously published in the newspapers an appeal which we trust has received the attention of the owners.

We are in deep sympathy with our member contractors as regards what they have enumerated in their letter. But we would advise them not to suspend their work before careful consideration is made as, once the work is suspended, it will be more difficult to reach a settlement and additional disputes may arise thus making the situation more complicated.

As to the incomplete jobs to be taken up by new contractors, less anxiety should be felt in consideration of our strong union and the majority of members who have high business morals and will no doubt refrain from profiting for themselves at other people's expense.

Since the agreements for construction work are mostly specified with a time of completion, and the owners would expect to have use of their property in due time, suspension of jobs will cause unnecessary losses. Even if the owners should give the incomplete jobs to their new contractors there is no possibility of coming to terms without an increase in price. Instead of delaying the jobs and losing valuable time, it will be much better to effect an early completion of work at a reasonable increase in cost. We believe this point will be thoroughly appreciated by the owners.

For the interests of both the contractors and the owners we have herein-above reiterated what we are aware of and hope that our appeal will be kindly accepted.

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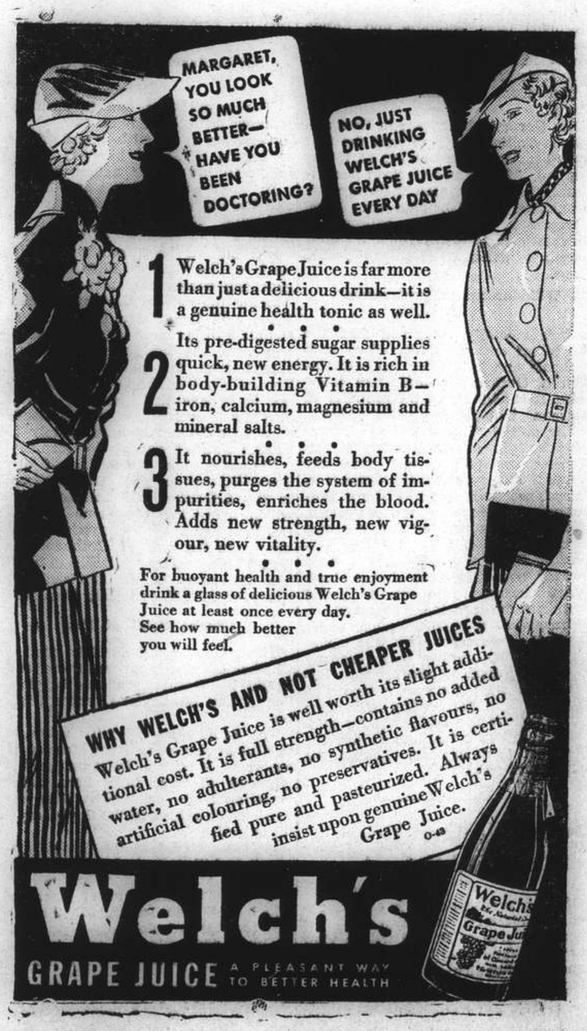

FROM DAY TO DAY

THE Shanghai Tenants' Association will hold their first general meeting today in the Union Church Hall at 5.30 p.m. Mr. Carroll Alcott, Mr. S. M. Edwards, and Mr. J. S. Chisholm will address the meeting.

THE Society of Miniature Rifle Clubs in England has launched a campaign to teach all civilians, men and women, how to use a rifle. They say such knowledge is of national importance.

OWING to the British Government requisitioning of trawlers, etc., landings of fish have dropped considerably, and strange varieties of fish will shortly replace those at present commonly used, thus Spanish ling—found in the Atlantic—will replace cod and haddock.

OCTOBER 1 was decreed as a day of National Prayer. The Archbishop of Canterbury announced the full approval of the King, and expressed the hope that Dominions and Colonies would join with their brethren in the United Kingdom in this act of united prayer.

LIGHTNING destroyed a number of barrage balloons over London on September 15, some being set on fire, others breaking adrift, one of which fell in a London street, and the cables of two others fouling tramway wires. No-one, however, was hurt, and the balloons were replaced immediately.

GEN. Toshizo Nishio, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces to China, visited three Army field hospitals in Nanking yesterday chatting with many wounded and ill officers and men during his tour of the various wards. The General returned to his headquarters at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

BOYS under 18, many of whom are Scouts, are being withdrawn from A.R.P. messenger services, as the Government feel they should not be exposed to the strain and long hours of war conditions. Before the declaration of war boys under 16 were allowed to train at A.R.P. centres, but it is now thought they should be allowed to take their part in civil defence by the organizations to which they belong.

EIGHT pounds a week is being offered to bricklayers in Manchester, £7 to machinists for a 48-hour week, and other similar vacancies. The Building Trade Workers' Union state that these offers were not in excess of the basic rates of the union, but concern is felt that such offers will attract employees from firms handling similar contracts. Machinists, of course, must work to quota and on piecework to a system.

THE Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis has asked intending police officers desiring to join one of the fighting services, to refrain from doing so for the present. He states that, although precautions were taken at the outset of war to safeguard London from immediate attack, the necessity for maintaining order still remained, and that in remaining with the Police Force "officers can rest assured they are serving the best interests of the country."

THE British Railways Press Bureau have announced that rigid economy in both passenger train mileage and use of locomotives is to be continued, and freights must have priority as compared with passenger transport. Regret is expressed for the withdrawal of cheap fares, but the maintenance of food supplies and regular communications by train is considered of greater importance. It is explained that goods trains cannot be run at night, owing to the blackout.

TOMORROW, October 12, at 8.40 a.m., the new steel flag pole presented to the Shanghai American School by the Fourth United States Marine Corps will be officially dedicated. The ceremony will take place in the semi-circle directly in front of the Administration Building. Colonel J. C. Fegan will deliver a short address and music will be furnished by the Marine band. Invitations to the ceremony have been sent to Mr. C. E. Gauss, Consul General for the United States, and Judge Milton J. Helmick, of the United States Court for China, as well as to the members of the Board of Managers of the School.

LIEUT.-General Sir W. D. S. Brownrigg, the new Director-General of the Territorial Army, is probably one of the busiest men at the War Office these days. To be responsible for the mobilization and organisation of the Territorial Army—our main line of home defence—with the threat of war imminent, is a big job. He is, however, both an "A" man and a "Q" man, and knows intimately the work of both the Adjutant-General's and the Quartermaster-General's departments. He learnt his soldiering with the Sherwood Foresters, and had valuable staff experience in China for four years at the time of the Shanghai crisis.

MR. C. Lovett Gill's acceptance of a directorship of the National Building Society is his debut in the financial world. Hitherto he has confined himself to architecture, in which profession he is known as the foremost designer of office blocks. He has, in fact, designed more than a million pounds' worth buildings in the City of London alone since the Great War, during which he served in one of the old "labour regiments" disbanded in the later stages of hostilities. Tall, quiet, and unassuming, Mr. Gill, who lives in a charming house in Hampshire, is a former president of the Architectural Association and a member of the council of the R.I.B.A. He is 59 years of age.

MR. A. J. Munnings, R.A., who has been engaged in a racy dispute over an exhibition of his pictures at Bury St. Edmunds, started life as a printer's apprentice. Forty years ago he sent a picture secretly to the Royal Academy. To his delight it was not only "hung," but was bought for 14 guineas by Sir W. H. Wills. The young artist celebrated the event by going to Bungay races and knocking off work for two days. Since then his pictures have brought him a fortune. As a painter who specializes in horses and gypsies, he is naturally fond of hunting. His passion for it is so great, in fact, that he has been known to go hunting in specially-made gout boots. He has been a martyr to gout, for many years, and has a special mount for hunting. He calls her his "gout mare."

War Intervention By China Urged

Mr. Eugene Chen Suggests Severance of Diplomatic Relations with Germany

Hongkong, Oct. 10.

China's intervention in the European war on the side of the allied Powers was advocated by Mr. Eugene Chen, former Foreign Minister, in a special "double tenth" message to the local press.

Mr. Chen said that if the war were limited to Britain, France and Germany victory for the allied Powers would be determined by British naval strength, specially if the war was protracted.

"Should the struggle develop and attain the dread dimensions of a world war the total power of Britain, France and the United States would dictate a victory for western democracy irrespective of Russian, Italian or Japanese action," Mr. Chen declared.

He expressed disbelief in the possibility of early peace in Europe, asserting that it would be tantamount to a German victory and negation of all Britain and France stood for.

Describing a belief in certain Chinese circles that the allies might not win as "wrong and deeply dangerous," Mr. Chen said a policy of neutrality was "precisely the line of action prescribed by Japan for the 'Provisional and Reformed Governments.'"

No Immediate Declaration of War

In order not to make Chinese intervention an idle gesture Mr. Chen suggested the severance of diplomatic relations with Germany, while to avoid the application to China of the American Neutrality Law, declaration of a state of war between China and Germany should be deferred until the allies' need for manpower should become pressing, he said.

In the meantime China should prepare by recruiting men for eventual service as workers, soldiers and seamen in Europe, he said. More than 1,000,000 Chinese could be sent to Europe, he claimed.

To support his views Mr. Chen pointed out that China's delayed intervention in the World War was responsible for the allied Powers' action in concluding a pact with Japan concerning Shantung. A similar danger existed today, regarding the whole of China, he added.

Terming a German victory as "possible but not at all probable," the former Foreign Minister concluded as follows: "In this improbable event it would not matter to the fate of China whether she should join the allies or maintain neutrality. The latter in any case would not interfere with Japanese conquest of China."—Domei.

Polish Refugees Find Difficulties in Italy

Bucharest, Oct. 9.

Italy's stiff attitude toward Polish refugees caused a great deal of worry among Polish citizens here today, for reports stated that a number of Poles in transit across Italy were detained although their papers were in order. It was also declared that during the last few days, the Italian Consulate here refused to grant Polish refugees visas to travel to France via Italy.—Havas.

Spanish Refugee Children Leaving Belgium

Brussels, Oct. 10.

Six hundred and eighty Spanish refugee children will leave here today to return to Spain. Four hundred left several weeks ago and a third expedition has been formed. They are among 3,000 Spanish children who took refuge in Belgian homes during the civil war.—Reuter.

OBITUARY

Rev. Chas. E. Patton

Cable information has reached Shanghai of the death in Passadena, California, on October 7, of the Rev. Chas. E. Patton, for many years a well-known missionary resident of Shanghai working under the American Presbyterian Mission, North.

Dr. Patton came to China to engage in Mission work in 1899, and for the greater part of his residence was engaged in executive work in Shanghai, being for some years secretary of the China Council, and later serving as vice-chairman and chairman. Due to a breakdown in health he left Shanghai in 1936, and with Mrs. Patton settled in Passadena, where he made some progress toward restoration.

Dr. Patton was held in very high esteem by the members of his own Mission and by all with whom he came into contact, who will feel a very real loss at his demise. He is survived by his wife, and by a sister, who is engaged in Mission work in South China.

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"Double Tenth" Passes Without Slightest Incident

Extensive Precautions Taken by Authorities; Chinese Public Bodies Cable Chiang Kai-shek

WITH Chinese flags flying from many buildings in the International Settlement and the French Concession yesterday on the occasion of the "Double Tenth", the day past quietly as expected and not the slightest incident occurred. A large number of police patrols and search parties were active from early morning until late last night while curfew was strictly enforced both on Monday night and yesterday.

Military detachments from the Seaforth Highlanders, the East Surreys, the United States Marines and the Russian Regiment, S.V.C. were on active duty throughout the day and two men each were stationed on the South side of all bridges over Soochow Creek, while police search parties were particularly active on Honan Road and Szechuen Road Bridge where nearly all pedestrians and vehicles were searched. S.V.C. vans with mounted Lewis-guns patrolled all sectors of the International Settlement while hotels and lodging houses were carefully searched but without result.

In the French Concession, the usual precautionary measures were taken and many streets and alleyways both in the Concession and the Settlement, were barred by barbed-wire entanglements which had been erected overnight.

The Chinese population not only celebrated the anniversary of the Chinese independence yesterday, but the day was all the more solemn in view of the Chinese victories in Hunan. A number of Chinese public bodies yesterday dispatched a telegram to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek in which they congratulated the troops responsible for the victories and assured the Chinese leader of their loyalty.

The Police Specials were on duty both on Monday night and throughout yesterday and assisted the regular police in their duties, while the Shanghai Volunteer Corps was on "precautionary" although a number of units had been on duty on Monday night.

Special precautions were take by the Japanese military authorities in the vicinity of Shanghai as there was a possibility of guerillas going into action. Up to a late hour last night, however, no information to that effect was available.

The Chinese press was filled with congratulatory messages addressed to the Chungking Government in which the loyalty of the Shanghai Chinese was borne out, while assurances were given that the Chungking Government would be the only legal Government recognized by them.

Theatres and other places of amusement, were thronged yesterday as all banks and major business firms were closed. Roof-gardens remained closed, however, by order of the police.

Making the day more meaningful than before the Chinese people throughout the country celebrated yesterday their National Holiday and also the victory of their army in Hunan as reported by the Chinese press. The same idea was entertained by the Chinese in Shanghai yesterday when Chinese public bodies sent a telegram to Gen. Chiang Kai-shek congratulating him for the victory and assuring their loyalty. All Chinese Government organizations, banks and large firms were closed and Chinese National flags were hoisted everywhere, but no meetings were held.

Congratulatory remarks were published in the Chinese press by Chinese firms and shops and at least one Chinese daily published a supplement. The National Government declaration refusing to recognize the existence of "puppet" administrations on occupied areas and reiterating that the Government at Chungking is the only Chinese Government having all sovereign rights was given prominence by the leading Chinese newspapers. Chungking will not recognize the validity of any notices issued by or treaties entered into by new régimes, it is stated.

There was a big contrast between Chinese newspapers here and the Japanese and pro-Japanese newspapers yesterday. While all of them published Double Tenth celebration stories the Chinese victory story was conspicuous by its absence in the latter papers. Minute details of the tactics used by the Chinese in scoring the victory in Hunan were given by the Chinese papers loyal to Chungking, quoting a commander at the front.

Mr. Wang Ching-wei's organ, the "Central China Daily News" refrained from publishing the war story from either side and in an autographed article entitled, "The New Life of the Republic of China," he stressed the importance of peace and of the establishment of a constitutional régime. He recalled that Japan took Canton last year when the Chinese were celebrating their National Holiday. He was determined to wipe out corruption which was responsible for the defeat in order to create a "new life" for China, he stated.

New York Chinese Celebrate

New York, Oct. 10.

Approximately 6,000 Chinese establishment's, including every Chinese laundry in the city will close today, while 15,000 Chinese will visit the New York World Fair in celebration of China day, commemorating the founding of the Chinese Republic.

The celebration will open at the Court of Peace at 2.30 p.m. and will be followed by a luncheon at the terrace Club, where a group of notables, including Mr. Fiorello La-Guardia, the Mayor of New York, and Mr. Herbert Hoover, former President of the United States will greet the Chinese Ambassador to Washington, Dr Hu Shih.

The day's events will conclude with a salute to China at the Lagoon of Nations, featured by a display of Chinese pyrotechnics. Speakers will include the Chinese Consul, Mr. Tsung Chi-yu, Mr. Theodore Roosevelt, Jun, Dr. Hu, and Bishop Francis J. McConnel of San Francisco.

An ancient rice bowl will be presented to Mr. Roosevelt in recognition of his aid to civilian refugees in China.—United Press.

Hongkong Celebration Off

Hongkong, Oct. 10.

An unexpected hitch caused the cancellation of plans for an elaborate celebration of the double tenth anniversary in Chinese circles here today.

It had been arranged to hold a big ceremony in the King's Theatre with more than 100 Chinese organizations participating. Gen. Wu Te-chen, former Governor of Kwangtung Province, was to have presided at the festive meeting, according to announcements.

Then the plans were changed suddenly and the joint celebration was called off. A separate ceremony took place in the Queen's Theater with leading Chinese residents of Hongkong presiding.

No reason was given for the change in plans, but it was believed that it was due to the Hongkong Government's dislike of political demonstrations.

Chinese shops and banks were decorated with blue sky, white sun flags. Funds were raised by selling flags.—Domei.

Manila Chinese Celebrate

Manila, Oct. 10.

Hundred of Chinese flags flew over restaurants, tailor shops, stores and residences throughout the city today in observance of the birth of the Chinese Republic.

The Chinese Consul-General, Dr. C. Kuangson Young, spoke at a joint meeting of the various Chinese organizations on the occasion.—United Press.

Chungking's Celebrations

Chungking, Oct. 10.

The entire population turned out today in a festive mood to celebrate the anniversary of the founding of the Chinese Republic 28 years ago. The city was gaily beflagged and all Government, Party and military offices were elaborately decorated, while the brilliant sunshine and warm weather brought out huge crowds to join the mass meetings and parades.

Streets were particularly crowded tonight when hundreds of thousands lined the main avenues to watch the torchlight procession.

Much laughter was created by the sight of the "Traitors of the Nation" costume parade, which included an effigy of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, deposed Kuomintang deputy.—Reuter.

Dual Search Parties On "Outside" Roads

The only outstanding features in yesterday's precautions were the dual search-parties active on the "outside" Settlement Roads when not only S.M.P. parties but also those of the "Special Municipality" police searched all pedestrians including tram and bus passengers who thus underwent two searches, one succeeding the other. The "Special Municipality" parties were under the command of N.C.O.s of the Japanese Gendarmerie and those actually taking part in the searches carried high-powered Mauser pistols while others were armed with rifles.

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Larger Navy Seen As Soviet Aim

Russia Wants to Rival England, Reich and Japan, Says "Japan Times"

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Soviet naval ambitions were held by the "Japan Times," English-language daily here, to underlie the U.S.S.R.'s moves in the Baltic. Heading its comment "Red Imperialism," the newspaper declared that the Soviet Union was steadily unfurling its banner of Communist imperialism in the Baltic. Heavier Kremlin pressure should be expected against Latvia and Finland, according to the daily.

"What the Soviet Union now seeks most is a big navy, the object of which is to rival England and Germany in Europe and Japan in East Asia," the "Japan Times" said. "But there are two serious obstacles, however, lying ahead of this Soviet naval programme."

American Opinion Unfavourable

One of the hitches in the path of the Kremlin's plans, the newspaper said, was the attitude of the United States, which was believed to be assisting the Soviet Union to build this big navy. The United States the daily opined, was likely to abandon the idea because of the outbreak of the European war and the German-Soviet rapprochement.

Moreover, the "Japan Times" continued, the American public was unlikely to view Moscow's recent attitude in a favourable light, while the efficiency of wartime American heavy industry will be taxed to capacity, with nothing to spare for the Soviet Navy.

"An other (and a more serious) obstacle is that even if the Soviet Union should succeed in completing her elaborate naval programme, Germany, who has reason to be greatly concerned about the Baltic Sea, will never observe it as an idle spectator.

"The more formidable the Soviet Navy grows, the more will be the chances for Germany to have friction with the Soviets in the future. In this particular aspect, the Soviet naval programme has a potential possibility of creating a situation far from what the leaders of the Kremlin might expect," the paper concluded.—Domei.

Japanese Sentry Kills Chinese Pedestrian

A Japanese sentry stationed on the Nantao side of Sikawei Creek opposite Avenue du Roi Albert fired one shot at 6.30 a.m. yesterday, killing a Chinese who was walking along the bank of the creek on the Nantao side. A few minutes later, a number of Chinese arrived and picked up the dead man, carrying him away.

It was impossible to ascertain the reason for the shooting which was witnessed by large crowds from the French Concession side of the creek.

Sweden Calls Reserves Under Colours

Stockholm, Oct. 9.

Conscripts called up for special service and due to be released from duty on October 15 would be retained under the colours until further notice, it was announced today.—Havas.

Chinese Guerillas Ambush Train

Many Killed In Explosion On Hangchow Railway

Confirmatory of a recent local Chinese report to the effect that a train coming here from Hangchow last Saturday was blown up by a mine buried by guerillas near Pingchang on the Shanghai Hangchow Railway, a Chinese cable from Kinhwa, wartime capital of Chekiang give more details of the incident asserting that it was the biggest result achieved by Chinese forces operating along the line for many months.

The Kinhwa report claims that no less than 300 persons, including many Japanese officers, gendarmes and Chinese policemen were killed during the explosion and in the ensuing battle between ambushed guerillas and Japanese guards of the railway. Railway communications have therefore been disrupted, it is stated.

The mine is stated to have been buried by Chinese forces the previous night. On Saturday morning a Shanghai-bound train departed from Hangchow and when it reached a village between Ningping and Chang-an the mine suddenly exploded blowing the four passenger coaches skyward. The whole train was overturned and guerillas rushed out from ambush to meet a small number of Japanese gendarmes in the open.

164th Birthday of Marine Corps

Historical Parade To Be Held At Race Course

A colour guard of Marines dressed in the uniform of 1775, a presentation of the new Regimental Flag to the Fourth Marines—these will be featured during the Regimental parade and review on November 10, commemorating the 164th birthday anniversary of the United States Marine Corps.

The parade and review is to be held for the Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Asiatic Fleet, and his Staff. Admiral Hart will make the presentation of the new flag, and the colour guard wearing the specially-made uniforms will be present in order that the transition of the Marine Corps uniform and colours can actually be seen.

Tentatively scheduled as part of the programme for the day are an "At Home" at the Fourth Marines Club, during which there will be dancing, and a regimental dinner for the officers.

Mr. Y. Hanawa Accepts Council Seat

Mr. Yutaro Hanawa, manager of the local branch of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and president of the Japanese Chamber of Commerce and Industry, officially accepted the post of Japanese member of the Shanghai Municipal Council on Monday afternoon from Chairman C. S. Franklin, according to the "Tairiku Shimpo" yesterday.

Mr. Hanawa, who is already serving on the Police Committee of the S. M. C., will also serve on the Finance Committee, filling out the unexpired term of Mr. Tatsuichiro Funatsu, who has returned to Japan, the paper said.

WEDDING

Baker-Andrews

The wedding took place on Monday afternoon at Holy Trinity Cathedral of Private Ernest Baker, 1st Bn. The Seaforth Highlanders and son of Mr. and Mrs. William Baker, of Southend-on-Sea, England, and Miss Joyce Unity Andrews, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Andrews of Shanghai. The Rev. J. N. L. Bryan, C.F., officiated, and the chancel of the Cathedral was beautifully decorated with pink and white flowers for the occasion.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a trained gown of heavy French satin made in period style with a three-cornered neckline, high waist, and long sleeves which were draped fully to the elbows and then fitted closely to the wrists. Her veil of fine white tulle was fastened to the head with orange blossoms and she carried a shower bouquet of white gladioli and jasmine. Mrs. W. Hastings Greene was matron of honour. Her frock was of heavy powder blue silk cut on straight lines. With it she wore a georgette halo hat to match, her flowers being pink gladioli. The bridesmaid was Miss Marreille Middleton. Her dress was a Lanvin model of pervenche blue taffeta, the bodice trimmed with georgette of the same shade and made with a peasant neckline and short puffed sleeves. Her headdress and bouquet were of crimson dahlias, the bouquet being tied with silver ribbons. Mr. Patrick McAloon was best man and the ushers were Piper A. Duncan, Piper J. Gibbs, Mr. W. Hastings Greene and Lance-Corporal D. J. McLean.

The bride's mother was wearing a frock of wine-coloured crêpe satin with a matching hat.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the American Women's Club, 577 Bubbling Well Road. A display of Highland dancing and bagpipe music by friends of the bridegroom's in the Seaforth Highlanders greatly delighted the many guests present, as did the singing of old Scottish songs. The bride went away in a violet wool dress with turban, shoes and bag to match. Herr woollon coat was of deep purple with an embossed pattern down the front. Owing to present conditions, the honeymoon is being spent in Shanghai.

Mr. Wang Ching-wei to Make Screen Biography

Plans for the making of a screen version of the eventful life of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, close disciple of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen and ardent revolutionist, are being drawn up by the Shanghai branch of the Far Eastern Theatrical Troupe, a Sino-Japanese organization, the Shanghai "Mainichi" reported yesterday. The filming would be done by the China Film Company, according to the newspaper.

Negotiations will be entered into with the China Film Company for undertaking production as soon as Mr. Manabu Yoshitake, head of the theatrical group, returns from Tokyo, the paper added.

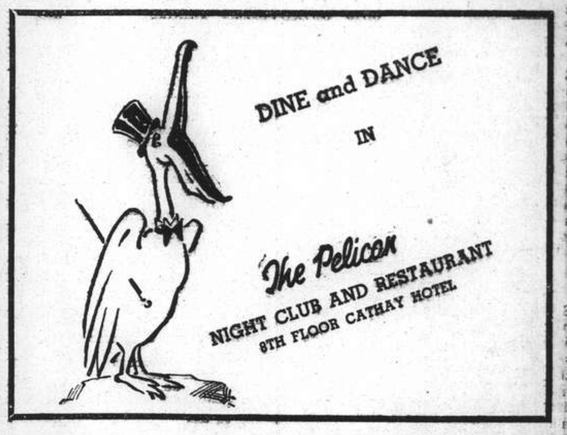
Indo-China Shipping Difficulties

Hongkong, Oct. 10.

Newly imposed restrictions on the shipment of goods to China from French Indo-China have caused goods bound for Kweilin and Yunnan to pile up at the border, a Haiphong dispatch to the "Star Island Daily News" said today.

The French authorities, the daily recalled, had enforced restrictions on China-bound shipments shortly after the declaration of war against Germany, but these curbs were relaxed following negotiations between French and Chinese officials. Mr. T. V. Soong was among the latter.

The Customs authorities at the frontier were reported in the dispatch to be holding up shipments. This action, the Haiphong message said, has caused Chinese Consular officials to advise importers to withhold the transportation of commodities through Indo-China while the restrictions were being enforced.—Domei.



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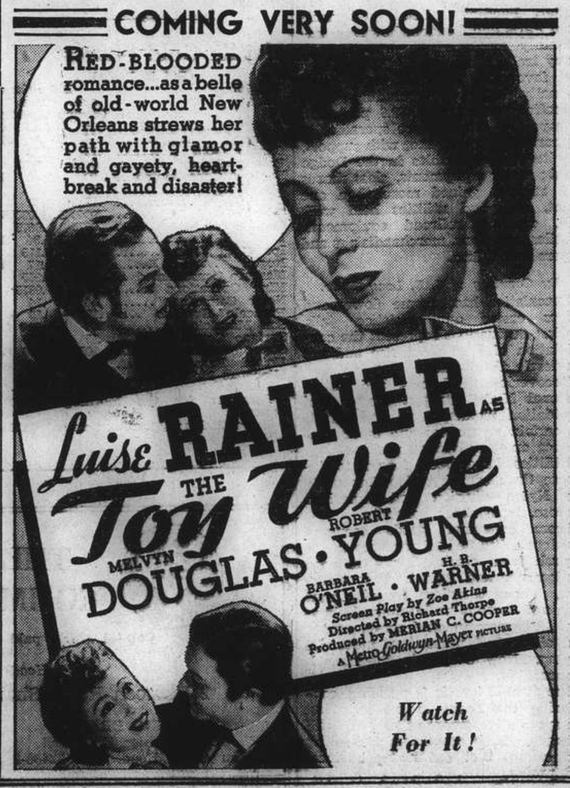

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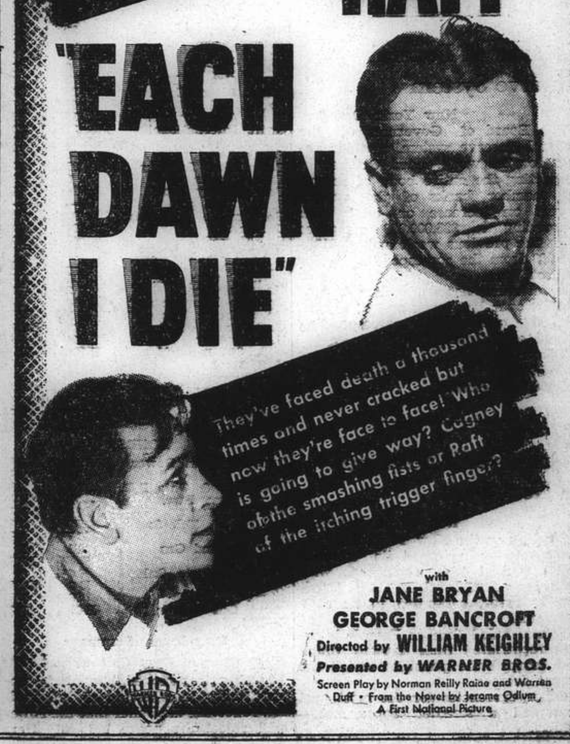
They've faced death a thousand times and never cracked but now they're face to face! Who is going to give way? Cagney of the smashing fists or Raft of the itching trigger finger?
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GEORGE BANCROFT
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Screen Play by Norman Reilly Raine and Warren Duff · From the Novel by Jerome Odlum
A First National Picture

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 9.

Today's session on the London Stock Exchange was chiefly notable for the greater liveliness and firmness of British gilt-edged securities, in which several encouraging gains were recorded. Other sections ruled quieter, but a cheerful undertone was fully maintained.

Continental selling, representing the repatriation of funds, adversely affected several leading oils and Kaffirs.—Reuter.

	Oct. 6	9
War Loan 3½% (Red.)	£88½	88½
JAPANESE BONDS		
Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	30½	30½
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1907	36½	36
	Osaka, Oct. 10.	
Kogo 5%		Y.105.38
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		
Allied Ironfounders	15/9	15/9
Armstrong Stevens	5/3	5/3
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	33/6	33/9
Austin Motors, ord.	17/1	17/6
Bristol Aeroplane	16/-	16/6
British American Tob.	81/3	81/10
Cable & W.	45¾	46½
Cammell Laird. ord.	6/6	6/3
Courtaulds	26/3	25/6
Distillers	86/6	85/6
Dunlop Rubber	25/-	24/3
General Elec. (Eng.)	64/-	64/4
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	81/-	81/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	14/7	15/-
Imp. Chem. Indus.	28/7	28/1XD
Imp. Tobacco.	108/9	110/7
Leyland Motors	82/6	81/3
Merks & Spencer "A" ord.	47/6	46/3
Pressed Steel, com.	12/6	10/6XD
Rolls-Royce	86/3	86/3
Smethwick Drop Forgings	14/6	14/6
Tate & Lyle	58/1	58/4
Turner & Newall	71/3	71/3
United Steel	22/4	21/6XD
Vickers, ord.	16/6	15/10XD
Woolworths	56/3	56/3
MISCELLANEOUS		
Anglo Dutch	24/6	24/3
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	27/6	27/6
MINES		
Burma Corp.	8/9	8/7
Commonwealth Min.	Unq.	Unq.
Marsman Invests.	10/7	10/7
Randfontein Ests.	35/7	35/7
Sub-Nigel	180/-	175/-
Tanami Gold Min.	4½d	4½d
Western Holdings	7/10	7/10
OILS		
Anglo Iranian	57/6	57/6
Burmah	61/10	60/7XD
Mexican Eagle	4/7	4/7
Shell Trans. & Trad.	83/9	83/1
XD—Ex dividend.		
CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	—	—
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	38	38
4½% Anglo-French Loan,	40	40
5% Crisp Loan. 1912	21	21
5% Reorg. Loan. 1913	32	32
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	—	—
5% Honan Rly., 1905	—	—
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	—	—
5% " " (Ger. Is.)	—	—
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	—	—
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	—	—
5% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	—	—
5% " " G.	—	—
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	—	—
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	—	—
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	—	—
S'hai. Elec. Construction	—	—
S'hai. Waterworks "A"	10	10
Un. Insurance Soc.	19	19
Charted. Bank of I. A. & C.	6⅜	6⅝
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	72	72
" (Col. Reg.)	73	73
Chinese Eng. & Min.	—	—
Chosen Corp.	—	—
Pekin Syndicate	—	—
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	16/3	16/3

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: Oct. 9.

Japan	78¾	London	1/5 31/32
New York	334	2 mths	
Shanghai	28¼	" (sellers)	1/6
Hongkong	85¾	" (buyers)	1/6 1/16
		Japan (sellers)	78¾
		(buyers)	77½

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.00	Shanghai	4⅞d*
Paris	176.00	Bombay	1/6⅛*
Berlin	—	Hongkong	1/3 1/16*
Amsterdam	7.50	Singapore	2/4 3/32*
Brussels	23.85	Yokohama	1/2¼*
Madrid	39.75*	" (buying)	1/1 15/32*
Milan	78.50*	Prague	—
Berne	17.82	Bangkok	1/10¼

*—Unofficial rates.

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.00 N	Japan	23.65
Spain	unq.	Shanghai	7.80
Holland	53.16	Austria	unq.
Paris	2.29	C'slovakia	unq.
Brussels	17.76	Hungary	19.00 N
Italy	5.05	Rumania	0.73
S'zerland	22.45	Yugo Slavia	2.33
Sweden	23.85	Greece	0.74¾
Norway	22.75	Bulgaria	Unq.
Denmark	19.35	Finland	2.00
Montreal	89.560	Poland	unq.
Brazil	5.10		

N—Nominal *—Unofficial Rates S—sellers

London	4.04
" Demand	4.02¾
" Commercial 60 days bills	4.01⅞
" Bankers' 60 days bills	4.01⅞
Buenos Aires Paper	Unq.
" " Market Rate	23.55
Montreal on London	4.51⅝

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: Oct. 9.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	2 5/32%
Bank Bills,	6 months	2 3/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	3⅛%
Fine Trade bills,	6 months	4¼%
Call Money		1½%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B 0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 9/16%B 0½%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Returns of Federal Reserve System

New York, Oct. 9.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve system, in their report for the week ended October 4 respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of the system, reveal an increase on total loans amounting to $25,000,000 compared with the previous week and of $135,000,000 from the corresponding period of last year.

Investments show advances of $56,000,000 over last week and of $1,176,000,000 over the corresponding period of last year.

Loans during the week totalled $8,375,000,000 and investments $14,125,000,000.—Reuter.

Sterling Still Advances In New York

New York, Oct. 9.

Sterling on the New York exchange market today resumed its advance and closed at 4.04, compared with Saturday's final level of 4.02⅛. Trading, however, continued to be at a minimum.

France ruled firm as French interests repatriated their capital, which had escaped the penalties under the recent decrees.

Other currencies for the most part presented a steadier appearance.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 9.

Stock prices on Wall Street today finished with moves of fractions to 1 point either way, but with gains predominating. However, uncertainty is still holding sway, and dealings were very slow.

The paucity of offerings is viewed as constructive, while, at the same time, the buying urge was chilled by European uncertainties. The possibility of a nearby armistice at least temporarily halting the domestic business picture was also a restraining influence.

Steels were aided by another increase in mill activity, while motors showed resistance, despite labour troubles.

Meanwhile, it is believed that traders will keep commitments light, at least pending M. Daladier's speech tomorrow.

The turnover today amounted to 630,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	150.51	148.91	149.89	+0.29
20 Rails	33.90	33.46	33.61	—0.03
15 Utilit.	25.04	24.77	24.95	+0.07
40 Bonds	—	—	89.40	Unc.
11 Commod.	—	—	54.13	—0.66

	Oct. 7	9
Adams Express	9⅜	9½
Alleghany Ludlum	24	24
Allied Stores	9⅜	9⅜
Allis Chalmers	42	43
Aluminium Ltd.	95	96¼
Amer. Can.	111⅞	113
Amer. Cyanamid "B"	33	32¾
Amer. & For. Power	2¾	2½
" $7 pfd.	24⅝	26¼
Amer. Gas & Elec.	35½	35
Amer. Locomotive	25½	26
Amer. Metal	B 26	26
Amer. Radiator	9¾	10⅜
Amer. Rolling Mill	20⅛	20¼
Amer. Smelting & Ref.	53⅛	53¾
Amer. Sugar Refining	24	24¼
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	161¾	162¼
Amer. Tobacco "B"	78¼	78½
Amer. Waterworks	13⅛	13¼
Anaconda Copper	32⅝	32⅞
Atchison T. & S. Fe	30¾	30⅛
Auburn	—	—
Baldwin Locomotive	18⅝	18¾
Baltimore & Ohio	7½	7⅜
Barber Asphalt Corp.	15⅞	17
Barnsdall Oil Co.	16½	16¼
Bendix Aviation	28⅜	28¼
Bethlehem Steel	87¾	88¼
Bliss (E.W.)	17	16⅝
Boeing Airplane	25⅝	25½
Borg Warner	27	27¼
Briggs Mfg. Co.	24⅛	24¼
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	12	12
" $6 cum. pfd.	—	—
Budd Mfg. (E.G.)	6¾	6⅝
Can. Pacific Rly.	5½	5½
Case J.I.	79	78⅜
Celanese Corp.	24½	24⅞
Chase Nat. Bank	B 35¼	B 35½
Chesapeake & Ohio	43	42¾
Chrysler	90⅝	91½
Colt's Patent Fire-Arms	84	84
Columbia Gas & Elec.	7½	7⅜
" 6% "A" pfd.	82	83
Coml. Credit	45⅜	45½
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1½	1½
" $6 cum. pfd.	64	64
Consolid. Edison	29⅞	30⅛
Consolid. Oil	8¾	8⅝
Continental Can	47¼	47½
Continental Oil	28¼	28½
Corn Products	62½	62½
Curtiss Wright (com.)	6⅞	6⅞
" " "A"	25¾	26
Deere & Co.	23¾	23⅝
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	B 14⅝	14⅝
Douglas Aircraft	74	74⅜
Du Pont de Nemours	174⅞	177
Eagle Picher Lead	12⅛	B 11¾
Eaton Mfg. Co.	27	26⅞
Elec. Auto Lite	37⅜	38⅜
Elec. Bond & Share	9⅜	9⅜
" $5 pfd.	—	55½
" $6 pfd.	65¾	66¼
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	32⅞	33⅞
Flintkote	17¼	17⅞
Food Machinery Corp.	B 32½	33⅛
Gen. Amer. Trans.	59¾	60¾
Gen. Elec.	40¼	40⅛
Gen. Motors	53¾	54⅞
Gen. Rly. Signal	22⅞	22¾
Gen. Tire & Rubber	21⅝	22
Glidden Co.	17⅞	18⅛
Goodrich (B.F.)	21⅞	21⅞
" $5 pfd.	—	63¾
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	27⅝	27¼
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	18¾	18½
Great Nthrn. Rly.	29¾	29⅝
Great Western Sugar	31¼	31
Greyhound Corp.	16¼	16⅜
Hercules Power	89½	90
Homestake Min.	57	56½
Indus. Rayon	26¾	26¾
Int. Harvester	64	64
Int. Nickel	39½	40⅛
Int. Tel. & Tel.	B 5⅜	5⅜
Johns Manville	76	76
Jones & Laughlin	76	76
Kennecott	39¼	39½
Lakey Foundry & Machine	B 3½	3¾
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	47¾	48¾
Lockheed Aircraft	27½	26¾
Loew's Inc.	34⅜	34¾
Manhattan Shirt Co.	—	—
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	34⅛	34⅞
McKesson & Robbins	B 15½	B 15¼
Monsanto Chemical	107	106
Montgomery Ward	53⅞	54
Nat. City Bank	B 29	B 29
Nat. Dairy Products	16⅛	15⅞
Nat. Distillers	23½	23½
Nat. Gypsum	10	9⅞
Nat. Lead	21¾	21¾
Nat. Power & Lt.	8½	8¾
Nat. Steel Corp.	77	77¾
Nat. Supply Co.	11½	11½
New York Central	20½	20½
Niagara Hudson Power	7¼	7¾
North Amer. Aviation	20	19¾
North Amer. Co.	22	22⅛
Northern Pacific	11	11⅛
Owens-Illinois-Glass	63¼	62½
Pacific Gas & Elec.	29⅝	29⅞
Pacific Lighting	44	44½
Packard Motors	4	3⅞
Paramount Pictures	7¾	7⅞
Pennsylvania R.R.	24¾	24¾
Phelps Dodge	43⅛	42¼
Phila. & Reading Coal	1	0⅞
Phillips Petroleum	45¼	44½
Pittsburgh Coke & Iron	B 9¾	B 9⅝
Public Serv. of N.J.	38¼	38⅜
Pullman Inc.	38⅛	37¾
Pure Oil	9⅝	9⅞
Radio Corp. of Amer.	5⅞	6
Reading Co.	19¾	19⅞
" 1st pfd.	28	B 27¾
Remington Arms Co.	B 5⅜	B 5⅛
Republic Steel Co.	25⅝	25½
Revere Copper & Brass	15¾	15¼
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	36½	36½
Richfield Corp.	8	8
Safeway Stores	42⅛	42½
Schenley	—	12½
" 5½% pfd.	—	—
Sears Roebuck	78¼	78½
Seversky Aircraft	4¾	5
Shell Union Oil	14½	14⅛
Socony-Vacuum	13¾	13⅝
Sthrn. Pacific	16¾	16¾
Sthrn. Rly.	31	31⅜
Sperry Corp.	47	47¼
Spicer Mfg.	B 28	B 28
Stand. Brands	6	6⅛
Stand. Gas & Elec.	B 3	3
Stand. Oil of Calif.	29	28¾
Stand. Oil of N.J.	47¾	47¾
Stone & Webster	12½	12¾
Swift International	31¼	30¾
Technicolor.	B 11½	11⅝
Texas Corp.	46½	46¼
Texas Gulf Sulphur	35⅝	35½
Transamerica	6⅜	6¼
Tw. Century Fox	14	14½
" " pfd.	—	—
Un. Carbide & Carbon	90¼	88¾
Un. Pacific	100½	100½
Un. Aircraft	42¾	43
Un. Air Lines Trans.	10⅝	11
Un. Corp.	—	2¾
" $3 cum. pfd.	36⅛	36½
Un. Gas Corp.	2⅜	2¼
Un. Gas Improvement	14	14
Un. Light & Power "A"	B 1⅝	B 1⅝
U. S. Indus. Alcohol	23	B 23
U. S. Rubber	41⅛	41⅜
" 8% n-c pfd.	B 105½	105½
U. S. Steel	74⅛	73⅞
Vanadium	35⅜	35
Warner Bros. Picts.	4⅛	4¼
Westinghouse Elec.	115¾	115¼
Woodward Iron	28¾	28½
Woodward Iron	28¾	28½
BONDS		
Amer. & For. Power	59½	59½
Brazil	11¼	11⅛
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	29	29⅜
Cities Serv. Pwr.	79⅞	80¼
Erie R.R.	16¼	16⅜
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s	53¼	53¼
Minas Geraes	B 7⅞	8⅝
New England Gas	68	68
Peru	B 7⅜	B 7¾
Rio Grande do Sul	B 6¾	7
Sao Paulo	B 6	B 6⅝
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	53⅛	53¼
Stand Gas & Elec.	B 67¼	67¾

B—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices moved irregularly upward today in a session of dull trading, reflecting the belief that the Allies will reject the peace bid of Herr Hitler. Pending official statements from Paris and London, however, uncertainty continued to prevail, with many traders keeping to the sidelines and favourable business news being virtually ignored, including steel operations running at 88.6 per cent. of capacity. Steels were sporadically supported; Chrysler met with support, despite labour troubles in the Dodge plant; motor equipments, glass shares and rubbers gained more than one point, rails and utilities held well, and, coppers, railroad equipments, textiles, aviations, merchandisings and papers ruled firm.

By Courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

Speculation has become slower and prices easier on armistice talk. Market fluctuations represent the consolidation of a 20 point rise and not wholesale distribution.

Recoveries in Loews and International Nickel suggest the end of liquidation incidental to war effects on certain companies and more confidence on the dividend position.

Utilities have been forced to increase their capacity, also Dupont in the Nylon division and American Viscose, from sheer necessity.

From consumer goods economy develops a full fledged recovery under a push from electrical and railroad equipments and industrial construction. Forward orders are at a new high and there is no let-down in buying. Advances in steel scrap, copper and oils reflect necessitous industrial buying. New Corporate financing is encouraging.

The market inertia is puzzling, considering the boom in business, but the speculative errors of 1937 are still a bogey. Such scepticism is healthy and cannot blot out rising business and profits.

Foreign Traders Offer Programme

Emergency Laws Proposed; Insured Credits Asked U.S. War-Risk Clause

A legislative programme more complete than foreign traders have ever been able to offer a convening Congress was laid before the emergency session called by President Roosevelt, exporters and importers agreed in New York on September 10. All elements of the trade, it was explained, are united on the steps which the United States must take to rescue its foreign trade from the confusion resulting from the war, says Charles E. Egan in the "New York Times."

Amendment of the Neutrality Law, enactment of the Bland bill providing for the entry of the government into the marine and war-risk insurance and reinsurance fields, legislation increasing the current capital of the Export-Import Bank of Washington, and a law enabling the government to insure the credits given by American exporters are major points in the foreign trade programme. The chief fear expressed was that President Roosevelt in calling Congress might limit the session's business to consideration of neutrality legislation alone.

Expect Little Opposition

Exporters are confident that their legislative programme will meet little opposition from Congress at the special session. They are still smarting over the fact that Congress turned down similar proposals at the latest session despite the warning of foreign traders that difficulties such as now confront our foreign commerce were foretold in testimony the exporters and importers gave at public hearings in Washington last Spring.

The foreign traders will call attention to the fact that last June spokesmen for the National Foreign Trade Council, representing all foreign traders, urged Congress to enact the Bland bill permitting the government to provide war-risk insurance coverage.

At that time the council recalled the bitter experiences of foreign traders at the beginning of the World War in 1914, when trade came to a standstill. The emergency situations which arose at that time are rapidly developing now, it was said, and exporters are finding themselves shut off entirely from some markets and compelled to shoulder a heavy burden of war-risk insurance in order to serve others. In June witnesses stressed the fact that Great Britain, France, the Netherlands and other countries had already provided similar facilities.

Want Financing for Americas

As far as the measure authorizing an increase to $200,000,000 in the funds available to the Export-Import Bank of Washington is concerned, exporters warned Congress that unless the money was granted American manufacturers would find themselves at a distinct disadvantage in financing business with Latin America. The current fund of $100,000,000 has been all but used up. In view of the increasing demands for American goods from Latin-American and other markets now cut off from European suppliers, exporters are expected to urge a $250,000,000 to $300,000,000 fund for the bank's use.

Government insurance of foreign credits to enable exporters to handle many orders they might have to turn down otherwise, also will be sought. The foreign traders have insisted for years that such insurance, available at reasonable premiums, should be given American exporters who are forced to compete with producers in England and other countries which give such protection to their shippers.

The National Foreign Trade Council will act as the spearhead in the drive for the legislative programme with the National Council of American Importers and other foreign trade organizations here and in other cities supplementing the council's efforts.

Bank of Denmark Raises Discount Rate

Copenhagen, Oct. 10.

As from today, the Bank of Denmark has raised its rate of discount from 4½ per cent. to 5½ per cent.—Reuter.

Paris Bourse

Paris, Oct. 2.

The Bourse opened strong in French issues and weak in internationals today.

During the session, French stocks continued to gain while other issues remained quiet.—Havas.

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 9.

The cotton market early declined on lower Liverpool and Bombay cables, liquidation and hedging. Later, conditions became irregular with short-covering, trade and speculative buying and the bullish Government report being offset by profit taking and renewed liquidation. Finally, the market closed steady, with quotations ranging from 7 points down to 2 points up.

Prices in the rubber market today early advanced on steady cables, professional buying and better trade and factory absorption. At the close, quotations ranged from 5 to 13 points up.

Wheat prices in Chicago today declined early in the session on liquidation, realizing and rains in the drought section, but towards the close midly recovered on some covering operations and better Wall Street advices. At the final bell, losses of ½ to ⅝ cent. were recorded.

New York Cotton

Oct.	9.04 N	—07
Dec.	8.77-77	—03
Jan.	8.64 N	—04
Mar.	8.56-56	—01
May	8.38-39	+01
July	8.18-19	+02
July (New)	8.38 N	+01

New York Rubber

Dec.	18.74-77	+05
Mar.	17.85-85	+10
May	17.73 N	+13
July	17.69 N	+13

N. Y. Sugar No. 4

Mar.	1.69½-70 B/A	—11
May	1.70½-71 B/A	—11½
Sept.	1.73-75 B/A	—12

N. Y. Silk No. 1

Dec.	2.87½-88 B/A	—2½

Chicago Wheat

Dec.	80¾-80⅝	—½
May	80½-80⅜	—⅝

Chicago Corn

Dec.	49½-49⅝	+¾
May	52⅛-52⅛	+⅝

The Winnipeg wheat market remained closed today.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 9.

Steady conditions prevailed in the London rubber market today.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 9 9/16 unchunged; sellers 9 11/16 +1/16; November delivery, buyers 9 9/16 unchanged; sellers 9 11/16 +1/16;
Liverpool Cotton: American Futures: Oct. 5.69 —6; Nov. 5.60 —6; Jan. 5.57 —6; Mar. 5.55 —5;
Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 contract; Oct. 6.96 —3; Nov. 7.01 —3; Jan. 7.10 —3; Mar. 7.17 —2;
London Metals: Tin, Standard, cash, buyers £230 +¼; 3 mths, buyers £230 +¼. There were no sellers today.—Reuter.

Cotton Crop Report as Of October 1

Washington, Oct. 9.

The Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture issues the following estimates in its fourth crop report of the 1939 season. The Bureau of the Census of the Department of Commerce also issues its fifth ginning report of the season as given below:—

Season:	Production 500 lb. bales	Yield per acre pounds	Ginnings prior to Oct. 1 running bales
1939	11,928,000	235.7	6,687,000
1938	12,212,000	221.1	6,578,000
1937	17,573,000	249.3	8,260,000
1963	11,609,000	186.9	6,032,000
1935	11,464,000	191.5	4,232,000

The September report indicated:—Production 12,380,000 bales; Condition 70.0 per cent.; Yield 244.7 pounds and: Ginnings, prior to Sept. 16, 3,883,000 bales.

Reports of Previous Seasons

	Production	Yield per acre	Ginnings
1938	11,943,000	235.8	11,621,000
1937	18,946,000	269.9	18,252,000
1936	12,399,000	197.6	12,141,000
1935	10,638,000	184.2	10,420,000

The next ginning report will be issued on October 25, and the fifth crop report on November 8.—Reuter.

Morgenthau Announces New Bond Issue

Washington, Oct. 9.

Treasury Bonds to the value of $150,000,000 would be issued next week to obtain funds for the Treasury to meet current financial needs, Henry J. Morgenthau Jr., Treasury Secretary, announced today.—Havas.

U.S. Steel Mill Operations

New York, Oct. 9.

The American Iron and Steel Institute, in its weekly report, places steel mill activity for the week commencing October 9 at 88.6 per cent. of capacity.

This represents a new high record since April, 1937, when activity was listed at 92.3, and a gain of 1.1 over the previous week and of 37.2 per cent. over the corresponding period last year.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bid in Pesos)

Oct. 10.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.15 S	.15 S
Antamok	.14 S	.14 S
Baguio Gold	.12	.12
Batong Buhay	.0085	.0085
Benguet Consolidated ..	9.70	9.70 S
Big Wedge	.17	.17
Coco Grove	.13	.13
Consolidated Mines ..	.0040 S	.0035 S
Demonstration	.0675	.0675
I. X. L.	.34 S	.34 S
Ipo Gold	.115	.115
Itogon	.175 S	.17 S
Masbate Consolidated ..	.0675	.065
Mine Operations	.0875	.0875
North Camarines	.14	.14
Paracale Gumaus	.155	.15
San Mauricio	.68 S	.68 S
Surigao Consolidated ..	.15	.155
Suyoc	.105	.105 S
United Paracale	.265 S	.26 S
Minoanao Motherlode ..	.0625	.0625

S—Sales.

Turnover for the Morning: 63,700 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 62.71.—Reuter.

Control of Iron and Steel Industry

Licence System; Maximum Prices for Chief Products Fixed by Order

Details are now available of the plans for the control of the iron and steel industry by the Ministry of Supply under the Defence Regulations, states the "Financial News."

Sir Andrew Duncan has been appointed the controller of the industry. He is chairman of the executive committee of the British Iron and Steel Federation and a director of the Bank of England.

Provisions for Exemption

It is announced that licences are required to acquire iron and steel goods and certain raw materials, but provision is made for exemption, by notice, from the necessity to obtain a licence in favour of certain classes of purchasers and certain purposes.

A notice is issued providing for the exemption of the main classes of first priority users—Government departments, purchasers requiring goods for civil defence purposes, and railway, shipbuilding and coal-mining undertakings.

Goods forming the subject of existing contracts are also exempt from licencing, but may be subject to certain priorities. All purchasers of small quantities of goods (not exceeding 10 cwt.) and purchasers from stock-holding merchants for urgent requirements (during a period of 14 days from the date of the Order) are also exempt from licencing.

No licences are required for dealing in scrap iron and steel, but a licence is required from the Export Licencing Department of the Board of Trade for the export of scrap iron and steel and for certain iron and steel goods.

Prices Fixed Till October 31

Maximum prices are established for the principal iron and steel products. Prices are given in the second schedule to the Order and are basis prices only, extras, rebates, etc., being in accordance with the scales at present ruling. The prices scheduled are those current in the industry and it is contemplated that they will remain unchanged until October 31 next.

Text of the Order

The Order is entitled the Control of Iron and Steel Order, and the text of it is as follows:—

1. (i.) No person shall acquire or agree to acquire any of the articles or materials of any of the descriptions mentioned in the first Schedule hereto situate in the United Kingdom on or at any time after the date on which this Order comes into force, except under the authority of a licence granted by the Minister, which licence may be granted subject to such conditions as may be specified or referred to in such licence or as the Minister may from time to time determine—Provided, however, that the Minister may by notice make such exemptions of persons or classes of persons or otherwise, howsoever as he may think fit, from the requirements of this paragraph under such conditions as may be stated in the notice.

(ii) No person shall dispose of, or agree to dispose of, any such articles or materials as aforesaid except to a person who produces a licence granted the Minister authorizing him to acquire these articles or materials as the case may be or who is exempted as aforesaid.

(iii) Any notice given by the Minister under this Article shall be published in such manner as shall appear to him to be best adapted for informing persons affected and shall have effect from the date of such publication.

(iv) Nothing in this Article shall be taken to prohibit or to restrict the delivery to and acceptance by a person carrying on the business of a carrier of any such articles or materials as aforesaid in the ordinary course of that business, or the delivery by and acceptance from such a person of any such articles or materials in the ordinary course of that business.

Revocation of Licence

2. If any licence granted under this Order is revoked by the Minister of Supply the holder of the licence shall forthwith deliver up the licence as directed by the Minister.

3. No person shall buy or sell, or agree or offer or invite an offer to buy or sell, any articles or materials of any of the descriptions mentioned in the second Schedule hereto situate in the United Kingdom, and for delivery in the United Kingdom, on or at any time after the date on which this Order comes into force at a price provided for in or calculated in accordance with the said Schedule, or such amended Schedule as may be in force at the time of delivery of the said articles or materials.

4 In this Order the expressions "acquire" and "dispose of" include respectively the taking and giving of possession.

5. This Order shall come into force on September 1, 1939, and may be cited as the Control of Iron and Steel Order, 1939.

New York Stocks Uncertain

New York, Oct. 9.

Uncertainty over the Allied reply to Chancellor Adolf Hitler's peace offensive kept most traders on the sidelines on the New York Stock Exchange again yesterday but prices advanced irregularly, indicating that some traders believe the German peace offer will be rejected.

Wall Street is doing some calculating regarding the probable cost of war and the amount of money likely to be spent in the United States. It is believed the cost of another general European outbreak, including the estimated valuation on human life, would be likely to exceed $400,000,000,000 the cost of the World War.

One estimate places the net worth of the Allies' realizable assets at $125,000,000,000. Consequently the Allies would require credits if their war costs approach or exceed the costs of the World War.

In view of the Allies unpaid debts to the United States and the Johnson Act, barring further loans to nations in default on payments to the United States, many Wall Street experts are beginning to believe that war orders are likely to be more harmful than beneficial to American economy.

The Street is inclined to believed that the next crucial date will be around January 1, 1940. Prosperity is expected to make further advances if present levels are maintained within reasonable limits, if consumption increases and increases in South American trade offset the loss of some European markets. Otherwise, the depression will probably return, it is believed.

Trading on the Exchange yesterday was the slowest in five weeks and favourable domestic news was virtually ignore.—United Press.

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BRITISH INDIA: Bombay and Calcutta.
CHINA: Shanghai, Hongkong and Amoy.
THE PHILIPPINES: Manila.
STRAITS SETTLEMENT: Singapore.
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All Banking Transactions.

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Issued and Fully Paid-up .. .. HK$20,000,000
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Reserve Funds { Hongkong Currency .. .. .. HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .. .. HK$20,000,000

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	A		I		E		E		A		F	
O	R	A	N	G	E	B	L	O	S	S	O	M
	T		K		D		E		P		W	
C	H	A	S	T	E		T	R	I	F	L	E
	E				D	O	E		R			
S	N	E	A	K		N		D	E	E	D	S
			C		D	E	N				E	
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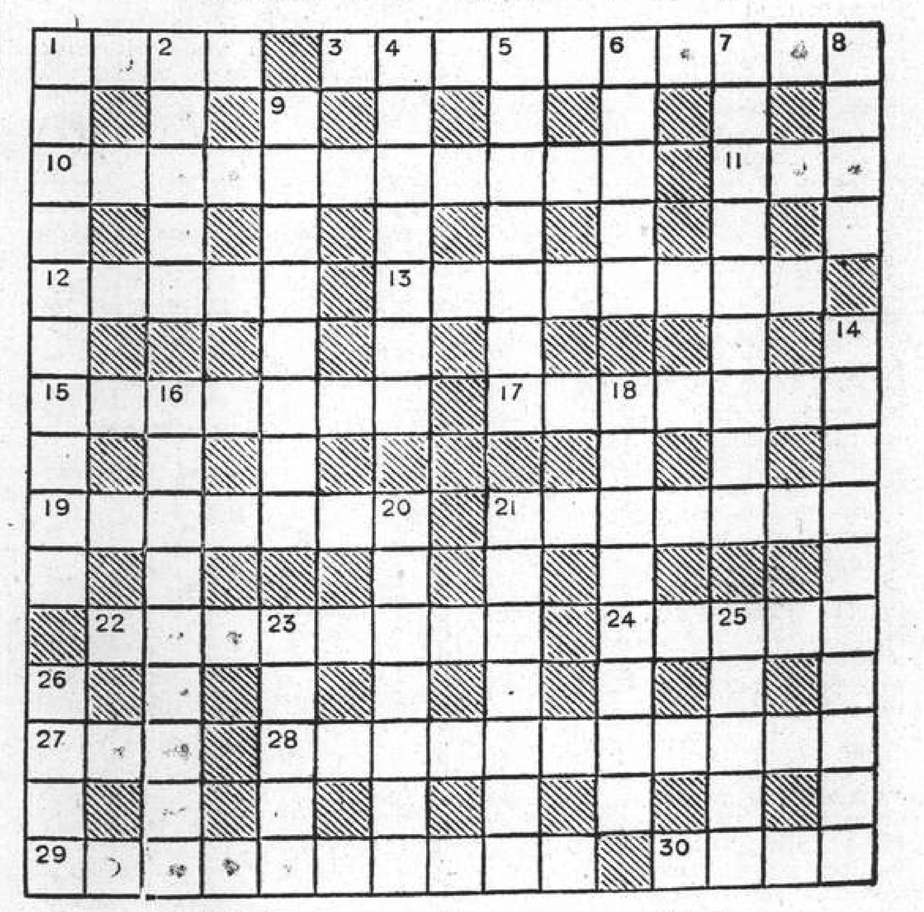
				S	T	E	E	L	Y	A	R	D

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 14



ACROSS

1 Not plain on green cloth for the player
3 Certainly the oldest inhabitants
10 A scolding often official
11 "....a sound Rings ever in her ears of —— men" (Tennyson)
12 Water-way of no current importance
13 What boys are often sent on (two words)
15 Only in name
17 Desirable place in rainstorm
19 At a guess this is the man to blame
21 Thus a mad dog acts
22 The soldier for a bodyguard?
24 Indian cart or bean
27 Opinion expressed from either side
28 Wanting in beauty of form
29 Regarded as 19
30 Fish to roast, perhaps

DOWN

1 Severity
2 Artist or writer
4 Used by the joiner
5 This we gain when amends are made
6 White of egg or something like it
7 Man on diet (anag.)
8 Swagger to right and left
9 Brutal use of force
14 Inspection of the brain shows it to be this (two words)
16 Essential to avoid these when reckoning up votes cast at elections
18 Exacerbate
20 Racy form in which to disport on the Isis
21 To give ease ere evil comes
23 Or Cephas
25 Mixed articles for Welsh town
26 In any surrounding it is a science

Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, October 11.		Reg.	Ord.
Formosa via Keelung		*19.00	7.30
Tinghai and Shenkiamen		9.30	10.00
Indo-China (Z) via Haiphong	A	—	—
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia		14.30	16.00
Chihwangtao		15.30	16.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. and India	BX	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	X	15.30	16.00
THURSDAY, October 12.			
Amoy Hongkong and Haiphong		*20.00	8.00
Fukien Province via Amoy		*20.00	8.00
Nantung		14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila	CX	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	X	15.30	16.00

* The night before.

A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 11th.
B Parcel mail for India, closes at 12.00 on 11th.
C Parcel mail for Holland, closes at 12.00 on 12th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z. Parcel mail only.
Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on Oct. 14.

Air Mails

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Oct. 13, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on October 25.
Air France per steamer on October 11, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per steamer to Hongkong.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and 12.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.
Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and West) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Pelping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatting, Kaigan Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao and Tungshan by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices west and north of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Hangchow 11.30 a.m. 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer, via Pacific, Oct. 15, due London Nov. 17.
Per steamer, via Suez, Oct. 18, due London Nov. 16.

Going Home?

Remember to advise us of your home address to substitute the *North-China Herald* for the *North-China Daily News*. Including postage $12 per quarter to any address in Europe or America. Telephone 11055 (Circulation).

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From OSLO			From GENOA		
Toulouse	18/8	22/10	Victoria	14/9	16/10
Tamerlane	20/9	30/11	Zuiderkerk	6/10	11/11
From ANTWERP			**From COLOMBO**		
Serooskerk	21/8	14/10	Yasukuni M.	7/10	20/10
Zuiderkerk	18/9	11/11	**From SOERABAYA**		
From LONDON			Tjisadane	29/9	17/10
Katori M.	1/9	15/10	Tjinegara	6/10	23/10
Yasukuni M.	15/9	20/10	**From MANILA**		
Kasima M.	29/9	7/11	Serooskerk	5/10	14/10
From MARSEILLES			Victoria	5/10	16/10
Kasima M.	6/10	7/11	**From HONGKONG**		
			See "China Ports" below.		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK			From HONOLULU		
P. Maersk	9/9	25/10	Tatuta M.	30/9	27/10
G. Maersk	23/9	10/11	**From HONGKONG**		
From PANAMA			See "China Ports" below.		
G. Maersk	4/10	10/11	**From NAGASAKI**		
From LOS ANGELES			Shanghai M.	11/10	12/10
P. Cleveland	18/9	15/10	**From KOBE**		
Pres. Pierce	2/10	25/10	Meerkerk	8/10	12/10
Pres. Maersk	30/9	25/10	**From KEELUNG (Formosa)**		
Tatuta M.	22/9	27/10	Tyosa M.	14/10	16/10
From SAN FRANCISCO					
Pres. Pierce	6/10	25/10			

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN			From MOMBASA		
Tegelberg	13/9	22/10	Tegelberg	1/10	22/10

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN			From HONGKONG		
Tsingtao M.	10/10	12/10	Katori M.	10/10	15/10

Vessels Leaving

STRAITS AND EUROPE

MEERKERK Oct. 13. ADEN, PORT SUDAN, PORT (Loading on Oct. 12). SAID, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM and ANTWERP.—The Holland East Asia Line s.s. Meerkerk sails from Shanghai on October 13. For passage and freight apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., General Agents, Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. 16247 (4 Lines). Passage Fare, Shanghai/Antwerp, Rotterdam, £102. 13-10

VICTORIA Oct. 19. TO NAPLES and GENOA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID.—Lloyd Triestino, 26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 18-10

Vessels Leaving

STRAITS AND EUROPE

TALLEYRAND. Oct. 19. ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, OSLO and GOTHENBURG DIRECT via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE and COLOMBO.—Motor vessel Talleyrand of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai for the above-mentioned ports on October 19. For freight or passage apply to Dodwell and Company, Limited, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 19-10

AMERICA

SOPHOCLES Oct. 17. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Maersk Line Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 17-10

Vessels Discharging

PENRITH CASTLE. The m.s. Penrith Castle, from New York via ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf at 9 a.m., 14th instant, when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11369. 12.10

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, Oct. 11, 1939 (29th day of 8th moon)	SICCAWEI			
	Oct. 9		Oct. 10	
	16.00	21.00	4.00	9.00
Barometer inches	30.00	30.00	29.96	30.01
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.01	—0.06	—0.07	—0.05
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.03	—0.06	—0.04	—0.01
Wind (direction)	NE/E	NE/E	NE/N	NE/E
" (miles per hour)	12.4	7.4	6.2	14.9
Temperature (Fahr.)	75.7°	70.5°	69.3°	74.7°
Humidity %	82	94	97	86
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	6	8	9
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report October 9	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.02	—0.01	30.07
Temp. Min. 66.°2 Max. 83.°5	74.°8	—0.°7	65.°5
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	37.27	—	39.24

Time and Tide	11/10	12/10	13/10	14/10	15/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.53	5.54	5.55	5.55	5.56
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.27	17.26	17.25	17.24	17.23
Moon rises at Shanghai	3.51	4.58	6.04	7.10	8.14
Moon sets at Shanghai	16.17	16.59	17.42	18.28	19.16
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	8.49	9.38	10.14	10.50	11.35
Ebb makes Shai. 6 to 18	14.00	14.53	15.36	16.10	16.39
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	10.35	11.13	11.49	12.30	13.05
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	10.30	11.50	11.96	12.00	11.22

The News of the Week

Complete and authentic in its statement of facts, not rumours; trenchant and witty in its cartoons and other features, and well illustrated by photographs — the "North-China Herald" is the newspaper to send to the family and friends abroad.

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Metropole Hotel, News Stand.
Palace Hotel Book Stall, Palace Hotel.

D. K. K.
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 12	Oct. 13 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 15	Oct. 16 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 17	Oct. 18 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 20	Oct. 21 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 23	Oct. 24 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 26	Oct. 27 at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
(Freight only)
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ss. YEKISHIN MARU Oct. 16
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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Tsima M.	Japan	—
Pelikan	Ningpo	Reuter B.
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Sanwa M.	Hankow	T.K.K.
Sandro Sandri	Tlungkong	Chu Foong
Liesel	Tlungkong	Chin Dah
Kiangting	Tlungkong	Foo Hwa
Hwaping	Tlungkong	Hwa Chung
H. Kiangnan	Hupukow	S. Guenter
Fengyang M.	River Ports	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Liesel	Ger.	Chin Dah
Anwoo	Chi.	Dah Hsing
Luise	Ger.	Keh Lee
H. Kiangnan	Ger.	S. Guenter
Ehime M.	Jap.	Y.K.K.
L. S. Loubert Bie	Fr.	M.M.
Lipari	Ital.	C.I.N.
Nantung M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Chingning M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hoten M.	Jap.	D.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	C.N.C.B. 1/2
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Tr.	15 P'toon
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

Explosion in British Ship

London, Oct. 10.

The Royal Mail line motor-ship Loch Goil, outward bound with cargo, was damaged off the English coast as the result of an explosion. None of the crew of 64 men was injured.—Reuter.

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	Tonnage	Leave Batavia 1939
ms. Dempo	17,000	Oct. 25
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Nov. 8
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Nov. 15
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Nov. 29
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Dec. 6
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Dec. 20
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Dec. 27
ms. Oranje (new vessel)	20,000	Jan. 2
ms. Dempo	17,000	Jan. 17
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Jan. 31
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Feb. 7
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Feb. 21
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Mar. 2

For further particulars apply to:
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
TATUTA MARU .... Oct. 28

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIKAWA MARU ..... Oct. 23
HIE MARU ..... Nov. 8

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
NAKO MARU ..... Nov. 4
AKAGI MARU ..... Nov. 14

Japan-Australia Line
via Manila
From Hongkong
KITANO MARU .... Oct. 28
KAMO MARU ..... Nov. 25

European Mail Line
Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Rotterdam via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon, Aden, Port Said.
*HAKUSAN MARU .... Oct. 17
HARUNA MARU .... Nov. 12
*Leave at 6 a.m. Wayside Wharf.

Bombay and Calcutta Line
Singapore, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta.
MATUE MARU ..... Oct. 24
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi.
ANYO MARU ..... Oct. 12
TOYAMA MARU .... Oct. 28

Kobe Express Service
KATORI MARU .... Oct. 19

Kobe Mozi & Yokohama
*KAMO MARU ..... Oct. 22
*(omit to call at Mozi)

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Pres. Pierce	Nov. 7	Nov. 9	Pres. Pierce	—	Jan. 3
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Amsterdam Learns of Bitter Resentment Among Balts

Nazi Reshuffling of Racial Germans May Be Carried Out in Balkans as Well as Baltics

Amsterdam, Oct. 9.

THE Nazi Reich's decision to repatriate all persons of German origin in the Baltic States was met with undisguised discontent by the people affected for in some cases they were compelled to leave homes established for 600 years and more, foreign observers said here today. Many of the Germans belong to that class of people known as the "Baltic barons," whose civilizing role among the Slav peoples of the north is frequently loudly proclaimed by Herr Alfred Rosenberg, official Nazi philosopher, in his "Myth of the 20th Century."

There are 62,000 Germans in Lithuania and 20,000 to 30,000 more in Estonia. Indignation among these people was declared to be raging high for not only did they not wish to leave their lands of birth, but considered as treachery Adolf Hitler's denial of the Reich's traditional policy in the German mission in East Europe. They were stated to be all the more angry because their place, their influence would be taken over by the Bolsheviks.

The Soviet Government, observers quoted these "Baltic Barons" as saying, was sending not only troops to the northern countries, but also commissars attached to the army divisions and charged with the moral supervision of the troops. In withdrawing her nationals from the Baltic region, Germany, the observers declared, showed that the nations concerned were to be completely and swiftly Bolshevised.

The Reich was in a hurry to pull out its people and was sending ships of the Strength Through Joy organization for this purpose, they pointed out.

Transfers from Russia

At the same time, Germany was busy evacuating some 90,000 Germans from those regions of Poland which have fallen to Soviet Russia. They were declared to be moved to German-occupied Poland, free of the Soviet propaganda that was already being spread in Russian-occupied Polish areas.

Berlin, it was stated, was also busy negotiating with Moscow for the exchange of German minorities in the Volga region for Ukrainians of Polish Galicia, which is under German control.

Adolf Hitler, observers asserted, appeared to be completely won over by the theories of the Nazi philosopher, Haufhoner. He was understood to have prepared a far-reaching plan for the wholesale reshuffle of German populations in the Danubian regions.

Czechs would apparently be sent to Russia and Germans from the Banat would take their place. Magyars in the Siebenburgen districts of Rumania would be sent to Hungary and Germans from Hungary would gradually settle down in Siebenburgen, where there are already a number of their fellow people.

German Corridor to Black Sea

Thus the Siebenburgen region of Rumania would become a strong German centre, the observers pointed out, and Germany would then seek to justify claims on this area on ethnical grounds.

Germany intended to justify her occupation of large portions of non-Germanic Poland by similar methods, transferring Germans from the Baltic States to Polish farms and moving the Poles to the Reich proper to work on German farms and in industrial plants.

The reshuffle of whole masses of people was to be undertaken for another reason, too, the commentators added. Germany, they said, felt that she must reassure her Balkan neighbours just as she did Italy last spring, when she recalled her minority from the South Tyrol.

Strong German minorities in Hungary, Rumania and Yugoslavia total some 2,000,000 people, some of them with a residence of six centuries in the lands of their adoption. These minorities have been a constant source of friction and suspicion, especially in Hungary, and their removal might ease German relations with the Balkan countries concerned.

The "Diplomatische und Politische Korrespondenz" presents this fact in the words: "Germany today has an urgent need of men to re-establish order in the eastern lands reconquered from Poland." The newspaper tried to present this argument as proof of Germany's "moderation" and "absence of imperialistic aims."—Havas.

U.S. Ambassador to Japan Returns

Arduous New Duties Await Mr. J. C. Grew Says "Japan Advertiser," U.S. Paper

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Mr. Joseph C. Grew, American Ambassador to Japan, returned here today, with Mrs. Grew, after a five-month vacation in the United States. They arrived in Yokohama in the N.Y.K. Tatuta Maru.

Commenting on Mr. Grew's return, the "Japan Advertiser," American-owned and managed daily, declared editorially today that the envoy's furlough was a well-earned rest for "it followed a long stretch of not the most pleasant of ambassadorial duties, the making of representations and protests regarding incidents and situations arising out of the hostilities in China."

"Equally arduous work awaits him," the newspaper said, remarking that while representations and protests seem to be fewer and farther between, there is an accumulation of past ones that require disposal.

Problem of Commercial Treaty

"Closely linked with this accumulation," the "Advertiser" said, "is the problem of what to do with the expiration in January of the basic Japanese-American treaty of Commerce and Navigation. Above these specific issues, too bulky to keep out of sight for very long, there is the general one of how to adjust Japanese-American differences regarding China or, at least, of how to prevent them from corroding further the relations between the two countries.

"The ambassador comes fresh from consultations with officials in Washington and, equally important, from contact with American public opinion.

"Here he will have to acquaint himself with changes that have occurred during his absence, there is a new cabinet with a Foreign Minister who has announced that he will make redoubled efforts in a more concrete manner to enlighten the United States.

"There is a change in the diplomatic outlook, caused by the Soviet-German rapprochement and the European War. There is a new confidence that the solution of the China Incident is nearer," the "Japan Advertiser" declared.—Domei.

War Cabinet Responsible For Co-ordination

Sir John Simon Chairman Of Economics Committee

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 9.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons this afternoon, the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, said that the responsibility for the co-ordination of all the branches of the nation's war effort rests with the War Cabinet as a whole. However, particular problems will be resolved through discussion between appropriate Ministers and the members of the War Cabinet.

In the case of economic and financial policy, he added, a Committee had been set up under the Chairmanship of Sir John Simon, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and composed of the Ministers concerned. The duty of this Committee is to co-ordinate and keep under review the activities of the departments in relation to the economic effort of the country as a whole. It is also responsible for the supervising of Anglo-French economic coordination, Mr. Chamberlain continued.

Under the Ministerial Committee, an Inter-Departmental Committee of officials has also been set up, over which Lord Stamp, who has been asked to assist the Committee as an advisor on economic coordination, will preside.

Regarding Anglo-French economic co-operation, arrangements already exist for discussion between the representatives of the two Governments on many common problems.—Reuter.

Queen Elizabeth Visits Mansion House

Workers Seen Engaged in Preparing Flag Day

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 9.

Queen Elizabeth paid a surprise visit to Mansion House yesterday.

Her Majesty talked to workers engaged there in preparations for today's Flag Day which will be the first national Flag Day since the beginning of the war. It is to be held in aid of the Red Cross and St. John Ambulance Society.—Reuter.

King Receives War Secretary

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 9.

The King today received the Secretary of State for War, Mr. Leslie Hore-Belisha, for an audience.—Reuter.

Mr. Hamilton Fish Said Leading Racket

Congress House Debate Enlivened by Accusations

Washington, Oct. 10.

A riproaring fight on the floor of the House of Representatives yesterday enlivened debate on the Administration's Neutrality Act Revisions Bill. In the House fight, Mr. Clifton A. Woodrum, Democratic Representative from Virginia, was pitted against Mr. Hamilton Fish, Republican Representative from New York.

Mr. Woodrum offered a resolution asking for a formal investigation of the organization which Mr. Fish established, called the "Committee to keep America out of Foreign Wars," which Mr. Woodrum called a "gigantic propaganda racket."

The Congressman from Virginia read newspaper dispatches recounting Mr. Fish's activities during a recent trip to Europe, and called attention to the fact that Mr. Fish had travelled to Berlin and Oslo, where he suggested a 30-day truce, in Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister's own personal plane.

The Congressman from New York replied to the bitter personal attack, charging that Mr. Woodrum had not served in the Great War, saying that he had "held a safe state job" in Virginia.

Mr. John Rankin, Democratic Representative from Mississippi, interrupted Mr. Fish, suggesting that "debate was useless."—United Press.

London Protecting Famous Statues

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 10.

The famous statue of Charles I in Trafalgar Square is being protected with sandbags as in the last war. Other well-known monuments are being removed or shielded, but the authorities have decided not to protect those comparatively easy to replace.—Reuter.

Sino-Japanese War On Various Fronts

Over 50 Planes in Raid on Szechuen Cities; Many Shansi Engagements

Chungking, Oct. 10.

The air raid alarm was sounded in Chungking at 9.25 a.m. today when over 50 Japanese planes, flying in three groups, were sighted heading up-river. Chinese pursuit 'planes immediately took off in readiness to engage the raiders, which, however, never approached Chungking.

The three Japanese squadrons turned to the south after entering Szechuen Province, bombing Yuyang, in southeastern Szechuen, on the new highway between Chungking and Changsha, which is situated near the Szechuen-Hunan border.

The "all-clear" was sounded in Chungking at 12.10 p.m.

It is reported that Japanese bombers also visited Chiangtsun, southwest of Chungking, while some raiders went as far as Tzeliutsing, a salt wells district in western Szechuen.—Reuter.

364 Engagements in Shansi

Taiyuan, Oct. 10.

Engaged in the mopping-up operations against Chinese forces in Shansi Province, Japanese forces fought an aggregate number of 72,000 opponents in 364 engagements during September. The Chinese abandoned 4,100 dead, while 680 were taken prisoners.

In addition, the Japanese captured seven trench-mortars and 90 shells; eleven heavy machine-guns and 3,500 rounds of ammunition; 22 light machine-guns and 1,500 rounds of ammunition; 24 automatic rifles and 1,200 rounds of ammunition; 670 rifles and 81,000 rounds of ammunition; 57 pistols and 500 rounds of ammunition; 2,100 hand-grenades; and large quantities of clothing, provisions, fodder, and communication apparatus.—Domei.

Mopping-Up in Kiangsi

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Japanese troops began mopping up operations against remnants of Chinese troops along the Siushui River in Kiangsi Province, according to field dispatches, Japanese quarters said today.

Japanese sources said the dispatches reported that Japanese units, which had already occupied Chatsin, on the Wuning-Changsha highway, were closing in on 5,400 Chinese troops east of Chatsin.—United Press.

Revolt Against Shekki Defenders

Hongkong, Oct. 10.

When gunfire was heard outside Shekki Chinese villagers rose against the defending troops and raised sun flags on hills round the city, the "Ta Kung Pao" said yesterday in a description of conditions before and after the fall of Shekki.

Seeing the flags, the Chinese believed the Japanese already had reached the city and much confusion ensued in the Chungshan capital, the paper said.

A revolt also took place inside the city, according to the report. When the Chinese were preparing to evacuate a sun flag suddenly appeared over the roof of a well known restaurant on the main street and from a window a machine-gun was fired at Chinese soldiers.

Infuriated by this surprise attack of a "traitor," the Chinese soldiers set fire to the restaurant, which was reduced to ashes, the report said.

Aiding infantry forces, aeroplanes incessantly attacked the city's military positions, Gen. Wu Fei's headquarters building was wrecked when hit by two bombs but he escaped death as he already has left the city. Gen. Chang Hui-chang, Vice-Commander of the district, was reported to have been seriously wounded by machine-gun fire from an aeroplane while he was retreating.—Domei.

Chinese Remnants Scattered

Canton, Oct. 10.

Chinese troops, concentrated in Changkiapien, northeast of Chungshan, were scattered by a Japanese joint land and air attack yesterday afternoon.

The Japanese offensive followed reports that Chinese troops, after retreating in great disorder when the Japanese encircled the walled city of Chungshan, had massed at Changkiapien.—Domei.

Shantung Guerillas Dispersed

Tsingtao, Oct. 10.

A Japanese naval landing party operating from Chefoo in the Shantung promontory with the assistance of a naval air unit completely mopped up guerillas about 40 km. southeast of Mowping in a three-day period beginning October 6, Japanese military authorities here stated today.

The Chinese lost 150 dead. The Japanese captured ten field guns, 90 land mines, 1,200 hand grenades, 100 boxes of petroleum, ten tons of heavy oil, and large quantities of other supplies.—Domei.

Dalai Lama Ceremony Of Enthronement

H.M., Chinese Governments Represented

New Delhi, Oct. 10.

The new Dalai Lama, a five-year old Chinese boy, has arrived in a State procession at Lhasa, capital of Tibet.

A solemn enthronement ceremony had been previously performed at Rigya, near Lhasa. It was attended by the Regent of Tibet, the Prime Minister and other members of the Cabinet, the Dalai Lama's parents, and a crowd of thousands.

Representatives of the British, Nepalese and Chinese Governments were also present.

After his arrival, the Dalai Lama visited the Cathedral and then proceeded to Norbhulingka Palace, his future residence, where a ceremony similar to that at Rigya was carried out.—Reuter.

Ad. Kondo Returns from Duty in South China

Moji, Oct. 10.

After serving nine months in the South China Seas, Vice-Admiral Mobutake Kondo, former Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese South China Sea Fleet, who has been ordered to report for duty with the Naval General Staff, arrived here at 7.30 a.m. in the N.Y.K. liner Yamato Maru. Vice-Admiral Kondo will reach Kobe tomorrow and arrive in Tokyo on Friday.—Domei.

U.S. Warships Patrol Where U-Boat Seen

No American Submarine Known to Be in Vicinity

Key West, Oct. 10.

The U.S. destroyer Reuben James commenced patrolling the waters where the non-American submarine was sighted yesterday west of Key West, it was announced today.

Three naval planes from the air base at Guantanamo island were expected to commence reconnaissance flights soon in co-operation with the destroyer.—United Press.

Submarine Tankers Sighted

Washington, Oct. 10.

United States Naval patrols sighted a comparatively small non-American submarine 20 miles west to Key West Sunday the White House announced yesterday. Two non-American tankers were seen in the same general vicinity, the White House said, but declined to elaborate.

Mr. Stephen Early, President Roosevelt's secretary, said there was a possibility that the U-boat was the same one sighted near Miami on Friday.

Navy officials declined to comment except to announce that no American submarine was in that area.—United Press.

Britain Ready to Buy Yugoslav Goods

Payment in Currency Instead Of Goods as Reich Offers

Belgrade, Oct. 9.

A boom was foreshadowed today in trade between Great Britain and Yugoslavia when Sir Ronald Campbell, British Minister here, called on the Economics Minister, M. Ivan Andres, to announce that Britain was ready to supply Yugoslavia with raw materials and to buy up her food surplus.

Official quarters emphasized that above all things, this country wished to remain neutral economically as well as financially. Financial and industrial circles admitted they would much prefer economic co-operation with Britain to that with Germany. London, they pointed out, could buy the same products as the Reich and would pay in currency instead of in kind, and, moreover, Britain could supply Yugoslavia with such materials as cotton, coffee and wool, which the Reich itself lacks.

German-Yugoslav trade parleys were understood to be continuing here today. A German delegation arrived here on September 28 and is still here.—Havas.

Cabinet Gives Nomura Free Hand in Rift

Determined to Settle the Gaimusho Staff Dispute

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, Foreign Minister, today was given a free hand by the Cabinet in bringing about a settlement of the dispute between him and the permanent staff of the Foreign Office over the proposed stablishment of a Ministry of Trade.

The Foreign Minister was understood to have assured his colleagues that he had informed the Gaimusho staff that no changes could be made to the plans for the new ministry adopted by the Cabinet last Tuesday.

Admiral Nomura, was further understood to have said that he had given the dissatisfied officials all the details on the plans for the new ministry.

Vice-Admiral Takuo Godo, I.J.N.R. Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, made a report on the Government's campaign to increase rice production at this morning's Cabinet meeting which lasted from 10.25 a.m. until noon.—Domei.

Portuguese Premier Remembers Alliance

Homage Paid to Heroic Polish Patriots

Lisbon, Oct. 9.

Portugal would not forget her obligations by alliance to Great Britain if the latter asked for their fulfillment, Dr. A. de Oliveira Salazar, Premier of the Portuguese Government, asserted today in a special message affirming his country's neutrality.

He refused to comment on the international situation, but paid homage to the Polish nation for its heroic sacrifices.

Portugal, he concluded, was ready to help in the attainment of peace if she were convinced that she could do so usefully. Peace would have to be based on security and justice.—Havas.

Americans Asked to Leave Ireland

Dublin, Oct. 10.

The United States Minister to the Irish Free Estate, Mr. John Cudahy, advised all Americans intending to leave Ireland to secure passage now, as there may not be any American vessels available in a short time. He stressed the advisability of Americans travelling on either American or neutral ships.—United Press.

New Italian Ambassador In Burgos

Burgos, Oct. 9.

General Gambara, leader of the Italian forces during the Civil War and newly-appointed Italian Ambassador to Spain, handed his credentials to General Franco yesterday. Following the ceremony, El Caudillo had a brief conversation with the envoy. Military honours were rendered the new Ambassador.—Havas.

CINEMA managers in Derby have arranged "staggered" closing times to avoid overcrowding the streets. All patrons of the cinemas have to carry a gas mask, and only alternate rows are occupied.

Positions Vacant

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YMCA Radio Courses. Radio operating class commencing October 16. Few vacancies left in technical class. Apply Foreign YMCA. Educational Department. -5441

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COMPLETE Commercial Course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, bookkeeping, correspondence, etc. Evening shorthand speed dictation. Special English class for beginners. Individual attention. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-Typist Academy, 173/301 Seymour Road. -4677

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VIENNESE lady, 32, lonely, wishes meet gentleman good education and social standing, for friendship. Box 3082, NCDN. -5476

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WANTED to purchase, one second-hand piano. Willing to pay best price. Address Box 2833, NCDN. -5009

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Miscellaneous

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POPLIN shirts made to measure, from $9. Silk shirts, $12.50. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11683

LADIES' worn hats, renovating, remodelling, perfectly done. Ladies' new model hats. Imported and by order. Prices very reasonable. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -4954

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